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ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH

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BAKER WANTS TO REPLY IN CONGRESS TO CHAMBERLAIN

Secretary of War Asks Oregon Senator to Arrange an Occasion for Statement.

SENATE INQUIRY RESUMED

Surgeon-General Gorgas Testifies as to Conditions in Camps He Inspected.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 25 (By A. P.).—Secretary Baker today asked Senator Chamberlain to arrange an occasion at which all members of Congress disposed to attend may do so and hear a statement in reply to the Senator's charges of inefficiency in the army.

Secretary Baker sent the following letter to the Senator:

"My dear Senator Chamberlain: The questions which have arisen with regard to the conduct of the war require an explicit statement from me for the information of your committee and generally for the information of Congress and the country.

"I feel that in justice I owe such a statement to the splendid officers and men of the army, who have forgotten themselves and labored with self-sacrifice and, as I think, success in the building of a great army.

"It is due also to the great number of men of business and men of affairs who have accepted the invitation of the War Department to come to Washington and who brought their business experience, their talents and their judgment to the work in hand. And, I think, the people of the country at large are entitled to have a summary of what has been done by America in the war.

"I, therefore, respectfully request that your committee arrange an opportunity for me to make such a statement and that the time and place be fixed so as to enable all members of the Senate and House of Representatives who are so disposed to attend.

"I shall be happy to be advised at your earliest convenience of the time and place."

Calling Surgeon-General Gorgas to tell of health conditions at the army camps, the Senate Military Committee today resumed its general war inquiry.

Senator Chamberlain asked him to give a general statement regarding conditions at camps he personally inspected.

"They were in general the same," Gen. Gorgas replied. "The camps sites generally were well selected. I think the drainage and care of the camps generally was good, certainly rendering the character of untold troops in them. As a general rule I think the sanitary conditions of the camps were good."

Gen. Gorgas said that not more than five men should be housed in the tents used in the camps. He had seen as high as nine living in one tent and had reports of 12. Such overcrowding for any length of time was dangerous, he said, and partly responsible for disease.

It was brought out through questioning by Senator McKellar that the hospitals usually were the last buildings finished at a new camp. Gen. Gorgas said he believed they should be the first.

JOHN L. JOHNSTON, BANK PRESIDENT, PUT IN CLASS 40

Claim Made He Is Indispensable to Work of Red Cross in This District.

John L. Johnston, president of the German Savings Institution, placed in class 40 by the District Appeals Board today. This class is composed of men who are sole directing heads of institutions necessary to the conduct of the war.

Mrs. Frank D. Hammar, president of the St. Louis chapter, American Red Cross, wrote to the board that Johnston was indispensable to the work of the Red Cross in this district and the success or failure of its future work here would rest on his executive ability.

Rodova Abeken, 214 Utah street, Superintendent of Public Recreation, was denied deferred classification by the district board and placed in class 40.

Abeken sought to be put in class 3 on industrial grounds, but his claim was denied because he is not an official but a city employee.

PERSHING REPORTS ANOTHER AMERICAN KILLED IN ACTION

Private Fred Thompson of Georgetown, Ill., Dies Jan. 23.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 25.—Gen. Pershing today reported another American soldier killed in action on Jan. 23, but gave no details.

The man killed was Private Fred P. Thompson, 115 at Georgetown, Ill. The death from meningitis of Nurse Florence Hinton, 1502 East Wood street, Decatur, Ill., also was reported.

SNOW AND COLDER TONIGHT; MUCH COLDER TOMORROW

THE TEMPERATURES.

Yesterday. High, 43 at 11 p. m.; low, 33 at 10 a. m. Official forecast of St. Louis and vicinity: Snow from tonight and tomorrow, colder tonight, becoming much colder tomorrow afternoon; the low temperature tonight will be about 24.

Missouri—Snow and colder tonight; tomorrow, snow and much colder; cold wave in north and central portion severe cold Sunday; increasing northerly winds.

Illinois—Increasing cloudiness, followed by snow late tonight or tomorrow; colder; much colder by Sunday.

Stage of river at 7 a. m., 5.4 feet, a rise of 2 feet.

DIMMED LIGHTS SENDING ST. LOUISANS HOME EARLY

Falling Off of Street Car Patronage After 10 p. m. Reported by U. S. Officials.

St. Louisans in increasing numbers, with no bright lights to lure them, are going to bed at 10 o'clock since Fuel Administrator Crossley dimmed the lights. At least they are staying at home. The falling off of street car patronage after 10 p. m. shows that, according to Bruce Cameron, superintendent of the United Railways Co.

The first few nights after last Friday, when the 10 o'clock closing went into effect, the travel between 10 and 11 o'clock was heavy and more cars were needed to carry the people home. About the third night the homeward loads began to get lighter, and they have been getting lighter and lighter.

Additional service was provided on all the lines from 10 to 11 when the order went into effect. Cameron says, and the process of adjustment is still under way, with five men out checking the travel every night.

PRESIDENT CANCELS MEETINGS AND STAYS IN STUDY TO WORK

Drops All Engagements for Afternoon, Including Gathering of Cabinet.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 25 (By A. P.).—President Wilson canceled all his engagements for this afternoon, including the cabinet meeting, and remained in the White House study to work.

There were no outward indications of whether the international situation or the attacks on the war department in Congress were engaging the President's attention.

MORE PORTUGUESE TROOPS HAVE ARRIVED IN FRANCE

New Contingent Has Just Been Landed to Aid the Allies.

PARIS, Jan. 25 (By A. P.).—A new contingent of Portuguese troops has just been landed in France.

HEALTH AMONG PERSHING'S MEN

WASHINGTON, Jan. 25 (By A. P.).—Health conditions among the American troops in France for the week ending Jan. 18 show only a slight change. The total of all men off duty for illness or injury whether their cases were serious enough for hospital treatment or not, was 53.1 per thousand, as against 54.1 the preceding week. It was 47.6 for all troops in the United States.

MOVIES OPEN NEXT MONDAY

The moving picture shows, which were closed last Monday and Tuesday, will hereafter be permitted to run every night until 10 o'clock, the same as theaters which play traveling companies. Billiard halls, bowling alleys and dance halls have the same privilege. The 10 o'clock closing time for drug stores, restaurants and saloons is to continue, as well as the rule against electric signs and all other superfluous illumination. Theaters and hotels are permitted to have one 150-watt light at the main entrance.

During 1917 the Post-Dispatch printed 69,930 Female Help Wanted ads—\$718 more than the POOR of St. Louis newspapers combined.

German Purposes Revealed— "Prepare for the Next War"

Lieut. Gen. Baron von Freytag-Loringhoven, Deputy Chief of the Great German General Staff, has just written a book called "Deductions from the World War" for private circulation among the Military and Junker Classes in Germany. It was never designed to reach the public, but a copy has been smuggled out of Germany and the Post-Dispatch and the New York World have come into possession of it.

Even more than Bernhardi's "Germany and the Next War" does it breathe the spirit of militarism and conquest. Freytag-Loringhoven sees Germany ruling the world and, though he admits peace without this end may have to be made now, yet he shows that Germany's ruling caste is fully determined to set about plans for the next war that cannot miscarry in bringing about Germany's aims.

No mere cavalry officer with a minor command like Bernhardi is Lieut. Gen. Baron von Freytag-Loringhoven. There are but three men in Germany who outrank him in military authority—the Kaiser, Hindenburg and Ludendorff. In this book he is the undoubted spokesman of these men. Besides giving for the first time a high German military criticism of the war, he records Germany's purposes in a way that will shock mankind which will discover that the military autocracy has learned nothing by 40 months of blood letting, that its dream is still as much of a menace as ever to world peace, civilization and democracy.

The Post-Dispatch will print a digest of this extraordinary book in four installments.

The First Installment Will Appear in Next Sunday's Post-Dispatch.

Order Your Copy Today.

CROSSLEY AGAIN URGES CLUBS TO CLOSE AT 10 P. M.

Adds He Has Authority to Exercise Compulsion, and "No One Is Bigger Than Government."

MODIFYING ORDER ISSUED

Provision Permitting Candy and Cigar Stores to Remain Open Till 10 Effective Tomorrow.

A warning to clubs which have disregarded requests to close their social functions not later than 10 p. m., as a fuel-saving measure, was issued today by State Fuel Administrator Crossley.

While not laying down any definite rule that the clubs must close at that hour, Crossley strongly urged them to do so, and added that the law gave him the authority to exercise compulsion, and that "no organization in St. Louis is bigger than the Government, and everybody, through co-operation or compulsion, will obey these rulings."

"While no strict order has been issued," Crossley said, "because many clubs are homes and places of habitation, we feel that a better feeling would obtain if every social organization in the city would close its grill rooms in accordance with the rules laid down for hotels and restaurants (10 p. m. closing)."

Entertainment Hour Changed. "I notice that the Century Boat Club has revised its plans for tomorrow night's entertainment, which is in striking contrast to the same club's action last Saturday night, when the rules of the Fuel Administration apparently were defied."

"No club or other social organization can afford to put itself in the attitude of ignoring a public policy which tends to relieve a situation so acute as is the present coal crisis. The attempted conservation is in the interest of our fighting forces, and every pound of coal we save will help to win the war. The value of coal is not a matter of dollars and cents, it is a matter of life and death."

A modified fuel-saving order, permitting candy, fruit and cigar stores to remain open until 10 o'clock every night, permitting all stores and office buildings to remain open until 10 on Saturday nights, and removing the requirement for Monday and Tuesday closing of moving picture shows and other amusement places, was issued today by Crossley. The new order goes into effect tomorrow morning.

MOVIES OPEN NEXT MONDAY

The moving picture shows, which were closed last Monday and Tuesday, will hereafter be permitted to run every night until 10 o'clock, the same as theaters which play traveling companies. Billiard halls, bowling alleys and dance halls have the same privilege. The 10 o'clock closing time for drug stores, restaurants and saloons is to continue, as well as the rule against electric signs and all other superfluous illumination. Theaters and hotels are permitted to have one 150-watt light at the main entrance.

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WASHINGTON SEES NO PEACE HOPE IN TEUTON SPEECHES

Count Von Hertling Regarded as More Militaristic Than When He Took Office.

NO SACRIFICE BY AUSTRIA

Creation of Buffer State Out of Ukraine Makes Her Renunciation Unimportant.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 25 (By A. P.).—Based on the short cable outlines of the speeches of the German and Austrian Premiers to their respective Parliaments, the opinion is expressed by officials here that no substantial advance toward the final peace sought by all belligerents has resulted from these declarations. It is true that expressions of Count Czernin, the Austrian Premier, appear to be more conciliatory in tone than previous utterances from that quarter, but beyond vague statements that the possibilities of peace negotiations are contained in the addresses of President Wilson and Premier Lloyd George, there is no suggestion of a surrender of any of the extreme contentions of the military elements in the Central states.

The German Chancellor's address, indeed, is couched in the language of a victorious General and it is noted that nowhere does he specifically abandon the claim for indemnity and territory. In fact, from the cable abstract, it appears that he has become even more uncompromising and militaristic in his position than he was when he assumed office and first addressed the Reichstag.

Making No Sacrifice. The renunciation by Count Czernin, the Austrian Premier, of any claim against Russia for indemnity or annexation, it is noted, does not extend to other nations. Considering that Germany has undertaken to dominate the Russian-Balkan provinces and that the Central Powers already have recognized the independence of Ukraine, thus constituting a buffer state between Russia and Austria, in large part it is easily perceived that Austria is making no special sacrifice in this renunciation. As for Poland, the declaration that the population would decide its own fate is read here in the light of the action already taken by the Central Powers to set up a sham kingdom of Poland, which in reality is nothing more than a dependency of Austria and Germany.

Attention has been directed to the fact that there is a striking resemblance between Von Hertling's statement that the terms outlined by President Wilson and Premier Lloyd George "contain certain principles which could be accepted by Germany, but the concrete proposals were unsatisfactory," and President Wilson's characterization of the terms proposed by the Central Powers, which, "as an outline of settlement which, if much less definite, seemed susceptible of liberal interpretation until their specific program of practical terms was added. That program presented no concessions at all, either to sovereignty of Russia or to the preferences of the population with whose fortunes it dealt but meant, in a word, that the empires were to keep every foot of territory their armed forces had occupied."

In making this comment, President Wilson suggested that the liberal statements of Germany who had conceived the first general principles of the peace offer had been overcome by the military leaders, when it came to a precise statement of aims and differences over Alsace-Lorraine.

That the sharp differences between the belligerents over Alsace-Lorraine continues, is evident from Chancellor von Hertling's speech, for his declaration that "there could be no talk of the cession of Alsace-Lorraine" is the answer to Lloyd George's demand that these provinces must be permitted to decide their own fate and to President Wilson's statement that "the wrong done to France by Prussia in 1871 in the matter of Alsace-Lorraine . . . should be righted."

While Count von Hertling appears to commend President Wilson's declaration in favor of freedom of the seas, he passes without comment over the very important condition in Mr. Wilson's statement which demands such freedom to nations which may break treaties and require punishment by other nations. This condition was expressly framed to meet the case of a country like Germany, which brings on an unjust war and therefore denies Von Hertling's demand for free navigation, "during time of war as well as in peace."

The German Premier's conclusion statement that the question of Russian evacuation concerns only Germany and Russia is in direct conflict with President Wilson's sympathetic expressions in regard to Russia as well as his precise demands that the people of occupied territories may arrange their own future.

VON HERTLING OUTLINES GERMAN PEACE CONDITIONS; COUNT CZERNIN SUGGESTS EXCHANGE OF VIEWS

AUSTRIA AND U. S. VIRTUALLY IN AGREEMENT ON PRINCIPLES

Premier Tells Reichstag Basis Might Be Found for Conciliatory Discussion by All of the States at War Not Yet Reached.

Still Favors No-Annexation, No-Indemnity Policy and Further Dealing With Russia.

LONDON, Jan. 25 (By A. P.).—Austria has decided to continue peace negotiations with Russia on the basis of no annexations and no indemnities, according to a Vienna dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph Co., quoting from Count Czernin's address before the Reichstag.

"I demand from Russia not a meter of territory, not a centime of indemnity," the Foreign Minister is quoted as having said, "and peace can be obtained if Russia maintains the same standpoint, as she evidently intends to do."

Comments Wilson's Recent Address. Referring to President Wilson's recent address Count Czernin said: "I acknowledge that his tone is now different from what it was when he attempted, by his reply to Pope Benedict, to sow dissension between the German Government and the German people and this has been of good effect."

"There is no longer talk about the autocratic suppression of the German people by the Government and his former attacks on the House of Hohenzollern are not repeated."

"It is obvious to me," said Count Czernin, "that an exchange of views between America and Austria-Hungary might form the starting point for a conciliatory discussion among all states which have not yet entered into peace negotiations."

Agrees With U. S. on Many Points. Commenting on the 14 points in President Wilson's war aims speech, Count Czernin said, according to an Exchange Telegraph dispatch from Copenhagen, that Austria-Hungary and America were virtually in agreement regarding the great principles for new arrangements after the war.

Austria-Hungary and America, Count Czernin said, were two belligerents whose interests were less incompatible than they seemed. He characterized the speech of President Wilson regarding war aims as an important advance toward the Austro-Hungarian viewpoint, which contained some proposals in which Austria-Hungary would gladly join.

The Foreign Minister said the population of Poland would decide its own fate. The Polish question must not delay peace one day. If Poland, after the war, wished to advance toward Austria-Hungary, such an advance would be welcomed.

Interpretations of the right of free action of peoples had caused a difference between Russia and Germany, said Count Czernin, but a compromise must be reached. The differences of view were not great enough to justify abandonment of the peace negotiations.

The Minister described the difficulties attending the peace negotiations at Brest-Litovsk. Count Czernin said that the publication of the daily proceeding of the conference caused nervousness among the people behind the front.

Count Czernin declared that he considered President Wilson's last propositions regarding peace as showing a perceptible approach to the Austro-Hungarian point of view.

On Preliminaries to Peace. There were, he said, several points to which Austria-Hungary joyfully could subscribe, but that the following principle first must be laid down: "That where these propositions concerned Austria-Hungary's allies, as in the case of Germany in Belgium or Turkey, Austria-Hungary would fight to the end and for the defense of her allies."

"Poland ought freely and without influence choose her lot," said Count Czernin.

He declared that he would gladly have seen Poland take part in the peace negotiations, for he considered Poland an independent state, but the Russian Government did not recognize the present Polish Government's qualification to speak in the name of Poland, so he had not insisted, in order to avoid a conflict.

Count Czernin explained Germany's unwillingness to evacuate occupied territories before a popular vote was taken, because such evacuation would break up the organizations, communications, industries and administrations which are in German hands, with the result of producing anarchy and utter misery. Negotiations, declared the Minister, need time, and he added: "When we have reached peace with Russia, general peace cannot long be prevented, despite the efforts of the entente statesmen."

Disagrees on Some Points. Count Czernin declared that he must politely but categorically refuse President Wilson's advice on Austria-Hungary's internal administration. There was no parliament more democratic than Austria's, he said. The Foreign Minister said he did not object to the suppression of secret diplomacy, especially if that meant the suppression of secret treaties.

President Wilson's article on the freedom of the seas, said Count Czernin, was an absolutely satisfactory article against a future economic war and was just and reasonable. He expressed gratitude for the demand for general disarmament, which was in line, he said, with his own previous declarations.

The Foreign Minister invited President Wilson to use his great influence to induce the Entente Allies to declare the conditions on which they were willing to talk.

Suggests Basis of Peace Talk. President Wilson's idea of a league of nations, according to Count Czernin, probably would encounter no opposition in Austria-Hungary. He explained his agreement on the essentials of this, saying: "Austria-Hungary, like the United States, is composed of groups of states with no opposing interests, a fact which invites the question whether an exchange of ideas between these two Powers could not form the starting point for a personal conversation between all the states which have not yet entered into negotiations for peace."

President Wilson's 14 Conditions Precedent to World Peace and Von Hertling's Replies to Them

WILSON'S CONDITIONS. HERTLING'S REPLIES.

1—Open covenants of peace without private international understandings.

2—Freedom of the seas in peace or war except as they may be closed by international action.

3—Removal of all economic barriers and establishment of equality of trade conditions consenting to peace and associating themselves for its maintenance.

4—Guarantees for the reduction of national armaments to the lowest point consistent with domestic safety.

5—Imperial adjustment of all colonial claims upon the principles that the peoples concerned have equal weight with the interest of the government.

6—Evacuation of all Russian territory and opportunity for Russia's political development.

7—Evacuation of Belgium without any attempt to limit her sovereignty.

8—All French territory to be freed and restored and the wrong of France by the taking of Alsace-Lorraine to be repaired.

9—Readjustment of Italy's frontiers along clearly recognizable lines of nationality.

10—Freest opportunity for the development of the people of Austria-Hungary.

11—Evacuation of Serbia, Rumania, Montenegro, guarantee of political and economic independence and integrity of territory.

12—Secure sovereignty for Turkey's portion of the Ottoman Empire, but with other nationalities under Turkish rule assured security of life and opportunity for autonomous development, with the Dardanelles permanently open to all nations.

13—Establishment of an independent Polish state, including territories inhabited by indisputably Polish populations with free access to the sea and political and economic independence and territorial integrity guaranteed by international covenant.

14—General association of nations under specific covenants for mutual guarantees of political independence and territorial to large and small states alike.

"An agreement can be obtained without difficulty on the first four points!"

"Regarding the fifth point mentioned by President Wilson, some difficulty would be met with."

"The evacuation of Russian territory is a question which concerns only Russia and the Central Powers."

"Germany has never demanded the incorporation of Belgian territory by violence."

"Germany does not wish annexations by violence but the question of the restoration of Northern France can be discussed only by France and Germany. Alsace-Lorraine is almost purely German territory and there can be no talk of its cession. When Germany in 1870 claimed the land originally wrong from her, it was not the conquest of alien territory but today is called disannexation."

"The question of the readjustment of Italy's boundary is one for Austria to determine."

"This is a point for the determination of Austria-Hungary alone, except insofar as German interests are at stake."

"The evacuation of Serbia and Montenegro is a question for Austria-Hungary alone to determine, subject of course, to German interests."

"We shall not forestall Turkey's attitude towards point 12 in Mr. Wilson's address, but the integrity of Turkey and the safety of her capital are closely connected with the question of the Straits which is of important vital interest to Germany."

"The fate of Poland will be decided by Germany and Austria-Hungary."

"Germany will be ready to take up the question of a league of nations to enforce peace after the other issues of the war shall have been settled to her satisfaction."

CHANCELLOR ACCEPTS FIRST FOUR WILSON CONDITIONS

Declines to Discuss Cession of Alsace-Lorraine; Would Take Up Situation in Northern France With France.

Contents That Evacuation of Russian Territory Is Question for Russia and Central Powers.

BERLIN, Thursday, Jan. 24, via London (By A. P.).—Commenting on the 14 points in the program for world peace set forth in President Wilson's address to Congress, Chancellor von Hertling in his address to the main committee of the Reichstag today said an agreement could be obtained without difficulty on the first four points.

Regarding the fifth point mentioned by President Wilson, the Chancellor said some difficulties would be met with.

Regarding points 9, 10 and 11 in President Wilson's speech, Count von Hertling said he must leave the answer in the first place to Austria, but that where German interests were concerned they would be defended energetically.

Germany never demanded the incorporation of Belgian territory by violence, the Chancellor asserted. He said the fate of Poland would be decided by Germany and Austria-Hungary. When all other questions had been settled, he said, Germany would be willing to discuss the question of a league of peace.

The Chancellor declared that Germany did not wish annexations by violence, but that the question of Northern France could be discussed by France and Germany.

He asserted there could be no talk of the cession of Alsace-Lorraine.

Hertling said he would not forestall Turkey's attitude towards point 12 in Mr. Wilson's address, but he added that the integrity of Turkey and the safety of her capital were connected with the question of the Straits, which was of important vital interest to Germany.

The Chancellor demanded that the leaders of the nations at war with Germany set forth new proposals. The terms outlined by President Wilson and Premier Lloyd George contained certain principles which could be accepted by Germany, he said, but the concrete proposals were unsatisfactory.

He said that the evacuation of Russian territory was a question which only concerns Russia and the Central Powers.

The Chancellor said the question of limitation of armaments was open to discussion. He added that financial position of all European countries after the war would probably operate most effectively for the solution of the problem.

Count von Hertling contended that Alsace-Lorraine was almost purely German territory, which had been wronged from Germany by violence. When Germany, in 1870, claimed the land "thus originally wrong from her," it was not the conquest of alien

37 More St. Louisans Pass Aviation Service Tests

THIRTY-SEVEN more St. Louisans, who have passed examinations and been recommended as candidates for commissions in the Aviation Section of the Signal Corps, are:

Adachi, Isaac, 4543 Newberry terrace.
 Adams, Cyril M., 5728 Clifton.
 Becker, Julius H. F., 5727 Delmar.
 Bohan, William P., 5102A Adelaide.
 Casey, Jerome S., 3804 North Sarah.
 Clark, Gillespie G., 4927 Washington.
 Cole, Ernest Jackson, 3705 Lindell.
 (Non-flying).
 Copeland, George H., 4528 S. Broadway.
 Cornwell, Frederick J. Jr., 5909 Clemens.
 Crisp, Walter R. U. S. Air Corps, 3804 North Sarah.
 Dodd, Raymond M., 8 North Euclid.
 Douglas, Francis P., 4305 Delmar.
 Fischer, Ralph W., 4944 Forest Park.
 Franey, Joseph E. F., 3829 Washington.
 Gamaech, Julian E., 6234 Vernon.
 Johnson, John D. Jr., Webster Groves.
 Haines, Allen K., 5795 Berlin.

on these matters and on the occasion of new expenditure on armaments, pointed out that the German people, in consenting to these, solely desired to pursue a policy of peace and such armaments were only imposed upon us to ward off the danger threatening from a possible enemy. It doesn't appear that any regard was paid to these words abroad.

Views as to Alsace-Lorraine. "And Alsace-Lorraine, of which Lloyd George speaks again. He said that the German people did in 1871 to France. Alsace-Lorraine you need not be told, but abroad they appear still to be ignorant of things. Alsace-Lorraine composes, as is known, for the most part, purely German regions which by a century long of violence and illegality, were severed from the German empire and until finally in 1871 the French re-annexed. Alsace and Lorraine then became provinces.

"When, in the war of 1870, we demanded back the districts which had been criminally wrested from us, that was not a conquest of foreign territory but, rightly and properly speaking, what today is called disannexation, and this disannexation was then expressly recognized by the French National Assembly, the constitutional representative of the French people at that time, March 28, 1871, by a large majority of votes."

Analyses President's Address. Referring to President Wilson's address, the Chancellor said: "I shall not enlarge upon the distorted representation of German policy which is contained in Mr. Wilson's message, but will deal in detail with the points which Mr. Wilson lays down there, not less than 14 points, in which he formulates his peace program and I pray your indulgence in dealing with these as briefly as possible.

"The first point is the demand that there shall be no more secret international agreements. History shows it to be, above all others, who would be able to agree to the publication of diplomatic documents. I repeat that our defensive alliance with Austria-Hungary was known to the whole world from 1882, while the offensive agreement of the enemy states first saw the light of publicity during the war, through the revelations of the secret Russian archives. The negotiations at Brest-Litovsk are being conducted with full publicity. This proves that we are quite ready to accept this proposal and declare publicly negotiations to be a general political principle.

For Freedom of Shipping, Too. "In his second point Mr. Wilson demands freedom of shipping on the seas in war and peace. This also is demanded by Germany and the first and one of the most important requirements for the future. Therefore there is no difference of opinion. The limitation introduced by Mr. Wilson at the end, which I need not quote textually, is not intelligent, appears superfluous and would therefore best be left out. (The limiting clause reads: "Except as the seas may be closed in whole or in part by international action for the enforcement of international conventions.")

"None So Blind as Those That Will Not See"

Six days out of seven, year in and year out, this space has demonstrated in figures, that our Home-Merchants place 3 and often 4 times as much advertising in the Post-Dispatch alone as they do in the other newspapers all added together.

These advertisers have their eyes wide open and know by experience the enormous selling-power of "St. Louis' One Big Newspaper."

Mr. Non-Advertiser, don't be blind to your own interests. The Post-Dispatch will sell your merchandise also.

Home-Merchants' Advertising, Thursday Jan. 24:

POST-DISPATCH alone.....74 cols.
 All 4 of the "others" combined.....83 cols.

The Post-Dispatch lacked but 9 cols. of equalling the Globe-Democrat, Republic, Star and Times all 4 added together.

Why?

Quality and Quantity Circulation

Average for entire year 1917:

Sunday, 361,263 | Daily and Sunday, 194,593

92% weekday in St. Louis and Suburbs.

MOUNT DID NOT KILL ANYONE, SAYS CIRCUIT ATTORNEY

Identity of Man Who Shot Two Gunmen in Saloon Is Known, He Declares.

The grand jury this afternoon began an investigation of the shooting in Joseph L. Mount's saloon, 1515 Market street, Tuesday afternoon, in which Mount and two armed invaders, Thomas Tarry and William Moran, were killed. Circuit Attorney McDaniel today told a Post-Dispatch reporter he would present evidence that the shooting was for purposes of robbery and that it was not Mount, but another man whose identity is known, who shot Tarry and Moran.

It was learned that James (Spot) Regan, who refused, on advice of counsel, to testify at the inquest yesterday, will not be a witness before the grand jury. Regan, a close friend of Mount, was in the saloon when the shooting occurred.

After the shooting a blue steel revolver, not owned by Mount, was found on the bar. It was of the same caliber as the one used in killing Tarry and Moran, but of smaller caliber than Mount's weapon.

Open Verdict at Inquest. The Coroner's jury today returned an open verdict that Mount, Tarry and Moran were killed by a person or persons unknown to the jury.

The Circuit Attorney said the first witness at the grand jury investigation would be a man who testified at the Coroner's inquest yesterday, but, because of fear, did not at that time tell all he knew. This man, he said, was in a position to tell who shot Tarry and Moran.

Detectives announced they had received information that Tarry and Moran had a grudge against Mount of sufficient gravity to indicate that they went to the saloon for the purpose of "getting" him. According to this information, Tarry and Moran recently gave a politician \$40 to obtain a parole for a friend of theirs who was in the workhouse. The politician is alleged to have told them he gave the money to Mount, in consideration of which Mount was to use his influence in obtaining the parole.

According to the information, the man was not paroled and when they asked the politician to explain this, he told them he gave the money to Mount and added that it was possible Mount had put the money in his pocket and "double-crossed" them.

Hears of Another Dispute. The Circuit Attorney said he also had heard this story and had been told of another dispute which Mount had with the gangsters and in connection with which they had accused him of not "toting fair" with them.

Detectives are considering the possibility that the shot which killed Mount was not fired from the cigar stand at the front end of the saloon, but from a point at the other end of the room. They based this on the fact that Mount was shot in the left side of the head. If he had been facing the bar, as some witnesses said, a shot from the cigar stand would have struck him on the right side.

Accounts have differed as to the position in which Mount was standing when he was shot. One witness said that after firing his revolver twice he turned around, facing the bar. This would have put the left side of his head toward the cigar stand.

Though witnesses at the inquest testified that the armed invaders on entering cried "Hands up," the Circuit Attorney said that the shot which killed Mount was not fired from the cigar stand at the front end of the saloon, but from a point at the other end of the room. They based this on the fact that Mount was shot in the left side of the head. If he had been facing the bar, as some witnesses said, a shot from the cigar stand would have struck him on the right side.

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New York Papers to Raise Their Price to Two Cents Tomorrow.

NEW YORK, Jan. 25. BEGINNING tomorrow all 1-cent New York and Brooklyn newspapers, both morning and afternoon, will be sold for 2 cents a copy in New York City and suburban districts. The price on railroad trains and elsewhere throughout the United States will be 3 cents a copy.

The price of the Sunday editions will continue to be 5 cents a copy. All morning papers announce the move today.

The New York Evening Post announced that, beginning Monday, the price per copy would be 2 cents. Heretofore it has been 3 cents. "The Evening Post" has been the only 3-cent daily newspaper in Manhattan for some time. The price of the Saturday edition will remain unchanged at 5 cents a copy.

Deputy Denies Report. Investigation of a report that two deputy sheriffs and three deputy city marshals were in the saloon at the time of the shooting brought a formal report from Deputy Sheriff Rudolph Lang this morning that he and the other officers were not there at the time, but went there when they heard of the shooting and reached there before policemen arrived. They said three deputy marshals also arrived after the shooting.

As has been told the saloon, across the street from the Municipal Court Building and city hall, was owned in partnership by Mount and Gus Baur, a member of the Board of Aldermen, and was a place where politicians, office holders and court hangers-on met for the exchange of political news and favors.

PACKERS' EFFORTS TO AVERT FEDERAL INQUIRY REVEALED

Files of Swift & Co. Show Close Touch Was Maintained With Affairs in Capital.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 25. (By A. P.).—How the packers worked against Federal investigation of their industry, as proposed in Congress during 1916, and how they kept in touch with political affairs in Washington in an effort to forestall passage of investigation resolutions was disclosed today by documents from the files of Swift & Co., read into the record of the Federal Trade Commission's inquiry.

The name of Senator Wadsworth of New York, who, Francis J. Heney said, is listed as a stockholder in Swift & Co., was brought into the testimony in a letter from Louis F. Swift appealing for help "in connection with a matter which is pending in Congress."

A report on the situation signed by R. C. McManus, J. M. Chaplin and A. D. White of Swift & Co.'s legal staff, and which was sent to G. F. Swift Jr., H. H. Swift and other officers of the firm, said: "We believe the situation to be serious and recommend that every effort be done in every direction to head off the present movement. We believe that as it stands today nothing could stop criminal prosecutions."

Borland Is Mentioned. The following points were declared by the report to be in favor of the packers:

"This administration has not disturbed business by prosecution and does not wish to be known as appealing to the mob spirit. It does not wish to spend money, as its revenues are in bad shape. It must come before the corporations for power."

M'ADOO AID SAYS USE OF BRIDGES UP TO RAILROADS

Regional Director, at Chicago Conference With St. Louis, Declines to Take Up Question

By a Staff Correspondent of the Post-Dispatch.

CHICAGO, Jan. 25.—After conferring for two hours this morning with a party of St. Louis city officials headed by City Commissioner Dues, R. H. Ashton, Regional Director of Railroads at Chicago under Director-General McAdoo, declared that he would not consider the question of the use of the free bridge in the government and advised the St. Louis officials to take the question up direct with the railroad which could use the bridge.

The conference was the result of a letter received last Wednesday by Mayor Kiel from McAdoo, in which the Director-General pointed out that negotiations for the use of the free bridge could be continued with the railroad themselves. In the letter McAdoo suggested the situation could be taken up with Director Ashton, if any difficulties arose.

It was then decided to place the whole free bridge situation before the refusal of Director Ashton to consider the matter leaves the bridge situation just as it was before the Government assumed control of the railroads.

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America's Heatless "Holidays"

While the New York World calls Fuel Commissioner Garfield's conservation order the "greatest disaster that has befallen the United States in this war," and other journals are equally emphatic in condemning it, many other American newspapers view the action with tolerance, as being a necessary war measure, the Boston Herald declaring that "we should not criticize military orders no matter how needlessly sweeping they seem, and in the same spirit we approach these provisions for the conservation of our resources."

"The port of New York is part of the battle-line," says Public Service Commissioner Whitney of New York, in the Times, "and the people should realize this as clearly as if the battle-line lay in the Connecticut Valley. The coal situation is exceedingly critical and it is no time for public officials to rock the boat."

In THE LITERARY DIGEST for January 26th, public opinion, as reflected in the newspaper press from all sections of the country, is presented in the leading article dealing with Commissioner Garfield's drastic coal conservation order.

All phases of the subject are dwelt upon in this article, and a careful reading of it will make clear to the American people just why this order was necessary, how it will be carried out, and what its probable effects will be.

Other topics of pressing interest in this number of "The Digest" are:

British Labor's Appeal to the German People
 "Peoples of Central Europe," British Labor Entreats, "Do Not Let Your Governments Drive the British People, As They Are Driving the Russian People, Into the Terrible Choice Between Continuing the War and Abandoning the Only Principles That Can Save the World."

The Call for a War Lord
 Both Sides Veto President's "Free Sea" Plan
 The Next Battle-Thrust
 "U" Boats as Peace Arguments
 Are Engineers Narrow-Minded?
 Triumph of Secretary Daniels
 Thumbs Up for Mathematics
 The Fallacy of Cost Plus 10%
 Plot Failures in Great Fiction
 A Man Who Thinks We Can Pray the Kaiser Off His Throne

Many Interesting Illustrations

"The Digest" a Beacon to Puzzled News-Seekers

In the darkness of night, amid the quicksands and rocks that beset the coasts of the world, many a ship would be lost but for the guiding flare of the lights that the ingenuity of man has placed everywhere for the service of sailors. For the bewildered citizen, battling in the deep waters of politics in these dark days of world-wide storm and stress, urged hither and thither by the thousand contrary currents of

shifting opinion, one steady beacon shines aloft, to direct him to the calm haven of sound judgment—THE LITERARY DIGEST. This great news-magazine, unaffected by the winds or waves of opposing ideas, gathers up for you the vital substance of the world's news, using every source impartially, and makes of it an illuminating beam of world-information. Get into the circle of its radiance today and know the truth.

January 26th Number on Sale Today---All Newsdealers---10 Cents

The Literary Digest

FUNK & WAGNALLS COMPANY (Publishers of the Famous New Standard Dictionary), NEW YORK

ENEMY OUT ALLIES IN REPINGTON

German Have 10 on Main Front Increase Number Military Critics

American Army Be Contingent Next Few Weeks He Asserts.

Says British Casualties Disparagements 870,000 Men

Special Cable to the and New York LONDON, Jan. 24.

article on the military France, Col. Repington, the Times, makes his case as the military Morning Post. He says: "I have some thing to say to the public and I think it is my duty to say it. The Germans now have 165 divisions in the already more divisions from front than we have. These 165 divisions are at the rate of 200,000 men a month, and within the time to state them."

(While a German strength was 14,000 war, one of the forestary authorities report that a division of more than 12,000 men they ranged from 70,000 to 100,000 men, depending on whether or three regiment of the German the best of the German western front, a Repington's figure, 900,000.)

"Nobody outside headquarters knows their plan is to use a massive force is actually purpose of supporting operations or for a given point to the importance of great at case our business for it."

Year of R great trial of nerve government and people armies is at hand, either Belgium or France increase their cons armies. Italy is herself and should stand a purely a May.

"American troops in as has some foretold, but I feel Bridges must have Cabinet a pretty The American contingent during months, and this is sun why in this place every available field."

"The French army historic and martial to tell the people particularly those who bleed about of total casualties in and missing since but little higher than French dead."

"Our valiant France have not maintained and re- Kitchen's death, contrary to all predictions have scattered about the world, a crisis is coming to have to pay for it."

"I give to you first place among have brought about local situation on Not a single train soldier that I know fatal diversion of sent by our adv danielles, Saloniki Mesopotamia."

"Only second in the crisis I place war cabinets, and present Cabinet, strength of our and to prolong the of continually re- fresh divisions."

"I regard Sir cent statements that not reach him in trained and that I divisions with the most damaging War Cabinet have made."

"I rejoiced when came Prime Minister thought it meant prosecution of the early the ultimatum to 4,000,000 men civil life in the U meant nothing of I went out to fighting, and I feel that our make a plate and the allow proper allied plan of No been put aside a forced by d

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ENEMY OUTNUMBER ALLIES IN WEST, REPINGTON SAYS

Germans Have 165 Divisions on Main Front and Will Increase Number to 200, Military Critic Declares.

American Army Can Only Be Contingent During Next Few Critical Months, He Asserts.

Says British Cabinet Has Always Dispatched Reinforcements Too Late—870,000 Men Needed Now.

Special Cable to the Post-Dispatch and New York World.

LONDON, Jan. 24.—In a striking article on the military situation in France, Col. Repington, formerly of the Times, makes his first appearance as the military critic of the Morning Post. He says:

"I have some things to say to the public and I am going to say them without mincing matters because they concern the safety of our country and the success of our cause. The Germans now have accumulated 165 divisions in the west and have already more divisions on the main front than all the allies combined, excluding the Italian theater. These 165 divisions are being increased at the rate of seven to 15 divisions a month, and may be expected to grow to 200 or 220 divisions within the time taken to concentrate them.

(While a German division at full strength was 14,000 earlier in the war, one of the foremost French military authorities recently estimated that a division did not now total more than 12,000 men. He said that they ranged from 7000 to 12,000, depending on whether they were two or three regiment divisions. Giving the Germans the benefit of the 12,000 to a division, their strength on the western front, according to Col. Repington's figures, would be 1,980,000.)

"Nobody outside German main headquarters knows for certain what their plan is and whether this immense force is accumulating for the purpose of supporting peace negotiations or for a grand attack, but certainly all the evidence I can obtain points to the impending delivery of a series of great attacks and in any case our business is to be prepared for it.

Year of Decision.

"It is a year of decision and a great trial of nerves and courage of governments, peoples, and armies is at hand. We cannot expect either Belgium or Portugal can much increase their contingents with our armies. Italy is rapidly recovering itself and should be able to withstand a purely Austrian attack in May.

"American troops are not coming in as has some sanguine estimates forecast, but I feel sure that Gen. Pershing must have given the War Cabinet a pretty accurate forecast. The American army can only be a contingent during the next few months, and this is all the more reason why in this year 1918 we should place every available man in the field.

"The French armies retain all their historic and martial qualities. I want to tell the people of England and particularly those ministerial politicians who blab about our losses, that our total casualties in killed, wounded and missing since the war began are but little higher than the number of French dead.

"Our valiant British armies in France have not been adequately maintained and reinforced since Lord Kitchener's death. Our War Cabinet, contrary to all principles of strategy, have scattered our available forces about the world, and now that the crisis is coming in France we shall have to pay for these mistakes.

"I give to political strategy the first place among the causes which have brought about the present critical situation on the western front. Not a single trained and competent soldier that I know has approved the fatal dispersion of our forces represented by our adventure at the Dardanelles, Saloniki, Palestine and Mesopotamia.

"Only second among the causes of crisis I place the failure of our War Cabinet, and particularly of the present Cabinet, to maintain the strength of our armies in the field and to prolong the Kitchener policy of continually reinforcing them with fresh divisions.

"I regard Sir Douglas Haig's recent statements that his drafts did not reach him in time to be properly trained and that he had to fight 131 divisions with half that number as the most damaging indictment of the War Cabinet that any man could have made.

"I rejoiced when Lloyd George became Prime Minister because I thought it meant a more vigorous prosecution of the war and particularly the utilization of the 5,000,000 of 1,000,000 men of military age in civil life in the United Kingdom. It meant nothing of the sort.

"I went out to France to see the fighting, and I found then and later that our ranks always were incomplete and the divisions too few to allow proper relief and rest. The allied plan of November, 1916, had been put aside and Gen. Haig had been forced by order of the British

Humor From the Trenches

Drawn by Capt. Bruce Bairnsfather of the British Army in Flanders.



Rep. reduced by the Post-Dispatch by Special Arrangement with the London Bystander.

"SUBSTITUTES" IN THE FIELD.

"I thought you said your uncle was sending you an umbrella."

Cabinet to become subordinate to Gen. Nivelle. All the heavy losses of the battle of Arras were due to this order, and so was the resulting delay in the Flanders offensive with its serious consequences.

Drafts Always Late.

"Meanwhile, drafts were always late and divisions always too few. I saw a member of the present War Cabinet and told him what I thought. I had a promise from him that the strength would be maintained and that when October came around and if no peace had come about, the War Cabinet would ask for 500,000 more good men. Neither promise was kept.

"The most favorable construction I can place upon the Prime Minister's inaction is he was gambling for peace by Christmas, but in spite of his innumerable speeches, no peace came. Gamble, if there was gamble, had failed."

To meet the present situation, Col. Repington considers that at least 270,000 men are needed in addition to 420,000 or 450,000 now in view, and he advocates the call of 100,000 men from distant expeditions and an increase in a conscript of 20,000 men. Kennedy Jones should be called on to furnish another 200,000, he says, and as a special measure the 1918 class should be called now.

Only by the adoption of these measures, he contends, will Gen. Haig be able to meet the deficits which the expected enemy offensive may entail.

Andrew Bonar Law, the Government leader in the House of Commons, replying to a cross-fire of questions yesterday, declared that Gen. Sir William Robertson, chief of the imperial staff, and Field Marshal Haig have the full confidence of the Government and the War Cabinet, and that so far as he knew no member of the Government was behind the attacks which were being made against those Generals in the press. He also declined to admit the accuracy of a suggestion made by Kennedy Jones that in January last Field Marshal Haig, by order of the War Cabinet, was made subordinate to Gen. Nivelle, the French commander.

ALL WORKERS IN AUSTRIA REPORTED BACK IN PLACES

Vienna Telegram to Berlin, Dated Wednesday, Says Every Factory Had Resumed Operations.

BERLIN, via Amsterdam, Jan. 25 (By A. P.).—A Vienna telegram, under date of Wednesday, to the German press, says:

"Work was resumed in all factories without exception. Reports from the provinces state that the workers almost everywhere have returned to work."

FREIGHT SITUATION IMPROVED

Railroad Administration Expects to Remove Embargo by Tuesday.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 25 (By A. P.).—Successful rerouting of much Western freight over Southern lines and better weather today over most of the East, prompted railroad administration officials to declare that the general freight embargo now imposed on three Eastern trunk lines may be removed by Monday or Tuesday.

Coal movements were reported far greater today than at any time in the last 10 days.

Files Cured in 6 to 24 Days. Druggists refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure itching. Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles. First application gives relief. See ADV.

E. R. STETTINIUS MADE PURCHASER FOR ARMY

Former St. Louisan, Who Bought for J. P. Morgan & Co., Appointed Surveyor-General.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 25 (By A. P.).—Edward R. Stettinius of New York was appointed today as Surveyor-General for all army purchases.

Secretary Baker, in making the announcement, said:

"Mr. Edward R. Stettinius of New York has been appointed Surveyor-General of All Army Purchases. He will be in charge of the procurement and production of all supplies by the five army bureaus, viz.: ordnance, quartermaster, signal, engineer and medical. It will be his duty to co-ordinate such purchases and properly relate the same to industry to the end that the army program be developed under a comprehensive plan which will best utilize the resources of the country.

"From the outbreak of the war Mr. Stettinius has been in sole charge of the allied purchases in this country. His intimate knowledge of war conditions in Europe and in the United States as related to industry and the practical means he has used to accomplish his plans pre-eminently qualify him for his position."

Stettinius is a former St. Louisan, and was educated in St. Louis University. He was employed by a brokerage firm here, and in 1892 he went to Chicago, where he engaged in several business ventures. In 1909 he became president of the Diamond Match Co. For several years he has been a member of the firm of J. P. Morgan & Co.

TRUSERS TAKEN OFF OF MAN HELD FOR CLOTHING THEFTS

Garment Is Identified as Part of \$3000 Loot Removed From Store Last December.

Charles Reardon, 32 years old, of 1222 Biddle street, had to borrow a pair of trousers this morning when he was transferred from Central Police Station to the city jail on a warrant charging burglary. The clothing he wore when arrested was taken from him last night after it had been identified as part of loot taken from the store of the Reifler-Ludwig Clothing Co., 717 North Sixth street Dec. 16 last. Clothing valued at \$3000 was stolen.

Detectives had been searching for Reardon since the latter part of December, when they found garments stolen from the store of the Rosen Cloak and Suit Co., 1239 North Thirteenth street, at the home of Mary Ryan, 3008 Kosuth avenue. She was charged in a warrant with receiving stolen property.

Reardon told the police that he bought the suit that was taken from him at the police station. He tried to escape when detectives approached him at Blair and Cass avenues, but was halted by several shots fired into the air to frighten him.

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29 PASSENGERS SPEND 3 HOURS IN CAR IN SHED

Barber in Crowd Says Group Told to "Take Next Car" Agreed to Sue U. R.

Twenty-nine passengers who were held in a Cass line car for more than three hours last night at the Spring avenue shed because they refused to take the car ahead, agreed before separating that they would jointly bring suit against the United Railways for damages, according to Herbert Wooding of 2708 Marcus avenue, one of the 29.

Wooding, manager of a barber shop at 517 Pine street, said the car, which passed Seventh and Market streets at 7 p. m., had more than 100 passengers when it reached Prairie avenue and North Market street. When they were ordered to take the car ahead, which was also crowded, the majority obeyed, but the 29 stayed and demanded that they be taken to their destinations.

The conductor told them they would be taken back downtown. The car was sidetracked and the conductor telephoned for instructions. The car was taken to the shed.

F. E. Schutze, freight accountant of the Terminal Railway Association, said today that the car did not carry a "Prairie only" sign. The conductor, he said, called them a "bunch of pikers" and said he was boss of the car and could whip any one on it with one hand tied behind him. Schutze called an attorney, who advised that the passengers stick. He also called Claim Agent Harden, who conferred with Supt. Bruce Cameron. A road boss was sent to inspect the car. He said it was out of order.

At 11 o'clock the obdurate passengers were told they could not proceed in that car, but would be taken to their destinations in another. They refused, and paid another fare to reach their homes. The passengers, among whom were three women, met at the attorney's office tomorrow afternoon, to take steps to bring suit.

FOUR CHARGED WITH DISLOYALTY

Charles Roberts, W. H. Hertel, T. E. Sublett and G. J. Goeke, all residents of Kirksville, Mo., were arrested there yesterday on Federal warrants charging disloyal utterances.

Complaints were made more than a week ago and the warrants issued but their arrests were delayed by the railroad tieup, which prevented a deputy marshal from going from St. Louis to Kirksville. Roberts was formerly Sheriff of Adair County.

Detectives had been searching for Reardon since the latter part of December, when they found garments stolen from the store of the Rosen Cloak and Suit Co., 1239 North Thirteenth street, at the home of Mary Ryan, 3008 Kosuth avenue. She was charged in a warrant with receiving stolen property.

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2900 ST. LOUISANS FAIL TO FILL OUT QUESTIONNAIRES

Ninety Per Cent of These Were Sent Back by Postoffice as Unclaimed Mail.

Approximately 2900 of the 70,000 registrants in the 23 wards of St. Louis, to whom questionnaires were sent, have failed to return them to the local boards and their names have been turned over to the police. About 10 per cent of the papers were delivered by the postoffice and not filled out; the remainder were sent back to the boards as unclaimed mail.

The last day for returning the questionnaires was Jan. 17. Under the law the 2900 St. Louisans are automatically placed in Class 1 of the draft, the group that is subject to the first call to service. Fines and imprisonment also are provided for in certain aggravated cases where palpable attempts to evade the law are proven.

The greatest number of unreturned questionnaires was in the Sixth Ward, 579 of the 2799 registrants either could not reach their homes, the mails or did not fill out the papers and return them. This ward is in the downtown river sections and is made up to a great extent of a drifting, boarding-house population.

The Seventeenth Ward, where there are a great number of negroes, had 328 questionnaires unanswered. The Fifth Ward, another downtown river district, had 250, and the Seventh Ward, South St. Louis, 200. Other wards that have more than 100 are the Fourth, Ninth, Tenth, Nineteenth and Sixteenth.

The banner ward for completeness of returns was the Eleventh, with only eight unanswered. The Fourteenth Ward had 15 and the Eighteenth 20 and the Fifteenth 22. Although the law provided that men who had enlisted since the last draft must fill out questionnaires and secure an affidavit from their commanding officers, it is estimated that several hundred soldiers, sailors and marines failed to send the papers back. Drafters, who left no forwarding address, make up the remainder of those who failed to send in questionnaires.

Cases to Be Reviewed. All draft registrants in St. Louis, with or without children and regardless of age, are required to fill out a questionnaire which contribute \$100 a month or less to the support of their dependents and who have been put by the local board in a class lower than class two, will arbitrarily have their names put on the actual board of appeals Board, Selden P. Spencer, chairman of the District Board announced yesterday.

Among the cases the board wants special review are those of men who are of all enemy aliens, irrespective of their first papers, who have not been definitely put in class 1.

Cases of aliens, not enemies, who have been granted deferred classification. The board, in this connection pointed out that only Austrian-Hungarian and German citizens are enemy aliens.

Cases of men convicted of offenses (unless pardoned) who have not been put in class five.

Cases where the local board has re-classified a man and the district board has not had an opportunity to pass upon the re-classification.

Cases of registrants married since May 18, who have not been put in class one.

Cases where deferred classification has been granted to a holder whose claim is based upon mother or father where no mention is made of brothers or sisters with earning capacity and also cases where men put in class three because of parents who make no mention of any brothers or sisters existing.

LIFE IMPRISONMENT GIVEN HUSBAND WHO KILLED BOARDER

Lodgers Deny Testimony of Slayer That Man Had Been Too Friendly With Wife.

Dee Redding, 41 years old, who shot and killed Alexander M. White, a boarder at the Redding home, 4020 Westminster place, Jan. 15, 1917, was convicted of murder and sentenced to life imprisonment to a jury in Judge Falkenhauer's court today. He pleaded self-defense, and testified that White had been too friendly with Mrs. Redding.

Boarders testified Mrs. Redding supported the family by keeping boarders, and that there was no truth in Redding's charges against his wife and White. She had previously told, at the Coroner's inquest, of Redding's jealousy.

White, a musician, was 45 years old. Redding's version of the killing was that Mrs. Redding was in the bathroom, and that White started to enter. Redding protested, and White attacked him. He fired five shots at White, three of which hit him. Mrs. Catherine Tesson, a boarder, testified that Redding told her on the morning of the tragedy that Mrs. Redding had told him to leave, and that there "would be something doing."

SHIP BOARD DESIGNER QUILTS

Chairman Hurley Accepts Resignation of Theodore E. Ferris.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 25 (By A. P.).—The resignation of Theodore E. Ferris, chief ship designer for the Emergency Fleet Corporation, was accepted today by Chairman Hurley of the Shipping Board.

TROTZKY'S STATEMENT ON PEACE CONFERENCE

Glad Germany Showed Her Hand in Wishing to Retain Reign of Military in Occupied Territory.

PETROGRAD, Thursday, Jan. 24 (By A. P.).—A detailed account of the Brest-Litovsk conference session following Gen. Hoffman's bold statement of the aims of the Central Powers was published by the Smolny Institute today. Leon Trotsky, the Bolshevik Foreign Minister, addressing the conference, declared that "the position of the Austro-Germans is now absolutely clear." Continuing, the Foreign Minister said:

"Germany and Austria seek to cut off more than 150,000 square versts from the former Polish kingdom of Lithuania, also the area populated by the Ukrainians and white Russians, and further, they want to cut into the territory of the Letts and create the lands populated by the Estonians from the same people on the mainland. Within this territory Germany and Austria wish to retain their reign of military occupation not only after the conclusion of peace with Russia but after the conclusion of a general peace. At the same time the Central Powers refuse to give any explanation regarding the terms of evacuation, but also refuse to oblige themselves regarding the evacuation."

Analyses German Terms. "The internal life of these provinces, therefore, for an indefinite period in the hands of these Powers. Under such conditions any indefinite guarantees regarding the expression of the will of Poles, Letts and Lithuanians are only of an illusory character. Practically, it means that the Government of Austria and German, take into their own hands the destiny of these nations."

Trotsky declared he was glad now that the Central Powers were speaking frankly, stating that Gen. Hoffman's conditions proved that the real aims were built on quite a different level to the principles recognized Dec. 25 and that real or lasting peace was only possible on the actual principle of self-definition.

"It is clear," Trotsky declared, "that the decision could have been reached long ago regarding peace aims if the Central Powers had not stated their aims differently from those expressed by Gen. Hoffman."

Dr. von Kuehlmann Replies. Dr. Richmond von Kuehlmann, German Secretary for Foreign Affairs, replied to Trotsky, declaring in principle that Gen. Hoffman's aims were the same as those advanced on Christmas. Throughout the negotiations, he said, the Germans had kept in view the ethnological boundaries but also the actual boundaries of the old Russian empire. He said that the Central Powers intended to permit free self-definition, scoffing at the theory that the presence of troops would prevent this. Evacuation, Dr. Kuehlmann said, must be taken up with the newly born self-defined Governments.

BOILERMAKER GETS 15 YEARS FOR KILLING GARAGE OWNER

Benjamin Weisenberger Pleads Guilty to Murder Caused by Jealousy Over Girl.

Benjamin Weisenberger, 37 years old, of 1730 Olive street, a boiler-maker, was sentenced to 15 years in the penitentiary in Judge Davis' court yesterday on recommendation of Assistant Circuit Attorney Lacy, when he pleaded guilty to the charge of killing Fred A. Arnold, 39 years old, of the Alhambra Hotel, Fourteenth and Chestnut streets, on Oct. 17.

Arnold was shot in his garage at 1419 Chestnut street in a dispute over Fern Moore, 23 years old, a girl with whom Weisenberger was living, according to the testimony at the Coroner's inquest on the day after the murder. The girl, who was present at the time, declared that the shooting was unprovoked, and that Weisenberger was jealous.

Aged Man Found Dead in Bed. William J. Fahy, 60 years old, of 1501 Franklin avenue was found dead in his room yesterday afternoon. Neighbors had not seen him since last Sunday. He had been taking medicine for heart disease.

An Old Recipe to Darken Hair

Sage Tea and Sulphur Turns Gray, Faded Hair Dark and Glossy.

Almost everyone knows that Sage Tea and Sulphur, properly compounded, brings back the natural color of the hair to the hair when faded, streaked or gray. Years ago the only way to get this mixture was to make it at home, which is messy and troublesome.

Nowadays we simply ask at any drug store for "Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound." You will get a large bottle of this old-time recipe improved by the addition of other ingredients, at very little cost. Every body uses this preparation not because so one can possibly tell that you darkened your hair, as it does so naturally and evenly. You dampen a sponge or soft brush with it and draw this through your hair, taking one small strand at a time; by morning the gray hair disappears, and after another application or two, your hair becomes beautifully dark, thick and glossy, and you look years younger.

Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound is a delightful toilet requisite. It is not intended for the cure, mitigation or prevention of disease.—ADV.

SHIP BOARD DESIGNER QUILTS

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WASHINGTON, Jan. 25 (By A. P.).—The resignation of Theodore E. Ferris, chief ship designer for the Emergency Fleet Corporation, was accepted today by Chairman Hurley of the Shipping Board.

GUNDLACH REPORTS BIG INCREASES IN TAX VALUATIONS

Advances From 25 to 200 Per Cent, Chiefly in Assessments in Industrial District.

Increases ranging from 25 to 200 per cent in the assessment value of St. Louis property, chiefly in the downtown industrial district and the apartment-house district, have been reported to the St. Louis Commission, in Jefferson City, by John H. Gundlach, appraiser of St. Louis property for the commission.

"The big increases," Gundlach says in his report to the commission, "will come mainly from industrial property, the previous assessments of which has in some cases been a valuation to me."

His reports the following increases in front-foot assessed valuations of the downtown district:

In city block No. 421, the corner of Eighth street and Chouteau avenue, has been raised from \$100 to \$200; inside property, \$100 to \$225; \$120 to \$200, \$250 to \$500, \$100 to \$150, all per front foot; Ninth street, \$45 and \$75 to \$100; Chouteau avenue, \$90 to \$150; \$90 to \$200; on Eighth street, \$90 to \$200, \$70 to \$275.

In city block No. 431, 60000 Gratiot, Tenth and Eleventh streets, \$80 and \$100 to \$200; \$100 to \$170. Corners of Eleventh street, \$80 and \$100 to \$200. Values on Papin street stand at \$100.

In city block No. 2355 valued \$100, has been raised from \$25,000 per acre to \$45,000 and from \$150 to \$200 per acre.

In city block No. 2373 the value has been raised from \$1000 to \$1300 and \$1300 to \$225 per foot on a 91 foot frontage.

In city block No. 48, corner of Chouteau avenue, \$75 to \$200; on Convent and Third streets, \$75 to \$100; inside lots, \$15 to \$100.

Equally heavy, in some cases, the increases in the valuations of the new apartment house districts are. In city block number 3873, corner of Berlin and Union avenues, the front foot valuation was raised from \$75 to \$100, and the adjoining from \$60 to \$175. Some lots on Berlin avenue, west of Duane, were raised from \$50 to \$150. Other increases were:

On the corner of De Baliviere and Berlin, \$35 to \$250; adjoining, \$60 to \$250.

City block number 3874, inside Berlin avenue, \$50 to \$100 and the corner of De Baliviere, \$50 to \$100; front, \$45 to \$225, the inside of De Baliviere, \$40 to \$200.

Corner of Waterman and De Baliviere, \$35 to \$225; the inside of Waterman, east of De Baliviere, \$40 to \$100.

Corner Waterman and Chestnut to \$150; east of Clara, inside lot, \$65 to \$100 and \$125.

On Berlin east of Clara, \$60 to \$75 and \$50 to \$100.

Corner of Belt avenue, \$50 to \$100; corner of Waterman and Belt avenue, \$90 to \$225 and on Waterman avenue inside east, \$40 to \$100.

Corner of Clara, \$75 to \$150 and \$40 to \$100; inside of Clara avenue, \$40 to \$100; corner of Belt and Waterman avenue, \$40 to \$125.

City block 3875 east of Kingsbury between Clara and Belt \$90 to \$140, southwest corner Clara \$70 to \$175; west of Clara, inside \$70 to \$150.

Corner of De Baliviere, \$100 to \$225; inside on De Baliviere, \$100 to \$200.

"Yes, I Earn a Good Salary, but I Can't Save Much"

Hundreds, perhaps thousands, of men and women of St. Louis are saying this to themselves daily. Maybe you have been turning this thought over in your own mind. Others have, and many have solved the problem. They decided to save by a plan. That is, they assume that they own, and must pay weekly a certain sum to the Mercantile Trust Company. They pay it, no matter what the sacrifice—and they get ahead.

Saving money is not a matter

WORKINGMEN TO DOMINATE IN PUBLIC AFFAIRS, SCHWAB SAYS

Bolesheviki sentiment must be taken into consideration, Steel Magazine Says.

NEW YORK, Jan. 25 (Special).—Charles M. Schwab started an audience at the Grand Hotel last night by frankly predicting the dominance of the working classes in public affairs in the near future.

He delighted his hearers with the statement that within 18 months the United States would have more tonnage on the ocean than all the other nations of the world.

"I want to say we of America should not criticize the actions of

our President and nation," said Schwab. "We are behind him and behind the nation. When I say 'we' I mean the steel men of the United States."

"Don't let us run away with the idea we have a light job on our hands. But we must realize it is the duty of every citizen to give his last dollar and his last drop of blood in defense of his country."

Egg-o-la for Cooking and Baking 10c pkg. equal 1 doz. eggs. All grocers.

ADV.

WAR CO-OPERATION ARRANGED WITH U.S. SAYS JAPANESE

Foreign Minister Tells Tokio Parliament Mission Established Full, Mutual Accord.

TOKIO, Tuesday, Jan. 22 (By A. P.).—Viscount Motono, the Japanese Foreign Minister, in his speech tonight to both houses of Parliament, announced that the members of the Japanese mission, recently sent to America, had, after a frank exchange of views, established a full mutual accord between Japan and the United States in regard to military co-operation in the war. The Foreign Minister said:

"Japan, faithful to her international engagements, has made every effort to aid the Entente Allies to secure the objects of the war and has co-operated by every possible means with her military and navy."

"I am happy to be able to state that Japan's co-operation is highly appreciated by the peoples and the Governments of the Entente Allies. Our alliance with Great Britain always has been the fundamental basis of our foreign policy. It was above all things the reason why Japan participated in this war."

"While the common interests of Japan and Great Britain in Asia exist, the Governments and peoples of the two nations will understand more and more the necessity of a loyal maintenance of the alliance."

Policy Toward China.

"With regard to our policies toward China, I, on a previous occasion, declared the Japanese Government had no intention of interfering or taking sides in internal political dissensions in China. The Japanese Government will maintain good relations with a stable Government in China without regard to party or faction."

"One thing I desire particularly to speak of, namely—the decision taken by our neighbor to declare war against Germany in August, 1917. The increased German power was the greatest menace to the security of the Far East. It was for this reason that Japan forced Germany from Tsingtau."

"The Government last year sent a special mission to America for the purpose of conveying our sincere felicitations and at the same time to consult with the American officials regarding the co-operation of the two countries in the European war. The members of that mission exchanged frank views with the American authorities and the result was the establishment of a full mutual accord with regard to military co-operation."

Japan Warns Russia.

"Japan holds herself responsible for the maintenance of peace in this part of the world and consequently in the event of that peace being endangered by the inevitable detriment of our interests, the Government of Japan will not hesitate a moment to take the proper measures," said Count Terauchi, the Japanese Premier, at the opening of the Diet today, in referring to the internal disorders in Russia spreading to the Russian possessions in Eastern Asia.

The Premier declared that the situation in Russia was causing him the greatest measure of anxiety. "As the true friend of Russia," he said, "Japan earnestly hopes that the country may successfully overcome its difficulties without much further loss of time and establish a stable government."

Count Terauchi said also that Japan joined unreservedly with the allied Powers in the determination not to sheathe the sword until an honorable peace was secured.

Seek Peace in the Far East.

Premier Count Terauchi, in his address to the Diet, said the war in Europe had increased in scope and magnitude. The Imperial Japanese Government was fully alive to the gravity of the situation and constantly was making efforts to maintain peace in the far East and co-operating in the war operations with the allied Powers.

It was the Government's intention to pursue the same policy with absolute loyalty and fidelity to the allies and for the maintenance of the national safety, the Premier added. He said he was happy to say Japan's relations with her British ally and other Powers with whom she was fighting side by side constantly were being strengthened. The recent exchange of the honors of field marshalship between Japan and Great Britain was a matter of profound mutual congratulations and it marked the increasing strength of their alliance, he said.

The Premier said he was especially gratified to report the splendid results of the visit of the special imperial mission to the United States last year in promoting a good understanding.

"Particularly satisfactory, the Premier continued, is the formal agreement with regard to Chinese policies with which nobody concerned with the future tranquility of the Far East will refuse approval. I have no doubt that the financial commission dispatched to the United States will be productive of the good results of establishing closer economic relations between the two nations."

Watches and Diamonds on credit. Lettis Bros. & Co., 20 E. 11th St., 308 N. 6th st.—ADV.

Augustus Berthold Will Filed.

The will of Augustus Berthold, a member of an old St. Louis family, was filed today. Berthold died Monday at the Majestic Hotel, where he had rooms. By the will, the estate is bequeathed to a sister, Martha J. Berthold, with \$1 each for two other sisters, Mrs. Louisa Berthold Sanford, now deceased, and Mrs. Pelagie Ladd. The value of the estate is not indicated.

MINES WHICH SANK 2 GERMAN DESTROYERS OF GERMAN ORIGIN

COPENHAGEN, Jan. 25 (By A. P.).—The mine field responsible for the sinking on Sunday of the German destroyers A-78 and A-79 was of German origin. The 17 men of the crew of the A-79, the only survivors from the two vessels, suffered greatly for four days in the open seas. It was from these survivors it

was learned that the mine field was German.

The sailors relate that five German destroyers on Sunday morning started for Heligoland. The destroyer A-79 struck a mine and sank. The A-78, hastening to the aid of the other, also struck a mine and sank. The three remaining destroyers, fearing the same fate, turned southward. The whole crew of the A-78 perished while only 17 of the A-79 survived. Nineteen of the men were saved, but two have since died.

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WATCH REPAIRING

GUARANTEED Cleaning or Mainspring or New Jewel HOME JEWELERS 75c

BELL-ANS Absolutely Removes Indigestion. Druggists refund money if it fails. 25c

Specials for Saturday
Georgette Waists, \$2.98
Sensational Wind-Up—Were \$4 & \$5

They are all the smartest models of the season—that won instant favor at their original prices. Georgettes, Crepe de Chines, Satins—in suit and pastel shades. Take quick advantage of this unusual opportunity to select the biggest waist bargain in your life!

New Spring Dresses

Smartest Spring Tailors \$16.98 Correct New Serges

Very Special for Saturday

A series of wonderful new models, led by the irrepressibly trim men's-wear serge. Forecasting a season of tailored simplicity, dignity and grace. Decidedly new one and two piece effects.

Correct, Distinctive, Out-of-the-Ordinary
New Ideas in Collars, Sleeves, Sashes.

Chic models which at this special price win approving nods from the most discriminating—driving home once more the advantage of going where no extra charge is made for newness.

Final Coat Clean-up
"Last Call" Opportunity

\$29.75 Pom Pom Coats, Saturday—
\$25.00 Broadcloth Coats, Saturday—
\$25.00 Soft Velour Coats, Saturday—
\$35.00 Silk Seal Plush Coats—

Company after company of the great, luxurious Winter Coats whose equal you have not seen for many a long season! Led forward to-morrow for their final cut in price.

No Charge for Alterations

At the New **Bedell** Fashion Shop
In Washington Av. at Seventh St.

Greenfield's

Semi-Annual Sale

of

MEN'S SUITS

561 typical Greenfield Suits are involved. All are belted models, both single and double breasted. Blues, Grays and Browns ARE included.

GREENFIELD \$16.75
\$20 and \$22.50 Suits,

GREENFIELD \$19.75
\$25 Suits.

GREENFIELD \$24.75
\$30 and \$35 Suits.

OLIVE AT EIGHTH

Garland's
Saturday's Attractive Offerings
And to Start With—
COATS

With two or three months of Winter before us we can think of nothing of more real, logical interest than Coats, when we can present such splendid Coats, in such a variety of cloths and styles and at such a bargain price.

\$30 to \$40 Winter Coats

\$20

And you have choice from several hundred, instead of a few left-overs.

You have a wide range of styles to choose from, instead of just a half dozen, or at best a dozen styles.

You'll find all regular sizes in this sale, instead of a few odds and ends in broken sizes.

Soft Velours--Broadcloths

Oxfords--Burellas--Cheviots

Gunnyberl--Mixtures

The colors are the kind you'll want. The wide flare models will please. The gathered backs, the wide belts, the fur or plush collars are good, the self collars that you can muffle and snuggle up to your eyes are here in abundance. All in all a wonderful lot of coats and wonderful values at \$20.

Highest Quality Furs Sacrificed

\$35 and \$39.50
Fine Fox, Wolf and Lynx Scarfs
\$39.50 Victoria Brown Fox Scarfs.....
\$35.00 Taupe Gray Wolf Scarfs.....
\$35.00 Poiret Brown Fox Scarfs.....
\$39.50 Alaskan Black Fox Scarfs.....
Choice in One Bargain Group at \$22.50

Choice of Fine Fox, Wolf and Lynx Sets;
regular prices \$65.00 to \$135.00
Now \$39.50, \$49.50, \$59.50 and \$69.50

Muffs, Capes and Stoles in such dependable furs as Hudson Seal, Skunk Marten, Mink, Kolinsky and Beaver are reduced about 1/2

Attractive Spring Blouses

Are Attractively Priced for Saturday

\$2.95 and \$4.95

Voile, Batiste and Crepe de Chine

A showing that reveals the newest Spring style tendencies in Blouses, new color trimmings, smartly different collar and sleeve effects; white, flesh and the high colors are shown—all sizes.

Girls' New Tub Frocks
(Sizes 6 to 14)

\$1.50 \$2.48 \$2.98

Of splendid quality gingham and chambray in pretty plaids, stripes and solid colors. Lots of pretty styles. Self, contrast braid and piped trimmings.

\$1 Gingham Dresses 69c
White Dresses \$2.98 \$4.95 \$7.98

Sizes 6, 8 and 10. Great assortment of colors. Very pretty styles, made of exceptional good gingham. Of fine voile and sheer organdie lace, embroidery and ribbon trimmings, flounces. Sizes 6 to 10.



THOMAS W. GARLAND 109-11-13 Broadway

PAIRING
75c
625 Locust St.
Fifth Floor.

Women's Silk Stockings, Pair, \$1.25
ANY sport styles, in checked and striped patterns—
reinforced with lisle thread in heels, toes and garter
Some slightly irregular.
Children's Black Wool Stockings, ribbed, with
heels and toes; pair, 29c
(Main Floor.)

Tickets Here for
Maj. Ian Hay Beth, Odeon,
Tuesday, January 29.
Rudolph Gruen, Piano Rec-
ital, Sheldon Auditorium,
Wednesday, January 30.
(Public Service Bureau—
Main Floor.)

Stix, Baer & Fuller

GRAND-LEADER
EIGHTH-WASHINGTON-SEVENTH & LUCAS

More Than a Store—An Institution

The Clothing Clearaway

An Opportunity Medium to Men
of Keen Business Foresight

FIGURE it out yourself in a business-like way—
judge the investment apart from any clothes
need or the satisfaction of having good clothes.
There is no element of chance in buying Winter
Clothes now, for they are certain to be consider-
ably higher next Winter.

Buy Suits and Overcoats now
as a matter of precaution,
for protection, or for profit.

This clearaway offers clothes of highest character,
trustworthy in quality and correct in style. The op-
portunities are unequaled and will not likely be dupli-
cated again.

Opportunity No. 1---

Hundreds of Stylish Suits and Overcoats

—among them many from the HOUSE OF KUPPEN-
HEIMER, and involving practically every desired
style, from the extreme to the con-
servative ideas—all tailored to a
high standard of excellence, from
all-wool material, and priced at

\$18.50

Opportunity
No. 2---

Suits of character—
made in accord to the lat-
est fashions for men. Var-
ious weaves and colors
and a full range of sizes,
grouped for clearing
at

\$14.50

Opportunity
No. 3---

Suits and Overcoats
produced by the leading
makers of the country, in-
cluding the smartest
styles and
most popular
weaves and
shades, now

\$29.50

(Men's Store—Main Floor.)

Smokers!

See These Items
THEY tell of buying
chances on fresh Cigars you
should not overlook.

Tentador Londres, extra clear
Havana-filled, broad-leaf wrap-
per, long, blunt-shaped cigar. Ex-
tra value, 7 for 25c.

Box of 50 at **\$1.50**

Roi-Tan Magnolia, large
club house size, made especially
for us, each cigar tissue-wrapped—
fresh, special, 3 for

25c. Box of 50, **\$4.00**

Roi-Tan Brevas, the kind
that sells for 10c
straight. Box of 50, **\$4.00**

Santa Margarita Sublimes,
just 1000 to offer at 4
for 25c. Box of 50, **\$3.00**

Hauptman's Handmade, 5c
each. Box

of 25, **\$1.13**

Trumpeten, all col-
ors, 5c ea. Box of 25, **\$1.13**

Goddard, handmade,
6 for 25c. Box of 25, **\$1.00**

Service Buttons, with one, two
or three stars will be given free
to any customer upon request.

(Cigar Shop, Main Floor.)

"Adler"

Sample Gloves

MORE of them offered for
Saturday to delight
thrifty buyers.

FOR MEN—

Gloves, Gauntlets and Mittens,
of buckskin, mocha, cape and
horsehide—many of
them lined—at pair, **\$1.88**

Velour, Astrakhan and Cape
Gloves, fleece lined, also Gaunt-
lets and Mittens—
at pair, **\$1.15**

FOR WOMEN—

Kid, Cape, Chamois and Doe-
skin Gloves, slipon, gauntlet and
one or two
styles—pair, **\$1.43**

Chamois, Kid and Cape, also
some Mocha, in one or two clasp
effects, also Gauntlets
or Slipons—at pair, **\$1.88**

Children's Gloves and Mit-
tens, of jersey, velour,
and astrakhan—pair, **48c**

(Main Floor.)

The Misses' Store---

Announces the Arrival of Many Advance Modes in

Smart Spring Frocks

THESE fascinating garments strike the keynote of Spring fashions in ap-
parel for misses and youthful women. They have been evolved by the foremost New
York makers, and their individuality and youth-
fulness will make strong appeal to women who
follow closely the fashions.

Among the garments are:

A dainty Dress of gray and rose figured foul-
lard, draped bustle sides—
priced at **\$29.75**

Another becoming Frock in combination of
plaid taffeta, with large shawl
collar of organdie—priced at **\$29.75**

Then a Lanvin model of jersey and checked
taffeta, with beautifully embroid-
ered collar—priced at **\$39.75**

A simple girlish Frock of Georgette, beaded
in self color, and shown in eight
different shades—at **\$24.75**

Other strikingly handsome and youthful
modes in light, airy
Dresses—at **\$19.75 to \$89.00**

The First Representative Showing of

Misses' Spring Suits

A splendid idea of what the coming modes will be can be gained from these, and those
who are ready to make selection will find strik-
ing tailored modes of serge and gabardine, in
black and white checks and navy, in sizes from
14 to 20 years at **\$29.75, \$35 and \$45**



The Girls' Store---

Is Ready Saturday, With a Most Interesting Collection of

Tub Frocks

\$2.50, \$3.00, \$4.00 and to \$10

In these Dresses the makers have displayed their talents
well in the production of charming styles. There is
a variety enough to meet the individual notions of every
Miss Six-to-Sixteen.

MATERIALS are chambray, gingham,
galatea, Hague cloth and linen, and
there are solid shades as well as striped and
plaid combinations. (Third Floor.)

Tomorrow Is the Last Day of the
Semi-Annual Sale of

Manhattan Shirts

THE opportunity to buy these splendid Shirts at
the present reductions will not come again for
six months, and it behooves careful, foresighted men to pro-
vide their needs while the sale prices obtain.

All Popular-Priced
Four-in-Hand Ties **29c**

Our entire stock of popular-priced Ties is involved in this
clearing effort. There are scores of novelty and staple pat-
terns, in Silk Neckwear of good quality.
(Men's Store—Main Floor.)

Clearing Boys' Suits and O'coats

POSITIVE means have been adopted for the quick righting of Boys' Winter Apparel stocks,
and prices are named to insure prompt work.

Boys' Winter Suits

With Extra Knickers

Special **\$6.75**

at

These are new trench styles, tailored from pretty gray
and brown mixed materials, and having both pairs of
trousers cut full and lined throughout. There are sizes
from 6 to 18 years.

Boys' Winter Overcoats

\$4.95 and \$5.95

Coats that will give a surprising amount of warmth and
service. They come in button-to-neck and convertible col-
lar styles, and are shown in gray and blue chinchilla, and
fancy overcoatings. All are plaid lined and well tailored.



(Second Floor Annex.)

The Clearing of Footwear

—Is Far-reaching in its Economies and Benefits Every Member of the Family

Women's Dress Shoes

Special **\$6.85**

at

Children's Shoes

Samples and broken lines,
all good dress styles, in foot-
wear that will give good ser-
vice, practically all sizes.
Three lots,

98c \$1.98 \$2.98

Boys' Shoes

Broken lines, odds and ends,
but good staples, serviceable
footwear, clearing **\$2.69**
at pair, (Main Floor.)

Just such Footwear as is now in strong
demand—either in plain or combination
colors, and in the best patterns—shown
in all sizes and marked down for clearing.

Kid Boudoir Slippers, 98c

Oddments of stocks, including black and
colors, trimmed with pompons, and shown
in all sizes.

Vogue Cleaner, for use on
colored leather, in regular size
packages—at **15c**

Odorous Black Dye for dye-
ing colored shoes black—regular
size bottle—at **19c**



Men's Dress Shoes

Special **\$7.00**

at



Made on flat English last, in
button and lace styles, with kid or
cloth combination tops. Shoes of high
quality and desirable in every way.
Shown in all sizes.

Felt Slippers, **\$1.00** Pair

Cozy, comfortable Slippers that
men will enjoy these Winter even-
ings, in all sizes. (Men's Store—Main Floor.)

The Downstairs Store Offers Women's Dress Shoes

Of patent leather or black
kidskin, with colored cloth
toppings. All desirable
styles, and shown in differ-
ent widths and sizes,
grouped for clear-
ing at pair, **\$3.85**

Women's Dress Shoes

Odd lots, of patent and
dull leather, in lace and but-
ton styles, now
reduced to **\$2.89**
(Downstairs Store.)

February Furniture Sale



One More Day of
Courtesy Before the Sale

ANOTHER day to inspect the
great floorful of Furniture of en-
during quality that is offered in
the February Furniture Sale.

Selection can be made Saturday, when
articles will be ticketed, and the trans-
action can be consummated when the
sale starts.

—And Remember!

Sale Begins Monday Morning



(Sixth Floor.)

The Downstairs Store

—Prints an interesting list of items for Saturday's selling.

Men's Shirts at 65c



An adjustment of the Downstairs
Shirt stocks brings a vast quantity
of desirable Shirts, percale and
other materials, in attractive pat-
terns, and with either laundered or
soft cuffs. There are sizes from 14
to 17.

Men's Sweaters at \$2.19

Gray Coat Sweaters, of wool, rope
stitch weave, with shawl collar and
pockets.

Boston Garters at 15c

Corded style, with velvet grip,
and some other good makes, in
satin pad and cable web.

Specials in Hosiery

Bronze Stockings, 50c Pair

Fiber silk, with silk 18 inches
high and cotton elastic tops.

Fiber Silk Hosiery, 25c

Reinforced heels and toes,
black or white cotton tops.
Slight seconds.

Men's Fiber Silk Socks, 15c

Black, white and colors, with spliced heels and toes. Slight seconds.

Gloves for Women and Children

Boys' and Girls' Jersey

Gloves, fleece lined, gray and
tan—pair, **60c**

Women's White Silk

Gloves, double tipped fingers—
extra heavy—pair, **49c**

Children's Velour Mittens, fleece lined—pair, **35c**

(Downstairs Store.)

Player Rolls

27c

4 for \$1.00

To the delight of owners of
Player-Pianos, we have
grouped for Saturday a large
number of Rolls, including
light opera, standard and
popular numbers—Rolls that
have become slightly soiled
and offer them at this frac-
tional price.
No phone orders and none
on approval. (Fourth Floor.)

Cut Flowers

FRESHLY cut and chosen
varieties for table or
home decoration, or for per-
sonal use, specially priced
for Saturday.



Sweet Violets—

Bunch, **20c**

Cornations—

Dozen, **65c**

Narcissus—

Dozen, **80c**

Jacquills—

Dozen, **75c**

Our "Special
Dollar Box"
—contains choice
Flowers and is an
unusual value.
(Main Floor.)

Toilet Goods

WELL-KNOWN ar-
ticles for every day use,
at special prices.

Listerine

3-ounce, **17c** 7-ounce, **34c**

14-ounce, **68c**

(Limit two to customer.)

Dora Complexion Pow- der, box, **20c**

Munyon's Witch Hazel
Soap, cake, **6c**

Absorbent Cotton, **25c**

1 lb. roll, **35c**

"I d e a l" Hairbrushes,
double bristles, **75c**
(Main Floor.)

Fleece Prison Ward in Pajamas. Thomas Skinner, 15 years old, who was being held on three charges of first degree robbery, escaped last night from a prison ward at the city hospital. He cut the straps by which he was bound to a cot and went down a fire escape. He was attired in the regulation hospital pajamas.

Every Silk Shirt IN THE HOUSE REDUCED And Over One Thousand Fine Quality Suits and Overcoats AT CUT PRICES

Also Many Lines of Fine Furnishings Reduced

\$3.50 \$4.00	Silk Shirts now . \$2.65	\$25.00 Suits and Overcoats at	\$19.00
\$4.50	Silk Shirts now . \$3.45	\$30.00 Suits and Overcoats at	\$23.50
\$5.00	Silk Shirts now . \$3.85	\$35.00 Suits and Overcoats at	\$26.50
\$6.00 \$6.50	Silk Shirts now . \$4.65	\$40.00 Suits and Overcoats at	\$31.50
\$7.00 \$7.50	Silk Shirts now . \$5.45	\$45.00 Suits and Overcoats at	\$35.50
\$8.50	Silk Shirts now . \$6.45		
\$9.50	Silk Shirts now . \$6.95		

Finest Silk Ties

\$1.50, \$2.00, \$2.50, \$3.00
and \$3.50 qualities all going at

\$1.20

50c and 75c lines go at 35c

Pajamas

Salesmen's Samples—values \$2 and \$2.50—all go at

\$1.45

Mufflers

\$1.00 Mufflers now . . . 50c
\$1.50 Mufflers now . . . 95c
\$2.00 Mufflers . . . \$1.45
\$2.50 Mufflers . . . \$1.70
\$3.50 Mufflers . . . \$2.35
\$5 Mufflers . . . \$2.85

Others
30% Off

Gloves

Finest English Cape
Gloves, formerly sold at
\$2.50, and worth today
about \$3.00, a pair, going at

\$1.65

Shirts

Made of cotton fabrics
such as madras, poplins,
reps, soisettes and silk-
mixed fabrics, reduced as
follows:

\$1.50 Qualities to . . . 95c
\$2.00 Qualities to . . . \$1.45
\$2.50 Qualities to . . . \$1.70
\$3.50 Qualities to . . . \$2.35
\$4.00 Qualities to . . . \$2.65

Boyd's

Olive at Sixth

Union Suits

Broken lines, odd lots and
seconds—all weights.

\$1.50 Qualities . . . \$1.20
\$2.00 Qualities . . . \$1.45

Over the Top

THE NEWEST CAP
PRICE \$1.00

All Canes

Go at Half Price

Men's Initial Handkerchiefs

About 50 doz.,
25c quality,
going at
15c
Each

REPLIES PLANNED TO CHAMBERLAIN IN BOTH HOUSES

James Ready to Defend Secretary Baker in Senate and Glass in House.

SPEECHES NEXT WEEK

No Comment on Chamberlain Address at White House; Kirby's Reply.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 25.—Administration replies to Senator Chamberlain's assertions made in a three-hour speech yesterday in answer to the President's recent statement regarding the War Department, probably will be delivered in both the Senate and the House next week. It is known that Senator James will be ready when the Senate reconvenes Monday and Representative Dent, chairman of the House Military Committee, and Representative Glass will take up the administration's case in the House.

No Comment at White House. There was no comment on the Chamberlain address at the White House last night and Secretary Baker said that no formal statement would be issued by the War Department, remarking that "the department is in an unfortunate position as being unable to speak about certain things." He did comment, however, on certain features, denying that Surgeon-General Gorgas was not consulted in the selection of army cantonment and camp sites. He also called attention to the fact that many of the deficiencies at cantonments noted in the Surgeon-General's report on military conditions had been rectified. When Senator Chamberlain finished his speech, Senator Kirby, a member of the Military Committee, replied in behalf of the administration, flatly contradicting his colleague's assertion that facts brought out at the recent investigation proved the War Department inefficient.

The committee's bill for a war cabinet, sponsored by Chairman Chamberlain, was referred to the committee without objection and the Senate adjourned until Monday to cut off further discussion.

Chamberlain Upholds Position. Senator Chamberlain in his address yesterday declared the President had grossly maligned him, and not only defended, but emphatically reiterated his assertions, made in a recent address at New York. He said the President did not know the truth, and that he did. The Senator disclaimed any personal rancor against either the President or Secretary Baker, saying his only motives were patriotic, to arouse the country and to speed up the war by wiping out inefficiency. In support of his position he cited numerous incidents of alleged inefficiency in connection with army ordnance, clothing supplied and sanitation brought out during the Military Committee's war inquiry.

Senators and many representatives crowded the floor, and the galleries were packed as Senator Chamberlain spoke. He began quietly, declaring it was with a feeling of sadness that he found it necessary to rise to a question of personal privilege to defend his veracity and integrity, heretofore unassailed, but as he launched into the speech he grew emphatic and at times vehement.

Baker Mailed, He Says. Senator Chamberlain detailed in his speech what he declared was proof of army inefficiency. He asserted that not only was the President ignorant of the truth about conditions, but that Secretary Baker also was misled, challenging the Senate and the House to inquire and then deny his assertions. "The Senator says," said Senator Kirby in replying to Chamberlain "that in 1914, when it was apparent that war was going to come on, the Ordnance Department was absolutely quiescent and that no move was made to manufacture heavy ordnance. He cites this as an instance of why the military establishment is inefficient. In 1914 the United States had not gone into the war and since 1914 we fought out a presidential campaign on the proposition that we should not go into war. Then why in 1914 should the military establishment have insisted that we ought to manufacture heavy ordnance at that time?"

"Another proposition that the Senator cites is this: In 1914 our Ambassador, Gerard, over in Germany said that the German people were unfriendly and that some day we were going to have trouble. Do you suppose that the Ordnance Department or the Secretary of War is going to what the Ambassador to Germany might have reported here in a secret way? Would we have expected anything of that kind? No. No man would have expected it, and no man would have expected it, if money had been expended along that line.

Answers Equipment Charges. "The Senator said we are not able now to put our men in the trenches in France and supply them with heavy guns. We have them. They are there. They are in the hands of our soldiers today and can be used effectively when we see fit to put our men in the fighting front.

"Yes, but the Senator said we have to buy them from France. We have to buy them from France, instead of trying to manufacture them, which would have taken a longer time. It seems to me that this is a conclusive evidence of high efficiency? To get the thing that you need when you need it, and it makes no difference where, so you can supply it. That was done. I do not see any inefficiency there."

Senator Kirby said the uniform to

day is the same weight it always has been in the United States Army. "Every man," he added, "on the other side, has been supplied with

Double Eagle Stamps Open Sat'day Night Till 10 Overcoats & Winter Goods GIVEN AWAY

4.50 for Men's Overcoats and Suits.
1.75 for Men's Heavy Corduroy Pants.
1.50 for Boys' Overcoats.
1.50 for Men's Heavy Wool Sox.
2.75 for Heavy Mackinaw Coats.
9.00 for 15.00 Overcoats and Suits.
12.50 for 20.00 Overcoats and Suits.
2.50 for Boys' 16 Overcoats and Suits.
50c for Men's Heavy Leather Gloves.
90c for Men's Fleece Underwear.
1.00 for Men's Fleece Union Suits.
75c for Men's Heavy Sweater Coats.
75c for Boys' Corduroy Pants.

Globe

clothing, with ammunition, with rifles, with machine guns, and everything else to best equip him for effective fighting.

"I want to assume entire responsibility for what I have said, and I say it to you as a man who has heard this investigation, as a man who is accustomed to reading testimony, as a man who is accustomed to rendering judgment, that my opinion of the condition as it exists today is that the Military Department has not fallen down."

Clothing Supply Ample.

A chart based on reports from all army camps and showing only minor clothing shortages existing Jan. 19 was sent by Secretary Baker to the Senate Military Committee soon after Chairman Chamberlain made his speech in the Senate. In his speech Senator Chamberlain referred to a chart of conditions on Jan. 1 recording many deficiencies which the later reports show no longer exist.

"In connection with a letter read by Senator Chamberlain telling of the death of a soldier under harrowing circumstances at one of the camps, Secretary Baker said several isolated cases had been called to his attention and that every precaution possible to prevent recurrences had been taken.

As to the assertion that the Sur-

Continued on Next Page.

Men! Here's an opportunity that may not present itself again for some time.



For **\$12.95**

You can buy a good quality
Suit or Overcoat

as long as the quantity lasts—and there are still many splendid styles and materials to select from.

Buy Now for your future needs! prices are bound to go higher!

The market conditions compel us to discontinue our \$15.00 line of Men's Clothing and every Suit and Overcoat in our stock marked at that price is now reduced to \$12.95.

Our Sale of Louis Hoffs & Son's

**Suits & Overcoats
\$19.00 & \$29.00**

offers a splendid selection of high-grade clothes at an extraordinary saving. These Suits and Overcoats were made to sell at much higher prices—every garment carefully tailored and of high quality materials.

Men's Clothing Shop—Second Floor.

Sale of Boys' Overcoats at \$3.95

for Small Boys 2½ to 10 Years

Good warm Overcoats for the small boy, in blue and gray chinchilla, button-to-neck styles; some with belts and others plain; all these Coats are nicely lined. Rah! Rah! Hats to match included, special at \$3.95

Other Overcoats in Russian and Military styles \$5.00 to \$7.50

Extra Corduroy Knickerbockers \$1.85 to \$2.50

Boys' Wash Military Suits \$3.00 to \$5.00

Boys' Clothing Shop—Second Floor

The Sale of Men's Shoes, \$6.65 Continues Tomorrow



Men's Shoe Shop—Second Floor

Sateen Petticoats, \$1.00

If you want a Petticoat that is practical, comfortable and neat, you will make no mistake in buying Sateen. A pretty style of white French Sateen has been introduced from Paris and is available at the bottom of the Petticoat Shop—Third Floor.

Our Store opens at 9 o'clock and closes at 5:30. Saturday at 6:00.

Briggs - Vandervoort - Barney

Olive and Locust From Ninth to Tenth

Announcing an Advance Showing of New Spring Dresses

for Misses and Small Women
\$19.75 to \$24.75

The new 1918 models in Spring Dresses for Misses are most charming and attractive—and our showing includes such a wonderful selection of smart styles—

Novelty Silks in the correct colorings for Spring. Taffetas, Plaids, Silks, Serges, Jerseys and Chiffons. The sizes range from 14 to 18 years.

Misses' Dresses Reduced!

A special lot of about 50 Dresses have been selected from our regular stocks, some are slightly mused and soiled—

Dresses that formerly sold up to \$35.00, for **\$16.50**

Street and Afternoon Dresses, Party Dresses and Dancing Frocks. The season's latest models are included in this special sale. The sizes range from 14 to 18 years.

Misses' Shop—Third Floor.

If You Can! Buy a Thrift Stamp Every Day

On sale at Thrift Stamp First Floor and at Bank of America

Save \$4.10 — Buy Two Pairs 245 SALE Odd Sizes—Broken Lots \$4.50 Value Discontinued Lines

AFTER a record fall business, our inventory shows an enormously increased accumulation of Broken Sizes, Odd Lots and Discontinued Lines, which is but natural.

Our next step now is to close these out so that we will not have anything left over at the end of the season to occupy valuable space which we shall need for Spring models.

We have therefore cut the price on every pair to \$2.45. That's a mighty low price for a bonafide \$4.50 value—but when we cut prices, we do it VIGOROUSLY and get it over with.

You will get a mighty fine \$4.50 pair of these NEWARK shoes if you come TOMORROW.



Newark Shoe Stores Co.

ST. LOUIS STORES:
706 Olive St. Republic Building
139 Collinsville Av., Near Missouri Av., East St. Louis
213 N. Sixth St. Bet. Pine and Olive
OPEN TILL 10 O'CLOCK SATURDAY NIGHT.
When Ordering by Mail Include the Parcel Post Charges.
257 Stores in 97 Cities

The Truth about Aspirin

The genuine is of unvarying quality and every package and every tablet bears



"The Buyer Cross" — "The Guarantee of Purity"

TABLETS in Pocket Boxes of 10

Bottles of 24 and 100

CAPSULES in Sealed Packages of 12 and 24

The trademark "Aspirin" (Bayer, U.S. Pat. Off.) is a guarantee that the manufacturer of Aspirin is of the reliable Bayer manufacture.

509 W

There Prices A

More

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Others

That

Have

Been

Reduced!

A wonderfully

effective offer-

ing of silk Geor-

ge and crepe do

Waists.

12c

Sealette

\$15

Coats sold reg-

ularly at 105c

105 finest Sealette

actual count; divide

10 smart Winter Coats,

From 8:30 to 12 O'Clock

Up to \$15 Coat

\$5.00

15c

will be

for

alteration

15c

MAURE

and PURE

1402 Market

A Food Administration

License No. G-27725

WILL YOU LET US

DEMONSTRATE

ALL THE

MEAT WE

SELL'S

FIRST

PLATE

15c

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From Preceding Page.
 board consisting of one medical officer, one engineer officer and one line officer, appointed by the departmental commanders. In only one case was the suitability of the site questioned.

509 Washington Av.
Irwin's
 Here Prices Are Always LOWER
 More NEW SILK
 Waists at \$2.75



Sealette Plush Coats
 \$15 \$18.50 \$20
 Coats sold regularly at \$25 to \$39.75
 105 finest Sealette Plush Coats; our entire stock by actual count; divided into three groups for clearance.

Up to \$25 Coats
 Fine Cloth Coats, divided into two groups for quick clearance.
 \$12.75 \$14.75

Irwin's Incomparable Values in NEW DRESSES \$15
 Just received by express; taffetas, chambrays, fancy plain and striped silks; men's wear serge; Spring colorings; really worth \$20.

Up to \$65
Evening Wraps \$18.50
 Just 15 of these Evening and Reception Wraps; all go at

Newest Arrivals Spring HATS \$5
 New models of Georgette crepe and braid; trimmed with wings and quills; new colors.

Save \$1 to \$1.50
New Skirts \$4.85 \$7.50
 Spring styles in novelty silks, taffetas and men's wear serge wool poplin.

MAURER'S MARKET
 and PURE FOOD GROCERY
 1402 Market St. and 1525 Market St.

Food Administration TWO STORES FREE EAGLE STAMPS
 No. G-97732

Pure Lard, lb., 25c

Will you let us demonstrate the meat market's first rate

Pound Loaf Bread 5c
 Made according to Government regulation.

Sweet Corn, can., 10c
 Van Camp Red Beans, 5c
 Shredded Wheat, pkg., 12c

Blue Rose Head Rice, 2 lbs., 15c

2 Tall Cane Peasless Milk, 24c
 Spaghetti, 3 pkgs., 10c
 2 Boxes Matches, 5c

\$5.00 EAGLE STAMPS FREE
 With can fit for King Baking Powder, 25c

tioned on sanitary grounds, he added. Surgeon-General Gorgas was then requested to send a specially selected sanitarian to look into the question and the recommendation of that officer was followed.

Gen. Gorgas approved the original design of cantonment barracks. Later, after construction in many cases had been well advanced, the Secretary said, the American Public Health Association brought to the attention of Dr. Gorgas recommendations that the space per man allowed be increased, and after conferences representatives of the association approved the suggestion that additional quarters be provided, reducing the number of men per building so that construction would be delayed as little as possible and yet the space factor of 50 cubic feet per man recommended be attained.

Shortage of Overcoats.
 In his speech Chamberlain places in the record a chart submitted to the Military Committee by Secretary Baker, showing shortages of material at all camps varying from 1 to 90 per cent. Chamberlain declared he wished the condition to become known to the people.

Reading from the table to show shortages of overcoats running as high as 75 per cent, the Senator reminded the Senate the troops were "in the midst of winter."

"I am going to show that these hundreds and thousands of men dying in the cantonments are due to the War Department," he declared. "This information comes right from the men who are on the ground. They know what they are talking about. I didn't intend to do this, but in view of the situation that confronts me and involves my integrity, I feel it is my duty to the country."

"I am going to call attention to the statement of Surgeon-General Gorgas that nearly all epidemics could have been prevented if the War Department had been effective."

Senator Chamberlain referred to the warnings given by Major-General Greble, commander at Camp Bowie, Tex., last summer against overcrowding men in tents.

MAN INTENDING BURGLARY SHOOTSELF AFTER CHASE

Hammer and Glass Cutter Found on Prisoner Who Details Plan of Robbing Jeweler.

Sidney Loth, 33 years old, of 2708 Baldwin street, shot himself in the right temple in front of 4320 Westminster place at 10:30 last night after he had been chased a block and half by Police Sergeant McGauley. He told the Sergeant he had planned to rob Michael Grollnek's jewelry store at 17 North Broadway.

A hammer and a glass cutter were found in his pockets. He said he intended to go to the jewelry store and ask to see an elk tooth watch charm. While this was being shown to him, he said, he would hit Grollnek with the hammer and grab a tray of diamonds and escape. At Loth's home his wife, a music teacher, said she had not seen him since Jan. 5, when he left there, saying he was going to Cleveland to look for work as a shipping clerk. The police say he has served several workhouse terms.

Sergeant McGauley saw Loth lurking in a doorway at Newstead avenue and Olive street. When he approached Loth ran, exchanging shots with the policeman.

IRISH CONVENTION LEADERS TO MEET LLOYD GEORGE CABINET

LONDON, Jan. 25 (By A. P.).—Premier Lloyd George has invited the leading members of the Irish convention to confer with the Cabinet. The following official communication dealing with the Irish convention was issued last night:

"At today's Irish convention a letter from the Premier was read, stating that before the convention arrived at a decision on certain issues under discussion he and his colleagues in the Cabinet would be happy to confer with the leading representatives of different sections of the convention, should they desire to follow such a course.

"Thereupon it was decided to adjourn the convention and certain members were selected to meet the Premier and his colleagues.

"Sir Horace Plunkett, the chairman, was authorized to arrange the conference at the earliest possible date and immediately thereafter to summon the convention."

Venus Pencils.
 No work VENUS PENCILS cannot do.—ADV.

OFFICE BUILDING TO BE HOTEL

David Israel, manager of the Princess Hotel, Eighteenth and Chestnut streets, yesterday obtained a 25-year lease on the Navarre building, an office structure at the southeast corner of Sixth and Chestnut streets, which, he announced, will be converted to hotel uses.

As planned the building will be remodeled and three stories added to its seven stories. The lease was negotiated through R. A. Boyle and J. E. Forz, holders of the property. Israel will take possession about April 1.

Obtains Opiates by Ruse.
 A man who called for some nerve tonic at a drug store at 2750 Chipewa street, helped himself to several bottles of habit-forming drugs while the clerk was behind the prescription counter and escaped. The drugs were valued at \$15 and included morphine and heroin.

Letitia Brog & Co. will trust you for a Diamond Watch, 100 N. 1st St.—ADV.

Bronze Tablet for American Aviator.
 WASHINGTON, Jan. 25 (By A. P.).—French Ambassador Jusserand has advised Senator Overman of North Carolina that the French Government desires to place a bronze tablet on the monument erected at Carthage, N. C., to James R. McConnell, one of the first American aviators killed in France.

We Sell Butterick Patterns
Nugent's
 Central 3900 Olive 3900



Six More Cases Arrive!
 Delayed on Account of Shipping Congestion

THE OVERCOATS ARE HERE
 —and 435 More Suits—
 From the Chicago Underwriters' Salvage Sale of
Hart Schaffner & Marx Clothes

LIKE SIX GREAT TREASURE CHESTS ARE THESE CASES—Containing burly great Coats, Motor Coats, Dress Overcoats, single and double breasted Chesterfields, box Coats and Mackinaws—beautifully tailored by skilled artists. The richest of imported and domestic weaves—Carr meltons, Brookes' kerseys, Crombie fleeces and other choice American fabrics—Duffies, Blanket backs, Beaules and so on.

If You Want to Save Some Future Money We Will Give You the Opportunity, but You Will Have to do It Now

Hundreds of Suits—Heavy weight goods, medium weights and year-round weights—rich worsteds, vicunas, silk mixtures and imported tweeds—in sizes for all men. Plenty of big sizes, men who are hard to fit, odd-size men, tall, short, stout-fat men, as well as regulars.

\$25.00 Hart Schaffner & Marx Suits and Overcoats. Included also are Suits and Overcoats of other noted makers, designed especially for B. R. Baker & Co....

\$30.00 and \$35.00 Hart Schaffner & Marx Suits and Overcoats. Included also are Suits and Overcoats of other well-known makes, made under the personal supervision of B. R. Baker & Co.....

\$40.00 Hart Schaffner & Marx Suits. Included at this price are other makes of Suits for whom B. R. Baker & Co. were Cleveland's representatives

And All Wool
 Run your hand across these garments and feel the soft, fleecy texture; and, remember, no more when these are gone.

\$16.50

\$23.50

\$26.50

MADE FOR
The B. R. Baker Co.
 CLEVELAND, OHIO.

Just a Minute, Boys!

We Have Something of Interest for You, Too—Some Mighty Low Prices on These Dandy Boys' Clothes

Boys' Corduroy Suits; pinch-back, three-piece belt models; two pairs of pants; lined throughout; sizes 6, 15, 16, 17 and 18; reduced to **\$7.95**

Boys' Suits; fancy mixtures; pinch-back and straight line models; pants lined throughout, with double woven knee and seat; all sizes, reduced to **\$4.45**

Boys' Suits; fancy mixtures; some with two pants; light and dark patterns; Norfolk and pinch-back models; sizes 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 14, 15, 16, 17 and 18; reduced to **\$8.85**

Boys' Mackinaws; brown gray and red plaid; trench model; sizes 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17 and 18; reduced to **\$5.45** (Third Floor.)

The Girls' Section Fairly Sparkles With Money-Saving Opportunities—See These Tomorrow
Girls' Dresses

An odd lot of Dresses in velvet, serge and serge-and-silk combination. Sizes 6 to 14 years. Former prices, \$2.95 to \$15.00. Pre-Inventory **\$2.38 to \$9.95** price.

Only one or two of a kind but many kinds and prices.
Girls' Coats
 Coats of zibeline, corduroy and mixtures; sizes 6 to 14 years. **\$6.95** (Second Floor.)



Tomorrow Will Be Derby Day

The Reason—
 We have 100 stiff black Hats, this season's best styles, and are sold in our stock regularly at \$3.00. For one day only, Saturday, we offer them at **\$2.45** All sizes. (Main Floor.)

In the Misses' Shop



In the department for Misses and Small Women you will find extraordinary opportunities Saturday. The following reductions have been made and the savings are as follows—

\$10.00 and \$12.50 Coats go for **\$7.50**
 \$15.00 and \$19.50 Coats go for **\$10.00**
 \$25.00 Coats go for **\$14.95**
 \$29.50 Coats go for **\$19.50**
 \$35.00 and \$45.00 Coats go for **\$29.50**

Two Groups of Smart-looking Suits—
 \$19.50 Suits go for **\$10.00**
 \$35.00 and \$45.00 Suits go for **\$29.50**

A Preliminary Showing of New Spring Suits and Dresses
 Misses' blue serge and Shepherd Check Suits, in chic, girlish models—
 from **\$24.50 to \$45.00**

Misses' Dresses
 Daily arrivals of new taffetas, foulards, Georgette, marquisette and serges, also many pretty combinations in all the new colors and fancies—
 from **\$15.00 to \$35.00** (Second Floor.)

SHIRTS!
A Trip to the Laundry Is All That Is Needed
 100 dozen Shirts that were formerly marked \$1.25, \$1.65 \$2.00 and \$2.50, in a final sale tomorrow **95c**
 Made of fine quality woven madras and percales in good seasonable patterns. Sizes 14 to 17. (Main Floor.)



T. R. REPLIES TO STONE; BACKS CHAMBERLAIN

Colonel Says Missourian Has Done All That He Could to Serve Germany.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 25 (By A. P.).—Theodore Roosevelt "in a speech before the National Press Club yesterday asserted his right to criticize the conduct of the war and declared it to be every man's duty to expose inefficiency if it retards the work of the war-making machinery."

In answer to an attack made on him recently in the Senate by Senator Stone he said the speech was an insidious effort in behalf of Germany, and that the Missouri Senator, who had done all he could to serve Germany in opposing war legislation, had been the first to inject partisan politics into the war.

Col. Roosevelt came out in open support of Senator Chamberlain's proposal for a war cabinet, and a munitions department.

YOU CAN'T BRUSH OR WASH OUT DANDRUFF

The only sure way to get rid of dandruff is to dissolve it, then you destroy it entirely. To do this, get about four ounces of ordinary liquid arvon; apply it at night when retiring; use enough to moisten the scalp and rub it in gently with the finger tips.

Do this tonight, and by morning, most if not all, of your dandruff will be gone, and three or four more applications will completely dissolve and entirely destroy every single sign and trace of it, no matter how much dandruff you may have.

You will find, too, that all itching and digging of the scalp will stop at once, and your hair will be fluffy, lustrous, glossy, silky and soft, and look and feel a hundred times better. You can get liquid arvon at any drug store. It is inexpensive and never fails to do the work.—ADV.

While the speech contained little criticism of individuals, the Colonel spoke of the "maladministration" of the War Department in warmly praising the work of the Senate Committee. As to the worth of investigations, he said it was the duty of Congress to get at the truth and President Wilson when at Princeton advocating congressional inquiry into the acts of the administration.

Declaring the present is no time for politics, Col. Roosevelt said: "No public servant and no private citizen in his public relation at this time has any business to consider partisan politics in any way."

He said he criticized the conduct of the Spanish War and that his action then showed he believed himself to be performing his duty now.

It was never more necessary than now, he said, to tell the people the truth. "If conditions are good," he said, "I will be glad to be a part of them."

Continued on Next Page.

Any Sickness Leaves Weakness

Even a simple cold reduces your resistive powers to allow other sickness. Only food—not alcohol or drugs—creates the rich blood which distributes strength to the body, and the concentrated medicinal food in

SCOTT'S EMULSION

makes the blood rich and stimulates its circulation while its tonic virtue enlivens the appetite and aids nutrition to reestablish strength quickly and permanently. If you are rundown, anemic or nervous, get SCOTT'S. It builds because it is a food—not a stimulant.

Scott & Bowne, Bloomfield, N. J.

12-6

Remarkable Savings Abound Saturday at St. Louis' Popular War Days' Store

Women's \$2.25 Gloves

GENUINE White Kid Gloves with over-sewn seams and two-clasps, heavily embroidered in black and white; all sizes; \$2.25 val. **\$1.19**

(Street Floor—The Lindell.)

We Give and Redeem Lamb Stamps
Washington,
Eighth and
St. Charles Sts.
Lindell
DRY GOODS CO.

WEEK-END CANDY SPECIALS

Fresh From Our Own Factory
Delicious cherries, pineapples, peaches grapes, pears and apples, dipped in cream and milk chocolate—regular 50c pound
kind; pound **39c**
Pecan Cream Balls, Heavenly Hash, box, 19c
Assorted Taffies and Brittles; pound **25c**
(Street Floor—The Lindell.)

An Extraordinary Bargain Offering in New Georgette Blouses

Splendid
Values

\$4.90

Latest
Models

BLouses of unusual style, many in smart new frill effects; others beautifully embroidered or beaded. The material is fine quality Georgette.

THE new shades included are orchid, turquoise, flame, jockey green, peach, maize, tea-rose, polius blue, flesh and white.

New Spring Skirts

ENTIRELY new models in pleated, tunic and conservative straight line effects with newest pocket and belt features; all plain colors, also stripes and plain taffetas, poplins, serges and novelty weaves; regular **\$4.95** & **\$7.95** lar and extra sizes.

Men's \$1.00 to \$1.50 Neckwear

MEN'S Four-in-Hand Ties of heavy silks; wide flowing ends; in a wonderful showing of colors and pretty satin stripes; also Persian designs; 100 patterns to select from. **78c**

Men's \$2.00 and \$2.25 well Tailored Shirts of madras, jacquards and reps, in a wonderful display of colors, with laundered and soft cuffs; all sizes; each... **\$1.45**

\$2.00 Pajamas **\$1.39**

\$1.65 Union Suits **\$1.29**

Men's heavy flannel Pajamas, in pink and blue stripes; well made and comfortable; all sizes.

Men's heavy white ribbed Union Suits, well made—in all sizes, special Saturday.

Women's \$1.00 Stockings

BLACK and white Silk Stockings; lace tops; high spliced heel and toe; slight irregularities of \$1.00 quality, pair. **65c**

Stockings 25c Quality **15c**

Women's white mercerized Stockings; high spliced heel and toe; slight irregularities of \$1.00 quality, pair. **49c**

Men's Silk Socks, in a variety of colors and black and white; slight irregularities of 75c quality. **49c**

(Street Floor—The Lindell.)

Women's Cotton Tights

WOMEN'S fine ribbed, medium weight White Cotton Tights; knee or ankle length; regular sizes. **75c**

Extra sizes, 85c.

\$1 Union Suits **75c**

\$1.25 Camisoles **98c**

Women's fine ribbed cotton Union Suits, high neck, long sleeves and ankle length; sizes up to 38. **75c**

Women's White Muslin Petticoats; finished with embroidery ruffle; regular \$1.60 quality. **98c**

(Street Floor—The Lindell.)



Sale of New Spring Hats

Compare Them With \$5 and \$6 Hats Elsewhere.

Satin combined with liscere or caterpillar **\$3.97** Crepe combined with liscere or Milan straw.

A SALE of beautiful new Spring Hats, direct from the best designers. This is an unusual event, as you'll agree when you note the beauty and style of the hats offered at this price. The styles are new—the shapes are new—the materials are new.

(Third Floor—The Lindell.)

Final Clean-Up and Sale of Girls' Winter Coats

Values to \$19.50 **\$12.95** Values to \$15 **\$9.95** Values to \$8.95 **\$5.95**

THE materials are Burella cloth, silk plushes, wool velour, velvets, Zibeline, corduroy, broadcloth, etc., full and semi-lined; belted; large collars and pockets; fur and velvet trimmed—a good assortment of sizes and all the wanted colors.

Girls' Middies, Special, \$1.50

MIDDIES in all white or white with colored collars—the pocket, collar and cuffs are braided trimmed—embroidered emblem on sleeves and collar; sizes 6 to 20 years.

Middies in solid blue; large collar, cuffs and pockets trimmed with white braid; fastened at neck with white lacing; sizes 6 to 20 years. **\$1.65**

(Second Floor.)

Boys' \$10 and \$12.50 Suits

INCLUDED in this lot of 150 Suits are wool mixtures with two pairs of trousers; fully lined—early choosing is advised, as there are a limited number of these splendid Suits. There are also 40 wool serges with one pair trousers. **\$6.90**



Boys' \$5.50 to \$8 Juvenile Suits

\$4.90

ABOUT 65 splendid Suits for the little ones; come in velvet, Scotch mixtures; wool serges and fancy mixtures. There are Russian and Eton styles.

(Second Floor—The Lindell.)

THE FIRST GREAT SHOE SALE OF 1918!

Advance Spring Styles for Women at Less Than Factory Cost

Values to \$4.00

Values to \$5.00

Values to \$7.00

Values to \$12.00

Women's High Shoes in patent, dull kid or gunmetal, with cloth or lace tops; button or lace style; patent or violet kid with white tops, etc. Low Shoes in patent, dull kid or gunmetal, opera, colonial or strap styles.

\$2

Women's Boots in gunmetal or patent brown or gray kid Boots with cloth tops to match; also Spring Pumps in patent, dull or gunmetal, opera, colonial or strap styles; all sizes.

\$3

Women's Spring Boots, in gray kid, brown kid or black kid with colored cloth tops; all brown kid, brown kid with ivory kid tops, etc.; come in all sizes.

\$4

Wichert & Gardiner's and other high-grade makes in women's shoes, including gray or brown kid with ivory or gray colored cloth tops; Military Boots in brown kid; tan calf with cloth or buck tops and many other new styles.

\$5

Home Needs

\$2.75 to \$2.50 Gas Heaters, various sizes, generate a great deal of heat at little cost. **\$1.69**

See Wear-Ever Aluminum Stovepans (1 to a customer) **29c**

See Kitchen Klemmer, large similar top canner **17c**

See Paints for floors and other high-grade makes in women's shoes, including gray or brown kid with ivory or gray colored cloth tops; Military Boots in brown kid; tan calf with cloth or buck tops and many other new styles.

See Toilet Paper, fine quality; 8 rolls for **25c**

See Soda, steaming kind with flexible steel tubes **69c**

(Fifth Floor—The Lindell.)

DRIVEN THROUGH THE WALL!

BUY NOW! BUY QUICK!

Now is the time for action! The alterations on our new addition are crowding us for room, and more space positively must be secured at once! In fact, the necessity for reducing all stocks to rock bottom is so imperative that even blues, blacks and other staple goods are included in these immense bargain lots at the same give-away prices! Don't hesitate and let this wonderful opportunity slip. Even if you don't need a suit or overcoat now—look ahead towards next year and buy one for future use. Just remember that every one of these garments are fresh and new and will be just as stylish and serviceable next year as now! If you value immense savings you will not only be here bright and early tomorrow morning but will tell your friends of this

BIG CUT IN PRICE ON EVERY GARMENT IN STOCK



MEN'S HEAVY-WEIGHT
Mackinaws
WORTH \$7 AND \$8
Priced Saturday in this Expansion Sale at **\$5.00**

MEN'S \$12 SUITS \$7.00 AND OVERCOATS

Priced in this Expansion Sale at **\$7.00**

MEN'S \$15 SUITS \$9.50 AND OVERCOATS

Priced in this Expansion Sale at **\$9.50**

Men's \$20 Suits \$13.50 and Overcoats

Priced in this Expansion Sale at **\$13.50**

Men's \$25 Suits \$16.50 and Overcoats

Priced in this Expansion Sale at **\$16.50**

Men's \$30 Suits \$20.50 and Overcoats

Priced in this Expansion Sale at **\$20.50**

Men's \$35 Suits \$22.50 and Overcoats

Priced in this Expansion Sale at **\$22.50**

MEN'S RAINCOATS

MEN'S \$3 FULL-LENGTH RAINCOATS, **\$1.85**

Good serviceable Raincoats in the wanted tan color. Priced in this Big Expansion Sale at **\$1.85**

MEN'S \$5 GRAY AND TAN RAINCOATS, **\$2.85**

Extra quality English Raincoats in all sizes. Priced in this Big Expansion Sale at **\$2.85**

MEN'S \$8.00 WATERPROOF RAINCOATS, **\$4.85**

Choice of gray or tan colors in the stylish models. Priced in this Big Expansion Sale at **\$4.85**

MEN'S PANTS

\$2 PANTS, \$1.35 **\$5 PANTS, \$2.85**

All sizes 28 to 46 waist. Priced in this Expansion Sale at **\$1.35** and **\$2.85**

\$3 PANTS, \$1.85 **\$6 PANTS, \$3.85**

All sizes 28 to 50 waist. Priced in this Expansion Sale at **\$1.85** and **\$3.85**

\$4 PANTS, \$2.35 **\$8 PANTS, \$4.85**

All sizes 28 to 50 waist. Priced in this Expansion Sale at **\$2.35** and **\$4.85**

BOYS' CLOTHES

Boys' \$10 Fine All-Wool Blue Serge Suits **\$6.95**

Boys' \$3 Suits and Overcoats **\$1.95**

Boys' \$5 Suits and Overcoats **\$2.85**

Boys' \$6 Suits and Overcoats **\$3.85**

Boys' \$8 Suits and Overcoats **\$4.85**

Boys' \$6 Wool Mackinaws **\$3.85**

Boys' \$1 Cassimere Knickers **57c**

Boys' \$2 Wool Knickers **\$1.33**

OPEN SATURDAY NIGHT UNTIL 9 P. M.

WELL!

N. W. CORNER EIGHTH AND WASHINGTON

WIGHT-WILLIAMS WEDDING TOMORROW

Ceremony Will Be Performed at 5 P. M. at Home of Bride's Aunt in Clayton.

ONE of the brilliant nuptial events of the winter will take place tomorrow afternoon at 5 o'clock when Miss Marie Wight will become the bride of Eugene Williams. The ceremony will be performed at the home of the bride's aunt, Mrs. Samuel Plant of "Easton Farms," Clayton, with the Rev. Father O'Connor of the Church of Our Lady of Lourdes officiating. Miss Wight will have as maid of honor her sister, Miss Jane Wight, and Misses Marie Church, Eleanor Scott, Grace Taylor and Nancy Bates will be the bridesmaids. Gates Williams will serve his brother as best man, and Harry Blackwell and Tom Bennett and Col. Reginald McNally, who is stationed at Tacoma, Wash., are expected to be present. The bride is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Tabor of New York, Tenn.

Lloyd Wells and Capt. Arthur Wear, here from Camp Funston, will be the groomsmen. Miss Wight is the daughter of Capt. and Mrs. Ira Wight of the Kingsbury apartments. She made her debut two seasons ago and has been one of the belles in the exclusive set since. She was one of the three special maids of honor at the Valedictory ball in her debut year. She is a member of the Junior League and has been active in its entertainments and work. Mr. Williams is the son of Mrs. Eugene Williams of 9 Washington terrace. Through his mother, who was Miss Georgia O'Neal, daughter of the late Gov. O'Neal of Alabama, and the sister of Emmett O'Neal, who was also a Governor of the State, he is related to many Southern families of prominence. He attended Amherst College.

After a honeymoon trip, Mr. Williams and his bride will reside with his mother temporarily.

Social Items

Mrs. Arnold Waldo Layman of 15 Kingsbury place entertained this

GIRL INTRODUCED TO SOCIETY AT RECEPTION



MISS EDITH LAYMAN.
—Mugshot Portrait.

afternoon with a reception to introduce her daughter, Miss Edith Layman. The house was decorated with Southern smilax and pink roses and the table in the dining room had a French basket filled with Killarney roses for a centerpiece. Among the girls who served and assisted were Misses Dorothy Phillips, Elizabeth Kennard, Harriet Price, Eleanor Kroeger, Marjorie Scott and Queenie Deacon. Others who assisted were Misses Thomas Richards, Kent Jarvis, Ernest Kroeger, Elliott Dixon, Walter Robbins, C. A. Houts, Theophilus Conzelmann, N. A. McMillan and Earle Layman. Mrs. George O. Dix of Terre Haute, Ind., who is visiting Mrs. Layman, was also an honor guest of the afternoon. Miss Layman was a student at Wellesley College until the Christmas holidays and upon her return home her engagement to Lieut. Edward F. Deacon of Detroit was announced.

Mrs. Peyton T. Carr of 62 Vandeventer place gave a tea this afternoon in honor of her daughter-in-law, Mrs. J. Kehlor Carr, a bride of December, who is her guest during Ensign Carr's absence in service. Among those who served were Misses Katherine McCreery, Cora Pittman, Julia Tyler, Lucile Capen, Katherine Pierce and Mathilda Overton. Mrs. Kehlor Carr was Miss Erie Adelaide Primrose Shaw of Ottawa, Canada, before her marriage, but she has spent a great deal of her time in St. Louis and has many friends here.

Mrs. C. V. Huntington Smith of 4135 Westminster place returned Wednesday after spending several weeks in the East.

Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Shotwell of Chicago arrived last night to visit Mr. Shotwell's sister, Mrs. Selwyn

Edgar of 4379 Lindell boulevard. They came to attend the marriage of Mr. Shotwell's cousin, Eugene Williams, who will wed Miss Marie Wight tomorrow.

Mrs. Joe Manne of 608 Hamilton avenue gave a luncheon last Saturday in honor of her sister, Miss Goldie Gladstein of Scottsburg, Ind., who is visiting her. Among the guests were: Misses Hattie Rubin, Tillie Kurlander, Jane Epstein and Gertrude Manne and Mrs. W. H. Tabor.

The Alliance Francaise of St. Louis has sent out invitations for a meeting to be held on Monday afternoon at the Buckingham Hotel, at which M. Louis Deland, general secretary of the Alliance Francaise, will speak. He will take for his subject "Newspaper Serial Stories."

The opening of the Bal Masque at the Century Boat Club tomorrow has been changed from 9 o'clock to 4:30 in the afternoon, in compliance with the fuel regulations.

Diamond Rings, Pay \$1 a week. Lotis B. Co., 24 E. 38th St., ADV.

62nd WEDDING ANNIVERSARY

The sixty-second wedding anniversary of Mr. and Mrs. William Griesbach will be celebrated March 21 at their home, 3121 Hickory street, where they have lived more than 50 years. He is 89 years old, and his wife is 86. When Griesbach departed to join the army during the Civil War, he left his wife in the same house in which they now reside.

Lex-Fox With Popsin. A Liquid Digestive Laxative, pleasant to take. Just try one 50c bottle for indigestion or constipation. ADV.

SISTER'S COMPLAINT IN CASE OF DEAD SOLDIER

Letter From Her in St. Louis Read by Chamberlain in Senate Speech.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 25 (Special).—A connection with his attack on the War Department because of health conditions in the army camps, Senator Chamberlain in the Senate yesterday read the following letter: "St. Louis, Mo., Dec. 31, 1917. "Mr. George Chamberlain, Chairman Investigation Committee, Washington, District of Columbia.

"Dear Sir: In behalf of a heart-broken family (a father, mother, two sisters and myself) I wish to register a complaint for the manner in which the case of my brother, —, was handled at the base hospital, —.

"From the meager information my folks received it appears that brother was stricken with a slight illness on Monday, Dec. 10, and on Wednesday, the 12th, he was taken to base hospital at — with cerebro-spinal meningitis, and on Tuesday, Dec. 18, 10:20 a. m., he passed away.

"First information my folks received was Friday, Dec. 14. A neighbor lady received a letter from her son—brother of my brother—advising her he had seen brother fall out of ranks at drill and was carried to a stretcher to hospital.

"My sister wired an officer (a friend of our family) in Company —, Infantry, at noon Friday, Dec. 14, to spare no expense and to wire, collect, details. Saturday morning, Dec. 15, received a reply from the officer to the effect brother sent to base hospital with spinal meningitis, condition favorable for recovery.

"Upon receipt of latter telegram, sister wired a doctor in Company —, Infantry, to wire details, collect,

and to spare no expense. Sister also on Dec. 15, Saturday, wrote three special delivery letters to the officer, doctor, and a comrade, respectively, for particulars, but received no more information until Tuesday evening, 6 o'clock, a wire from the company officer that brother passed away 10:20 a. m., Dec. 18. This wire was sent from Fort — at 3:15 p. m., Dec. 18.

"Brother's body was shipped without instruction to his home, —, Kan., for burial. I had the casket opened for identification purposes and was mortified beyond expression to find that, although brother died for his country, he was not placed in a uniform. He was not even clothed, being wrapped only in cotton and tied up in a sheet.

"Also discovered that a post mor-

tem had been held, which I understand is permissible only with consent of parents or relatives. The traces of embalming were very scarce and the features were gone entirely, making it impossible for a local undertaker to put the body in shape for my father and mother and sisters to view.

"My brother is dead and in his grave and I cannot expect to heal the wound in my broken heart by filing this complaint; but I am doing it all in a true American spirit and trust it will result in some good to those who may be so unfortunate as to lose their dear ones under similar circumstances. Would you be satisfied if this case applied to your brother? Address all correspondence to me, as I don't care for my heartbroken father and mother to know all of the facts."

Canadian Food Controller Resigns. OTTAWA, Ontario, Jan. 25 (E. P.).—W. J. Hanna, Food Controller of Canada, has resigned. He was succeeded by H. B. Thompson of Vancouver.

KIESELHORST
—ESTABLISHED 1870—
St. Louis Representative
MASON & HAMLIN
PIANOS
1007 OLIVE STREET

SCHMITZ & SHRODER

Big Money-Saving Opportunity for You!!

DISCOUNT

of 15%

ON OUR ENTIRE STOCK OF
**Overcoats, Suits
and Mackinaws**

Except Blues, Blacks and Uniforms

The original price tags remain on all goods—this discount of 15% will be deducted at time of purchase.

\$12.50 Overcoats	\$10.63
and Suits at 15% off	
\$13.50 Overcoats	\$11.47
and Suits at 15% off	
\$15.00 Overcoats	\$12.75
and Suits at 15% off	
\$20.00 Overcoats	\$17.00
and Suits at 15% off	
\$25.00 Overcoats	\$21.25
and Suits at 15% off	
\$30.00 Overcoats	\$25.50
and Suits at 15% off	



Special
Showering
Men's
Jean
Pants

Men's \$10 Suits \$8.50
Big lot to select from—
all at 15% discount—
choice at...

Stacks of Underwear

At Greatly Reduced Prices

Union Suits Exceptional values in heavy weight, fine ribbed brush back suits—white and blue—special at—	\$1.00
Men's Underwear Chalmers' Spring Needle shirts and drawers of excellent quality—special—per garment—	85c
Men's Shirts Beautiful assortment of fine count percales in flannels and all one piece—styles—reduced to—	85c
Men's Garters Pad style and cable web—a special lot—on sale, while they last at, per pair—	7c
Men's Underwear Merino wool shirts and drawers—a limited lot of broken sizes—all big bargains while they last—per garment—	75c
Men's Underwear Good quality heavy ribbed cotton, fleeced back shirts and drawers—in all sizes—special—per garment—	59c
Men's Neckwear We want you to see the beautiful pure silk taffeta four-in-hand—large open ends and all one piece—which we offer—	25c
Handkerchiefs Good quality white Cambric Handkerchiefs—a special bargain at this price of, each—	5c

Boys' Clothing --- 15% OFF

Just Think What This Means!!

Boys' \$3.85 Two-Pants Suits	\$3.27
at 15% Discount	
Boys' \$5.00 Two-Pants Suits	\$4.25
at 15% Discount	
Boys' \$5.95 Two-Pants Suits	\$5.05
at 15% Discount	
Boys' \$6.75 Knicker Suits	\$5.74
One and two-pants style— at 15% discount	



Specials!

Corduroy Knickers	\$1.29
Boys' Sweaters	79c
Flannel Blouses	59c
Boys' Caps	50c
Rah Rah Hats	39c
With pulldown band—	

"If you see it in a Schmitz & Shroder ad—it's TRUE!"
SCHMITZ & SHRODER
S. E. COR. EIGHTH AND WASHINGTON AV.

Poor Richard Says:
"Some are weatherwise,
some are otherwise."
But the really wise wear
Beaded Tip
SHOE LACES
"The Tip That Can't Pull Off!"
At Boot Blacks and Shoe Stores
LOOK ON THE WRAPPER FOR "BEADED"

A sausage delicacy
Made from hams, tenderloins, etc., of corn-fed, milk-finished pigs. Mild seasoning; little fat. A delicious new-fashioned sausage—you'll like it. Try some.

All Pigs and all the Pigs
Ask your dealer or phone Forest Bros. Merc. Co. Distributors.

Bethany Farm Sausage



Here's Health!

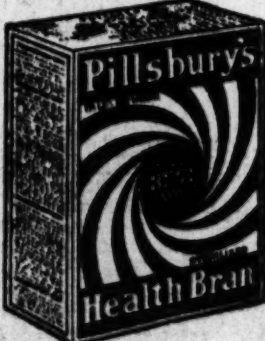
HEALTH and relief from constipation. Medicine? No. But a wonderful food laxative that acts in a natural manner—always the ideal way. If you seek relief from constipation, just eat, each day, a delicious bran muffin made from

Pillsbury's Health Bran

THE large, clean, coarse flakes supply the right amount of roughage to exercise the intestines and promote normal bowel activity. Then too—the Pillsbury recipe, printed on the Pillsbury package, produces a breakfast muffin that is really delicious! Don't doubt it—try it—forget medicine—use PILLSBURY'S HEALTH BRAN and bid good-bye to constipation.

Big Package 15c At Your Grocers

PILLSBURY FLOUR MILLS CO.
MINNEAPOLIS, MINNESOTA



Lowest Prices Our Chief Attraction
Schneider
SIXTH & WASHINGTON

39c Ladies' Silk Hose all colors and sizes; 75c values, at

59c Ladies' Kid Gloves; \$1.50 and \$2 values, at

MEN'S SUITS
ON SALE SATURDAY
\$5.00

Take advantage of this wonderful money-saving opportunity that is offered in this mighty clean-up sale. Men's Work Suits, Men's Corduroy Suits, Men's Storm Overcoats, Men's all-wool Cashmere Suits that originally sold for \$20, are now at ridiculously low prices.

\$4.00 BOYS' SERGE SUITS
Good weight material, dark blue, pin-back model, also gray and brown; a serviceable garment; nothing like it in this city for this price (Third Floor).....

Special! One Hour 10 to 11 O'Clock Gingham Kitchen APRON 10c
(Second Floor.)

Girls' Coats
Corduroy and cloths (Second Floor), **\$2.00**

Men's and Women's \$4 Shoes, \$1.95
Special offering of Men's and Women's high-grade \$4 Shoes to our customers; assorted styles and sizes in both lots; special (Main Floor).....

\$1.95

Children's \$2 Shoes: special offering of Children's Shoes: button and lace styles; assorted styles and sizes; special 99c (Main Floor).....

Women's \$20 Rain Funnies: Women's Raincoats: in assorted styles and sizes; special 99c (Main Floor).....

\$1 and \$1.25 SHIRTS
Couldn't be better if you paid the regular price for them; madras and pongee in stripes and solid colors; all sizes, Saturday (Main Floor).....

79c

Men's Collars
Fine linen Collars in all sizes 1/2 and 1 (Main Floor).....

61c

Boston Garters
The Well known Boston Garter, Saturday (Main Floor).....

14c

75c Caps
Men's and Boys' in all sizes; special Saturday (Main Floor).....

49c

Men's Union Suits
\$1.25 values; (Main Floor).....

98c

Bargain Basement

Union Suits	Corset Covers	Grettonnes	2 1/2-Lb. Cotton Batts
Mixed rib Union Suits; high taped neck; ankle length; sizes to 12 years (Basement),	Trimmed in lace and embroidered; slightly soiled from handling from (Basement).....	Remnants, but good lengths; any pattern desired (Basement), per yd.	Opens up 72x81 inches, comfort size; good grade bleached (Basement),
39c	15c	19c	59c

Two girls, experienced
envelopes; good pay. 30

-Young lady, with some experience; must be good at figures; must be able to start; give

Wife, experienced. 1214 N. Cabany 6597.
 Girl for housework. 1214 N. Cabany 6597.
 Woman or girl. Mueller
 17th st.
 Rooms for boarding house.
 Bath and room; come see
 10 N. Broadway.
 Girl for cooking and do-
 mestic preferred; call at
 10 Washington.
 GIRLS—Experienced, and
 Apply Marx & Jones, 214 N. 3d.
 O'GILL—Must be handy with
 tools.
 MACHINE FEEDERS—
 steady positions; apply at
 3833 Randolph st.
 Wall paper store. 3002 N. 2d.
 restaurant. 2508 S. Jeff.
 Years old to clean garments.
 Supply Co., 221 N. 3d.
 1000 map envelopes. Crow
 10th and Morgan sts.
 Experienced, an office. 182
 10th and Morgan sts. 254

dining-room work. Appl.
 1315 Delaware
 Night work in laboratory
 18 years of age; hours 7
 15 to start with \$16.50
 on power machines, \$4 per
 day a bonus. Union C
 4th floor.
 PAY APPLY
 GOOD CANDY FACTORY
 CREAM
 Experience not necessary;
 15 years of age. Columbia C
 1500
 Steady employment for girls
 candy factory. A. J. Walter
 must
 Dining room for boarding house
 board and room; come re
 Broadway
 About 20 or 24 years old, fo
 must operate typewriter.
 Post-Dispatch
 Station on power saw

1st N. To do floor work in cutting
 and in shirt factory; good
 positions. Buckley Shirt Co.,
 5th floor.
 2nd To learn millinery trade; wa-
 lent learning; give you a posi-
 tion. Bush-Potter Mfg. Co., 13th
 floor.
 3rd On sewing machines; all
 night factory work; J. Hols-
 ter, 20th floor, 3216 Florissant.
 4th To learn to sew ladies'
 suits; give you free position;
 experienced girls make \$15.
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 100th

Learn the Millinery Trade
 Teach you free and pay you while
 you work. Positions in general
 millinery for 15-day class.
HIGLER, FRANKEL MFG. CO.
 14th Street, 1408 Locust
 St. Louis, Mo.

HIGLER—For general house-
 hold work. 2815 Dickson.
 St. Louis, Mo.

HIGLER—For general house-
 hold work. 1002 East 7th
 St. St. Louis, Mo.

HIGLER—For general house-
 hold work. 3800 Russ-
 land. Victor 2-4.

HIGLER—Or woman. Main
 St. St. Louis, Mo.

HIGLER—Light housework; re-
 tired. Cabany 5300M.

HIGLER—F. & S. Tassel Co.,
 14th St. St. Louis, Mo.

HIGLER—15; assist in house-
 hold home for good girl. 2307
 14th St. St. Louis, Mo.

HIGLER—White, to assist in
 housework. 942 N. 2nd St.
 St. Louis, Mo.

HIGLER—White; for general ho-

BEGIRL—For general housework; 6 weeks; family of two men.
BEGIRL—Or woman, light build at 4015 N. 9th, between 8th & 9th.
BEGIRL—For general housework only; no outside work. 5223 C.
BEGIRL—Colored, for general housework and cooking; no washing. 1418 E. 1st.
BEGIRL—Young, to assist with housework in apartment. Phone 1-3336 Washington St.
BEGIRL—For general housework and assist with children. 1015 Washington St., Cabot Bldg.
BEGIRL—Good name, good work only. Apply 5614 Waterman.
BEGIRL—To assist with housework; children; good home; good wages. 2918 Dickson.

any, will consider widow with
 GIRL—White girl for gent
 3 in family; no washing;
 experience and references re-
 ferred to. Address—
 GIRL—For general house-
 hold family, with children; no
 outside work; good work-
 man. Forest 1118.
 CREKEPER—Competent, im-
 mense 5 and 6 years. 1118.
 CREKEPER—Middle-aged; ca-
 led 12 p. m. 1815 N. 17th.
 CREKEPER—Call rooms 78 Be-
 Harrison and Franklin.
 CREKEPER—For cleaning ho-
 use. Box P-158, Post-Dispatch.
 WOMAN—For general
 house work for family of
 4. Apply 600 7th st.
 INTERESTS—Experienced; \$12.50
 adequate Trust Bldg., room
 10.
 WOMEN HELP—Colored prefer

[illegible]

where need apply.

New Patent, Ready-to-Wear
CLOTHING DRY GOODS CO.

WANTED—For baby must furnish
Call Mrs. Clark at Lin-
coln 1-1000
Wanted, refined girl to man-
age estate
1000 Berlin, 2d Cor.

MATONS—Experienced on
all matters absolutely
prices steady work all year
1010 E. Co. 800 Washington

MATONS—On white goods
factory; experienced begin-
ning and guaranteed salary.
Answer Jackson

MATONS—Experienced on
all new house dresses and
slight prices
J. L. Bager Mfg. Co. 80

**UNUSUAL OPPORTU-
TY FOR OPERATOR**

automatic sewing machine
resistant to start DEL.
all N. H. H.
ATORS—Experienced on
weekly allowance plan
the weekly permanent
and 2 more experienced
Mr. Margolis, manager
and Salt Co. 1900 Washi

Clothes Are Constantly Advancing! Famous-Barr Co. Sincerely Advises You to Save Dollars on Your Suit or Overcoat Tomorrow!

Values Now Quoted in Our Clearing Sales Will Soon Be Impossible

Look at the thing from any angle and there is but one conclusion—NOW is the time to do your clothes buying—economically. Supposing that you don't need a new suit or a new overcoat for months to come—or until next season—you will STILL be doing the wise thing by anticipating your needs. Because?

Because Good Clothes Will Not Be Lower and They Will Certainly Be Higher

Men of business know that these are facts. They know that the wool crop is short by millions of pounds of supplying our needs here and abroad—that manufacturing costs are keeping measured pace with the cost of goods in the raw. They know that

This Is Not Far-Fetched Speculation, but Sound Business Judgment

and it is to the intelligent and far-seeing men of St. Louis that we direct this appeal. We are in position through market affiliations and broad-gauged operating to foresee the trend of the markets with unusual accuracy, and our best word is that the time is NOW for clothes buying. Select from these unequalled values in the Clearing Sales, in the five big groups:



The Suits Embrace Our Very Best

Specifically—cassimere, worsted, chevots and good mixtures—tailored by the best-known clothes creators according to the best standards of the season. Models for young and old—in every one of the five big sale groups:

Warm Winter Overcoats of All Sorts

"Trench" Coats and the staid conservative models that older men like—full of good service for the Winter, and for next season's needs, as well. Friezes, Meltons, Kerseys, Vicunas and so on. St. Louis' very best values at:

Suits & Overcoats

The Season's Biggest Values at

\$14

Suits & Overcoats

The Season's Biggest Values at

\$16

Suits & Overcoats

The Season's Biggest Values at

\$19

Suits & Overcoats

The Season's Biggest Values at

\$23

Suits & Overcoats

The Season's Biggest Values at

\$28

Men's Fur-Lined Coats

Offered Saturday

at 20% Saving

Any fur-lined Coat, any fur-collared Coat in stock will be yours at 20% from the regular marked price (the deduction to be made at time of purchase). Second Floor

Samples and Seconds of Men's \$3

Soft Hats

will go Tomorrow at **\$1.85**

This special price is probably lower than these same Hats would cost if made today. Some of them are the maker's samples; others are so-called "seconds"—and the variety includes green, gray, pearl, tan, brown and black, in shapes and styles that will be thoroughly good for Spring wear. This is a Saturday sale that should appeal to every man who needs a new hat. Main Floor, Aisle 8

Men's Trousers

Clearance Prices!

Our semi-annual sale—and men are taking enthusiastic advantage of the chance to save. Many of the most desirable patterns—in all sizes—at

\$2.10 \$2.65 \$3.55 \$4.60

Mackinaws for Men—Priced now to clear out—your choice of our best kinds at **\$6.75, \$9.50, \$11.50.** Second Floor

Auto Casings—Seconds!

Much less in price, but trustworthy in service, else we would not recommend them. These specials for Saturday:

Size	Price	Size	Price	Size	Price	Size	Price
30x3	\$7.95	30x4	\$7.95	32x4	\$18.75	32x5	\$19.75
32x3 1/2	\$12.95	32x4 1/2	\$12.95	34x4 1/2	\$18.95	34x5 1/2	\$19.95
32x4	\$16.95	32x5	\$17.95	34x4	\$24.95	34x5	\$27.50
32x4 1/2	\$17.95	32x5 1/2	\$18.95	34x4 1/2	\$29.50	34x5 1/2	\$31.50

Haveoline Oil; light, medium or heavy; 5-gallon cans, \$2.50.

Good Headlight Lenses

7 to 7 1/2 inch sizes, pair, \$2.90. 8 1/2 to 9 1/2 inch sizes, pr., \$4.00. 9 1/2 to 11 inch sizes, pair, \$4.50. Second Floor

Monday—the February Furniture Sale

Tomorrow is the Last Preliminary Examination Day.

Full sale reductions will apply on furniture selected tomorrow, but the transaction will be completed Monday.

Deferred Payments Can Be Satisfactorily Arranged. Fourth Floor



"Dad" Saves a Tidy Sum in the Boys' Clothing Sale

Tell him that you need a new Suit or Overcoat—and tell him that tomorrow's the time to buy it. Biggest-in-the-city choice here—any style or kind you want—at these special sale prices:

\$3.80 \$4.60 \$5.90 \$7.75 \$9.50

Knickers for School Just the chance parents have waited for—Clearance brings these splendid Trousers **\$1.10, \$1.45 and \$1.85** at Second Floor

Bow Ties for Men

Saturday at 35c

at 50c and 75c Regularly

Plain colors or fancy combinations—and the lot includes CHERRY SILK Cravats. Either pointed or square ends—lengths 33, 33 1/2, 35 and 36 in. Main Floor, Aisle 8

Spring Hats!



And Here's a Special Saturday Group at **\$5.00**

Advance models—all very new—and as fresh and inviting as the first peep of Spring. Crepe and satin Hats—satin and straw Hats—Faille ribbon and straw Hats—and many other bright, happy combinations, including

The quaint Bustle Hat, the dainty poke, The graceful sailor, the turban and the mushroom. Trimmings of fruit, flowers, quills and ribbons add a colorful and effective finish to the whole. In black and all colors—a splendid variety at \$5. Third Floor

GIRLS' WASH DRESSES

An Extraordinary \$1.59 Offering Saturday at 35c

Fresh, crisply new and very attractive Dresses, in gingham or chambray—in both plain colors and plaids. High waist or regulation waistline styles; sizes 6 to 14. An unusual opportunity for saving!

Girls' Party Dresses \$8.95 \$18.00 and \$16.50 Kinds of chiffon, Georgette and taffeta, in high waisted effects—pink, blue, green and mauve, for girls of 6 to 14. Sharply reduced for clearance Saturday at \$8.95.

New Smocks, \$2.00 and \$3.00—both smocked and embroidered styles—pretty pastel colors. Third Floor

Photo Postals

Just for Saturday, 39c

Stalls, Sixth Floor

Famous-Barr Co.
Entire Block: Olive, Locust, Sixth and Seventh
We Give Eagle Stamps and Redden Pull Books for 25 in Cash or \$1.00 in Merchandise—Free Restricted Articles Excepted.

Hundreds of Alluring, Fresh and Lovely Spring Dresses for Misses

Are pouring into the Young Women's Costume Shop. The new effects are captivating. Bewitching new high waist models for the street and afternoon wear, charming draped effects and the bustle modes—there's novelty and sparkle enough for the most expectant.

Foulards Crepe de Chine
Taffeta Georgette

Polka dots threaten a return—they are already well represented—and new ideas in Georgette, crepe de chine, taffeta and combination plaids furnish no end of diversion. Beads, braid and buttons fairly cover them.

Sizes for misses of 14, 16, 18 and 20—and the prices are especially moderate.

\$15 \$19.75 \$24.75



And, for the Ultra-Smart Miss, Came Modish Dresses of Tricotines Wool Jerseys Georgettes Serges
Poiret Twills Taffetas and Georgettes

These trig tailored models and their free "sports" lines are to be the smart thing for matinee, motor and street wear. A remarkable range of prices, beginning at \$29.75 and going to \$59.50.

Misses' Authoritative New Suits, \$24.75 to \$67.50

Boys' \$6.50 and \$7 Sweater Coats. \$4.95

These are rope stitch and shaker knit Sweater Coats—made of pure wool yarns—and just the thing for school and play wear.

\$5 Shaker Knit Coats, \$3.95. \$3.75 to \$4.50 Sweaters, \$2.95. \$2 Sweater Coats, \$1.65. \$2.50 to \$2.75 Worsted Jersey, \$2.15. Gloves and Gaiters, 29c to 50c. Second Floor

Men's \$6 Shoes

With Neolin Soles—**\$4.85**

Tan, English Bals with Neolin soles and gummed "Freak Toe" Bluchers, with fiber soles.

Men's \$2.00 Black Kid Slip-on, Opera and Everett styles, \$1.45.

Boys' Army Last Shoes, tan grain Bluchers, \$2.10. Second Floor

Basement Economy Store Sharp Price-Cuts in Clothes for Men

Splendidly worthy garments to be bought Saturday, much below their true value. Save!

\$10.50 Overcoats or Suits.....\$7.35
\$12.50 Overcoats or Suits.....\$9.35
\$13.50 Overcoats or Suits.....\$10.75
\$15.00 Overcoats or Suits.....\$12.05

Boys' Norfolk-Suits

\$3.90 Suits at.....\$2.77

\$4.85 Suits at.....\$3.60

\$4.48 Suits at.....\$4.45

Men's Shirts, 40c

Men's Collars, 15c

laundry cuffs, good wearing, striped, percale, sizes 14 to 17, for 35c.

Men's \$4.50 & \$5 Shoes

at \$3.65

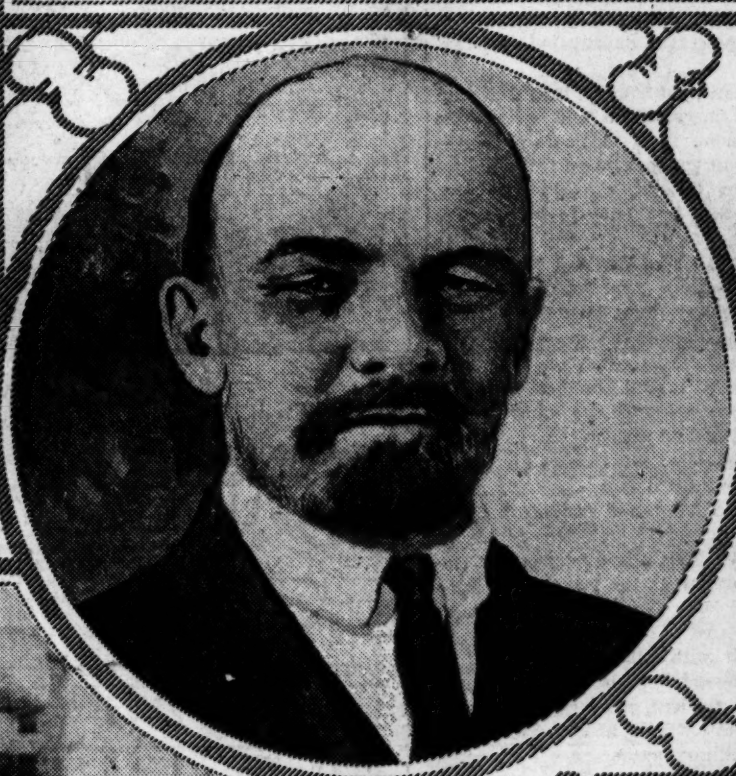
Kid, Tan and Patent Leather Shoes—lace or button—all up-to-date lasts. Sizes 6 to 11.



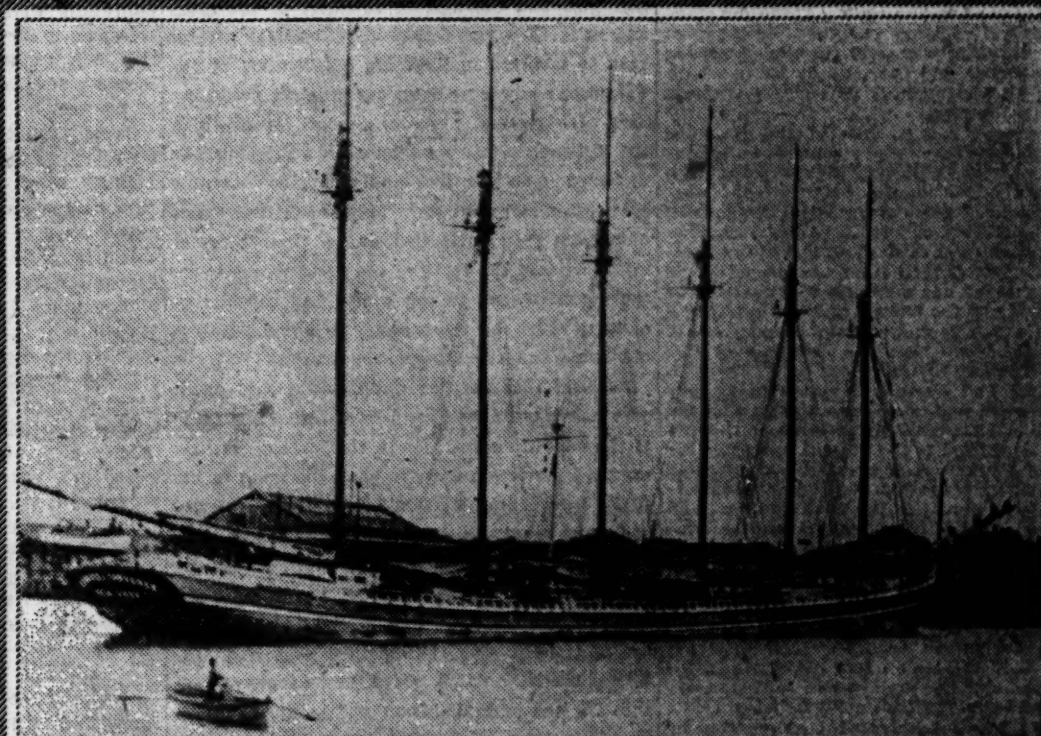
French hand grenade throwers are using steel shields for their protection in case the bomb should explode on level ground and fragments fly in their direction..
© KADEL & HERBERT.



The packets De Soto and Georgia Lee, which were crushed by the ice and sank in 12 feet of water at Memphis.



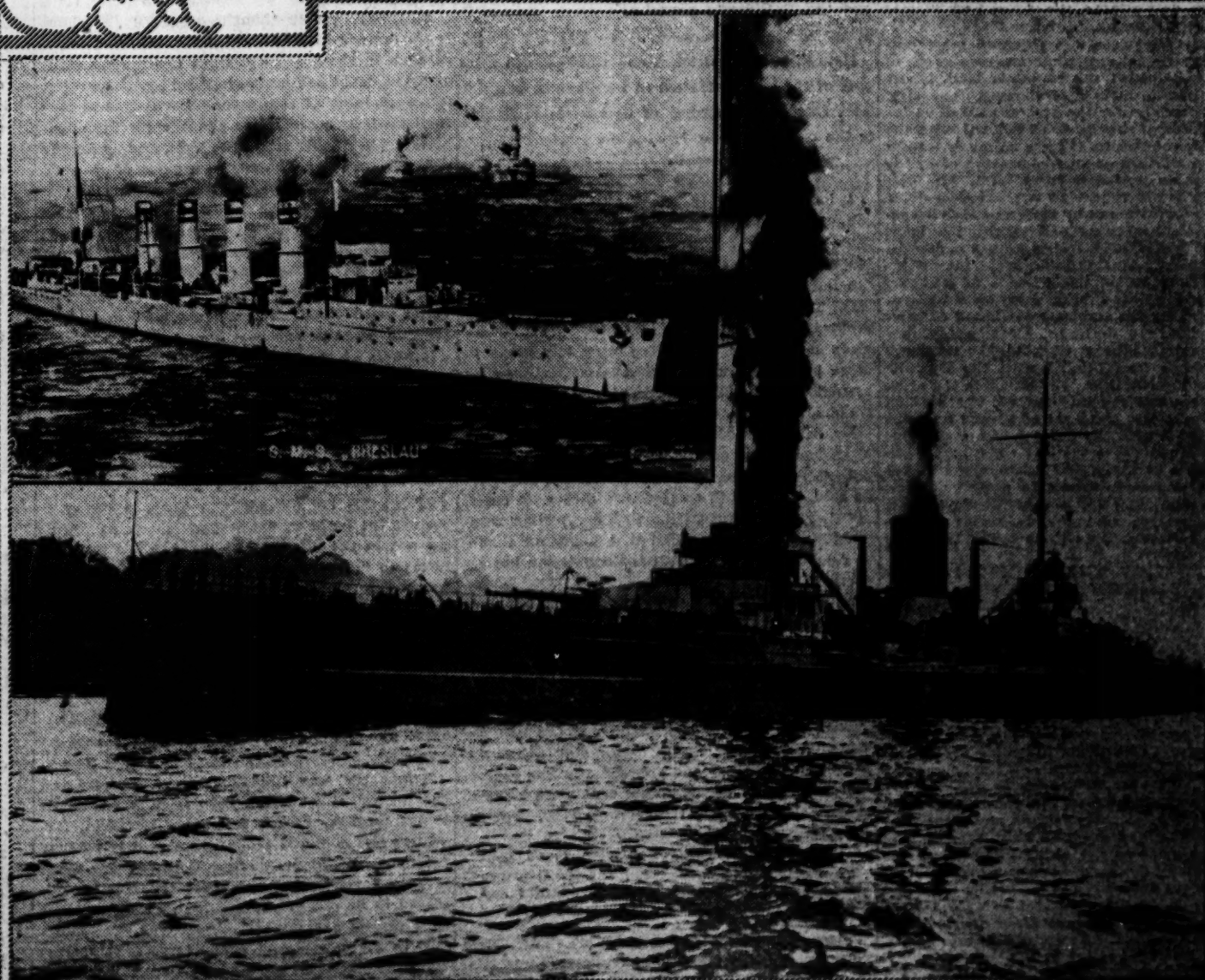
New picture of Nikolai Lenin, Bolshevik leader, just received in this country.



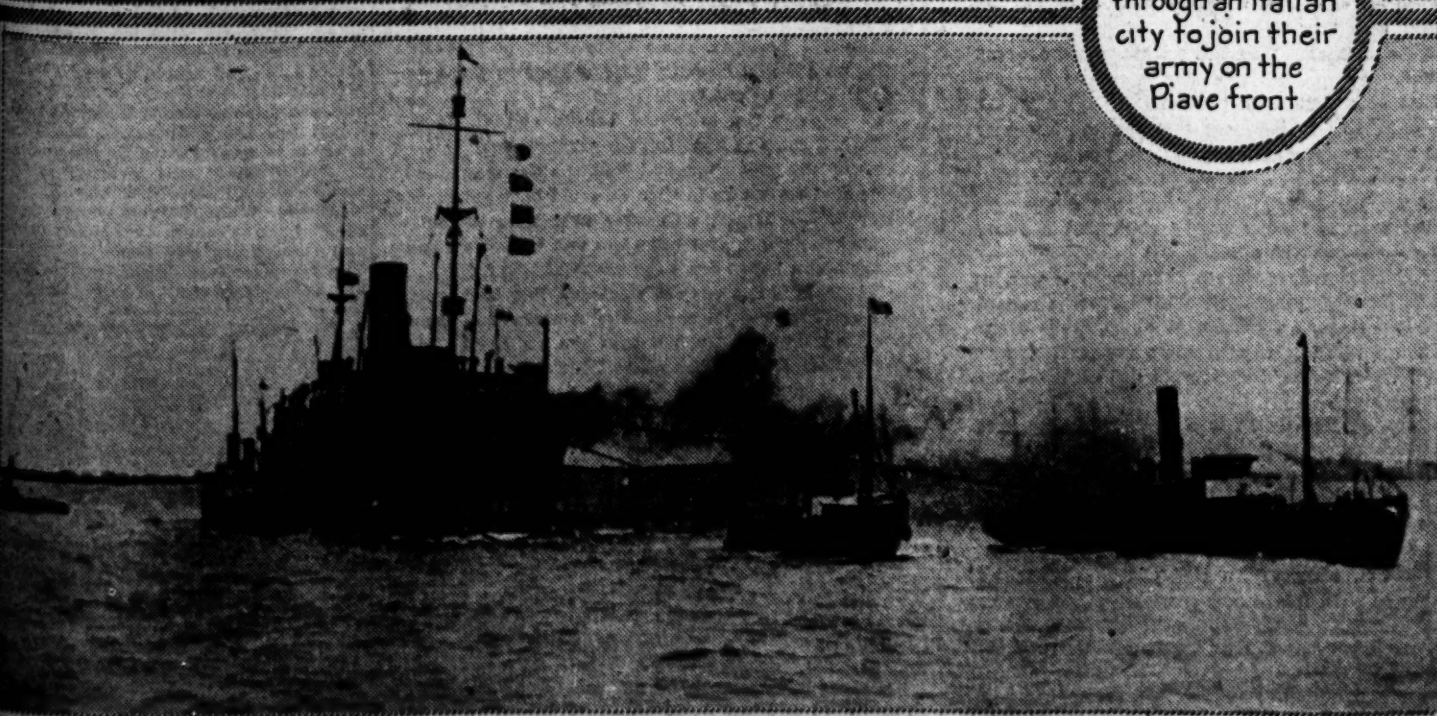
This six-masted schooner from the United States aroused much curiosity when it docked recently in France. Few ships of this type are in existence.



French infantry passing through an Italian city to join their army on the Piave front



Two war ships lost to Germany in the Dardanelles. The smaller picture is the cruiser Breslau, which was sunk; the larger, the Goeben which was so badly damaged that she was beached and afterwards bombed by English airplanes.
© INTER. FILM.



The torpedoed steamer Demara being towed to her dock by six French tug boats.
© KADEL & HERBERT.

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Dec. 15, 1878.
Published by the Pulitzer Publishing Co.
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Daily and Sunday, 194,593

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THE POST-DISPATCH PLATFORM
I know that my retirement will make no difference in its cardinal principles, that it will always fight for progress and reform, never tolerate injustice or corruption, always fight demagogues of all parties, never belong to any party, always oppose privileged classes and public plunderers, never lack sympathy with the poor, always remain devoted to the public welfare, never be satisfied with merely printing news, always be drastically independent, never be afraid to attack wrong, whether by predatory plutocracy or predatory poverty.

JOSEPH PULITZER.
April 10, 1907.

LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE.

LOYAL LUTHERANS RESENT SLUR.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.

In accordance with the recommendation of our Government for the conservation of fuel the monthly meeting of the Emmaus Lutheran congregation was held on Sunday afternoon instead of Monday night. A large gathering of men filled the hall. After attending to congregational matters and appropriating \$1100 for charitable and religious purposes, an informal after-meeting was held for the discussion of our civic and patriotic duties in obedience to and support of our Government during the war.

Nineteen young men of the Emmaus Church are serving our country under the flag, quite a number of them as volunteers, among whom is the pastor's son, who, then only 17 years of age, with the consent of his parents, enlisted with the First Missouri Regiment at the first call of the President. The congregation has placed a roll of honor of her members in khaki in the vestibule of the church and is displaying a service flag in front of the Emmaus hall. It was shown that the members of this church and the Lutherans of St. Louis in general had liberally invested in Liberty Bonds and had taken an active part in the Red Cross membership drive. Then the discussion drifted to the present campaign for Thrift Stamps. A committee was appointed comprising all presidents of the various organizations within the congregation and the principal of the school, and the president of the Sunday school, who are to dispose of as many Thrift Stamps as possible among young and old, quite a number of families having already invested for every member of their household.

In connection with these patriotic deliberations attention was called to an ill-advised slur cast on German Lutheran citizens of our country by Prof. Sinek of the Iowa State University who, as reported by the Globe-Democrat, Jan. 14, before a gathering of "several hundred" at the Victoria Theater on the previous Sunday, very indirectly contrasted the citizenship of the German Lutherans with that of the German Catholics in the following statement: "The German Catholic is more likely to be patriotic to the Stars and Stripes than the German Lutheran."

This utterance was resented most emphatically by a unanimous resolution of the meeting at the Emmaus Hall. These Lutherans, and the German ancestry, wish to claim for themselves as well as for hundreds of thousands of fellow Lutherans in this country as citizens as much loyalty and patriotism as may be boasted of by the honorable professor from Iowa, who certainly is not rendering a patriotic service to the Government by such uncalculated remarks stigmatizing and insulting a large number of citizens whose loyalty cannot be questioned. Was the statement merely intended to be, at the expense of innocent fellow citizens, a bait, a captatio benevolentiae, for his audience composed of "several hundred" Serbians, Croatians, Bohemians and others of kindred descent? Known to be at odds with the Catholic denomination, then, why give it to the press to be published in one of our leading dailies to sow the seed of ill-will and disunion among the citizens of our glorious country in these critical times, when so much is at stake and when our Government is doing its best to preserve peace, unity and good will among all our people, who are expected to stand together in common service and sacrifice under the Stars and Stripes?

RICH. KRETSCHMAR, Pastor.
MARTIN SCHAEFER, Assistant Pastor.

Coal Order Hardships.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.

The Fuel Commission's recent action seems very discriminating to me, in my particular affairs.

I have daily papers, magazines, cigars, tobacco and notions to sell; I need business as bad as others. I have worked strenuously for eight years to establish my business, then comes Mr. C and says close up at 7 p. m. My friends and customers of eight years' duration only have to take a few steps to the corner drug store and there buy the same articles I have to sell. The said drug store is heated by the same plant as my business and covered by the same roof, and burns from six to eight times as much light and much more heat, because of large room.

Close drug stores and ALL others at 7 p. m. or let ALL keep open till 10 p. m. Be fair, honest, just. Do not create dissension. There is enough of it at Washington, D. C., at present.

You are not advancing the interests of the Government by damaging many in the interest of the comparatively few. Back and listen.

LOYALTY.

HOW NOT TO WIN.

In a speech favoring interference with the plans and war work of the Wilson administration, Col. Roosevelt, with singular inconsistency, approved his own method of going ahead with the building of the Panama Canal, regardless of criticism or debate.

"I might have taken the matter under advisement and put it before the Senate," he said, "in which case we would have had a number of most able speeches on the subject. I preferred we should start the canal first and the discussion afterwards. And now, instead of discussing the Panama Canal, which would have been harmful, they merely discuss me."

In effect this is a convincing plea for freedom of action on the part of a man charged with the power and responsibility for a great work to perform that work without continual nagging and interference by those who do not have to bear the burden of responsibility, but who want to hamper and discredit him and grab whatever credit they can get from a pretense of having more knowledge, better judgment and more energy than he has.

What would be thought of a board of directors of a great corporation who, having chosen a strong, capable man to direct the corporation's business, should hamper him by nagging and continual interference with his organization, his plans and his work, before he has had a chance to carry them out and demonstrate their value and his capacity?

No sensible American desires or expects to suppress helpful inquiry and criticism, but every American of sound judgment and unbiased mind believes that the President, charged under the Constitution with the task of war preparation and war prosecution, should be free to organize his forces and carry out his plans.

The effort embodied in the Chamberlain war cabinet bill to deprive the President of his constitutional powers as head of the nation's war activities and Commander in Chief of the army and navy threatens disastrous effects far greater than is involved in the mere nullification of the President's power to direct our physical war activities. It strikes at the strong moral forces which Mr. Wilson in his splendid war leadership has unloosed upon our foes and which are winning battles for us every day. To discredit the President now as a competent and a trusted leader would weaken the force of the great moral issue, the potent appeal to the hearts and consciences of men which he represents. It would paralyze our arms and strengthen our enemies.

Nothing that Senator Chamberlain said about past mistakes or the President's alleged ignorance of the conditions justifies in the least degree his admitted distortion and denial of the truth in his public speech. Nothing that Col. Roosevelt charges of failure to prepare in time justifies his nagging and his plans of hampering interference with the one great leader upon whom we have placed the task of conducting the war.

The trouble with the Chamberlains and the Roosevelts is that they are thinking more of censure for the administration and self-justification than of helpful co-operation. If they succeed in creating in the public mind distrust of the President and in tying the administration's hands; if they stop war preparations by interference with the administration's work and the President's power and plans, they will defeat all the ends we seek. We will lose the war. Honest, helpful criticism and whole-souled support of the administration in its plans to win the war, including tolerance of occasional mistakes, is the sound rule for loyal Americans.

NEW AND OLD TRUST TRICKS.

A letter from L. D. W. Weld, manager of the commercial research department of Swift & Co., packers, lately protested against certain Post-Dispatch comment on new and astute policies of the Beef Trust. These policies were assumed to look to only moderate prices on staple meat products and to reserve typical trust practices for trade channels in which they were less likely to rouse public resentment—channels affecting such byproducts as hides, fertilizers, fats for soap makers, etc.

Mr. Weld denied that the high prices of these byproducts were due to arbitrary control by the packers. "In these allied industries the packers," he said, "are not in competition with each other, but they are in competition with many other manufacturers." He suggested that judgment should be reserved "until the Trades Commission has reported."

As a matter of fact, the editorial complained of was based on conditions made known by the Federal Trade Commission's inquiry. The full report of the commission has now been submitted to Congress. It seems at least to justify a strong presumption of price manipulation through monopoly control of byproducts. It shows that the five big packers which Mr. Weld admitted are not in competition with one another, the five including Swift & Co., stored 45 per cent more hides in 1916 and 1917 than in the previous year. The report says:

These five concerns (conceded to be non-competitive) are undoubtedly the chief factors in the hide market in the United States and Swift & Co. are among the important leather manufacturers.

The report has other things on which Mr. Weld might profitably turn the activities of his own department of research. It shows that the supply of hides has greatly increased, that though army and navy demands for shoes are larger, exports of shoes declined by 7,000,000 pairs, but that mercantile increases in prices were demanded under these conditions. It shows increases of from 75 to 100 per cent in the price of beef products, but

of a much less per cent in the prices paid for cattle since 1914. As compared with 1916, Swift & Co. paid 17 per cent more for cattle, but exacted 32 per cent more for hides. Packers' profits are flatly declared to be "excessive."

Taken in connection with efforts to put rivals out of business, a fairly strong case seems to be made out. The report should be followed by action. As the Post-Dispatch said on Dec. 31, rapacious practices should be dealt with under the drastic food control law and not under the more deliberate Sherman law.

"WHAT THE COMPANY WILL CONCEDE."
"This bill gives the city everything the company will concede," Consulting Engineer Smith is credited as saying at a meeting of the Public Service Board to consider the United Railways ordinance. "Their statement as to that was made in the conferences in the Mayor's office last summer," he added.

Acceptance of "What the company will concede" as the basis of the ordinance was the thing that first excited suspicion of the so-called "settlement" plan. It implied that the company had the mastery of the situation, whereas the reverse is true. The city's mastery is complete under late court decisions and the terms of the original franchise. City officials obediently promoting an ordinance on the basis of "what the company will concede" are placed in an unflattering light. Such a basis means an ordinance embodying terms considered essential to the success of a stock jobbing deal with huge stakes.

What the city is willing to concede is the only basis for the representatives of the city to consider in framing an ordinance. The city is not going to surrender that basis for dealing; it is not going to surrender the mastery, even if the referendum has to be invoked.

BRITISH LABOR'S ATTITUDE.

Early in the war one of the gravest difficulties that Great Britain had to contend with was the attitude of the labor unions. There were strikes in the coal districts of Wales and Cornwall, walk-outs in the shipyards and on the docks and the production of vitally necessary munitions was hampered to a degree that endangered the very life of the empire.

Labor's heart was right even at that time, but certain groups of unscrupulous and disgruntled politicians were using their influence with the workmen to discredit the men in power. The result was numerous Cabinet changes and prolonged mismanagement and delay in the conduct of the war.

Today organized labor of England has shaken off all political shackles. The workman has suffered more than any other class in England through the prolongation of the war and he has grown tired of the political squabbles that have interfered with its successful conduct. He now demands a rigid prosecution of the war with the aims outlined by President Wilson. He has made it plain that the politician must retire and make way for the fighter.

A few days ago a resolution condemning the Lloyd George Coalition Cabinet introduced by friends of Arthur Henderson, who retired from the Cabinet after a quarrel with the Premier, was defeated in a general labor convention by 1,800,000 votes to 700,000. There was a time when Henderson's word was law with labor, but that time passed when he aligned himself with the peace-at-any-price element.

British labor is not for peace at any price. It is for victory over military autocracy.

A CHANGE OF VIEW.

Slowly, but surely and insistently, the war aims enunciated by President Wilson are beginning to get a grip on the minds of the intelligent population of the Central Empires. Newspapers and public men who scoffed intolerantly at the American platform when it was first promulgated, calling it "imperialistic" and "impossible of acceptance or realization," are coming to a saner view. Austro-Hungarian thought, especially, is showing a decided leaning toward the Wilson plan of settlement, the change of front in the dual monarchy no doubt being superinduced by the growing terror of internal conditions. Such dyed-in-the-wool Hapsburg organs as the Vienna Fremdenblatt are beginning to see the light, and as for the Socialist and workmen's organs of Austria and Hungary, they are growing enthusiastic.

Even in Germany the shift of opinion is noticeable. The mere fact that Maximilian Harden is able to suggest that Alsace-Lorraine might be returned to France and yet escape being shot or imprisoned speaks volumes. Even the fearless editor of the Zukunft would not have gone that far two years or one year ago.

It would be foolish to expect that a great number of people in Germany at this time would be willing to give up the conquered provinces. It is important to know, though, that the President's war aims are receiving sane consideration.

FATAL INTERNAL INJURIES.

Of all the belligerents, the Turk is probably nearest the point of extinction. He is succumbing not to the offensive of the enemy's military forces so much as to his own inability to handle domestic affairs and to keep his house clean and in order. The Moslem is dying of panic and filth.

Official reports tell of thousands of deaths monthly from starvation, typhus and other scourges. All semblance of discipline is disappearing and even the iron-handed Von Falkenhayn has admitted in disgust that there is no possibility of reorganizing the Muslim forces.

Before the war the finances, sanitation and general well-being of the Turk were in the hands of the English, French and other Christian financiers and domestic affairs were kept in a fairly decent state. Since the war Germany has acted in loco parentis, but now that the Moslem has ceased to be of any great value to Berlin he has been utterly abandoned.

With all enlightened support gone, Turkey is wallowing in the mire of poverty and filth and starvation. Ever Pasha and the other looters in control of the Government have taken to themselves all of the available moneys in the empire and the country is financially prostrate. With Bagdad, Mecca and Jerusalem in the hands of the allies even the religious glamour of Mohammedanism is sadly dimmed.



THE GERMAN: I WIN, SEE!

JUST A MINUTE

Written for the POST-DISPATCH
by Clark McAdams



MR. ANTWINE'S OPINION.
R. SCHWAB assents to the general opinion that we are all to be Bolshevized, and beyond that the speculation does not much interest one." Mr. Antwine said.

"Not that Mr. Schwab is infallible or has any of the attributes of prophecy; but only because everybody is saying so—or that is everybody whose look-off is advantageous.

"It will, of course, seem a terrible thing to many of us that the workers should rule the world, as Mr. Schwab and all other minds of the first magnitude foresee; but it means, after all, nothing more than rule by the majority. No scheme of what Trotsky calls capitalism can prevent the workers from constituting a majority.

"It is to this rule all our political parties are pledged and all our aspirations addressed. What, then, have we to fear from it?"

"Does it mean that my two hired men will run my farm?" asked the squire.

"Not exactly," Mr. Antwine answered. "You three will run it, which is as it should be."

WE MEET PEACE.

"Ah, Peace!"

"Good morning, Just a Minute."

"How goes it?"

"Better, I think. I am not being ignored as much as I was."

"That is a good sign."

"I think so. It indicates that the wrath out of which the war came has been pretty well spent."

"I agree with you, Peace. Nobody much cared to discuss the terms upon which they might quit fighting until it became pretty plain that one side could not conquer the other."

"Exactly, my dear Just a Minute. The war, as I see it, has only passed into what might be termed the cooling stage, a condition in which, while everyone is still fighting as hard as he knows how, there is still a widespread desire to get out of it the best way possible."

"Quite so, Peace. It is a most promising spectacle."

"I am encouraged by it. I have seen some things as to the probable time it took the world to cool down after the war of 1870, but that are not cheering, but there is unquestionably a change."

"There is, truly. I am glad you have noticed it and are so well able to get comforting meaning out of it."

"That is very nice, Just a Minute. Good-by!"

"Good-by, Peace!"

A St. Louis hardware merchant recently included this item in a bill to one of his customers:

2 Try sell Patryes.....90c

PARIS.

When the Kaiser's armies crossed the Marne.

With their battle flags unfurled—
Bleeding and hoping, trusting and torn,
You were the heart of the world!
Riven, your breast lay asunder,
The prey of the Uhlans' lance;
And all through the flame and the thunder
You were the refuge of France!

Ten leagues from Napoleon they waited,
Devils rigged out in man shape—
Ten leagues from the Louvre they feted
The orgies of Belgium's rape!

Ten leagues from Versailles they tested
The rights on their brilliant tiers,
Ten leagues from the Seine Joffre bested
The god of their forty years!

Under the haze of your star-light,
Under your wonder-white day,
Gathering all of your war-might,
Facing all Hell in that fray,
You fought till your rivers ran gory,
Crushed back the degenerate Hun—
While Notre Dame pealed out your glory!
And the cause of the world was won!

IRVIN MATTICK.

HEADQUARTERS AMERICAN FORCES

IN FRANCE, June 27, 1921.

Hon. Emily Brown,

Secretary of War,

Washington, D. C.

Yesterday (Sunday evening) Capt. Ruth Fraser telephoned from the trenches that the Germans were coming over, and as she did not say what for, I naturally supposed they were coming over to spend the evening.

Luckily I had just made quite a lot of splendid fudge, so I told the other staff officers to dress up and be ready to entertain.

We got out the crokinole boards and tiddly-winks and some records for the graphophone.

One of the girls suggested that the Germans liked beer. Had we known in time we could have got some. Major Sophie Meyer, who came over with the Milwaukee contingent, drank the last two bottles we had Friday night. (But don't say anything about this for the papers.) Point out the tiddly-winks and crokinole stuff so that the mothers of America will know that their 6-foot 300-pound boys are not in the line of temptation. (Besides these Milwaukee girls are bound to have their beer.)

Now, what do you think happened? As our guests approached those stupid soldiers of ours fired on them, killed most of them and captured the rest.

Major Annie Spooner (fainted and Colonel Rose Inge wanted to resign and go home to her pa, but I asked her to stay for the ball. Surely war is different. I have the honor to be

Yours respectfully,

MILLIE JAMES,

Commander in Chief.

"What did you make of Col. Roosevelt's explanation of his appearance in Washington?"

"I took it to mean that he didn't go there what he went there for."

"It is a little difficult."

"Yes. You have to work at it."

The MIRROR OF PUBLIC OPINION

This column is designed to present without bias the latest comments on leading publicists, newspapers and public men on the questions of the day.

GOLD OR COAL?

From the Philadelphia Evening Public Ledger.

FIFTEEN MILLION persons in this country are shoveling coal every day, of whom 250,000 are in power plants and on railroads. At night they have converted 2,500,000 tons of coal into ashes. With these ashes are thrown away thousands of tons of coal, partly burned. Other thousands of tons have been wasted in careless burning, unnecessary heating of unoccupied places. In twelve months we have burned 600,000,000 tons. Of late we have increased our consumption of coal faster than it can be delivered; we are adequate—with sufficient fuel to produce what we need, but transportation is limited. During the last year the industry has used 40,000,000 tons more than the previous year; our output is 4,000,000; our railroads, 40,000,000; while other industries bring the total up to 100,000,000 tons. A single coal-mining plant alone takes the output of two large mines. Our own and our allies' constitute a new and big demand for fuel.

Coal has always been so abundant we have given little thought to saving it. We must manage some way to save at least 50,000,000 tons. The danger to your stove, furnace or heater is to win the war; a door in your asphalt chimney are all aiding the enemy. War strips, storm sash, ash sifters, and firing, a curtaining of coal fuel as much as possible are all instruments of first aid to the great cause. Every owner or manager of a plant using coal owes a lot. How long, Mr. Manager, since you inspected your boiler room, and do you know of your own knowledge what the utmost fuel economy exists there, not?

Simply Common Sense.

From the Philadelphia Public Ledger.

SCIENTIFIC advertising is one of the mightiest engines of the modern commercial world; the best and cheapest man the manufacturer can employ is an agency which creates markets and creates and guides the tastes of the public. It is, therefore, simple common sense for the Government to call to its aid the men who have made advertising a life study. The only wonder is that it has been used so sparingly and unavailingly in furthering the great task which the nation is now engaged in.

Verifying was the mainspring which the two Liberty Loan drives, the War Cross fund and membership movement, such conspicuous successes. And it is the judgment of those best qualified to judge that even in these recent months the engine was not used to the best advantage because the Government was not fully awake to its importance and acquainted with the methods of its utilization. By the creation of a "division of advertising" in connection with the committee on Public Information and the summons to service in that division of leading advertising experts of the Government has mobilized a force of tremendous importance, a force which without doubt bring home to the people everywhere a clearer understanding of needs and aims of those in authority, which will be a spur to practical patriotism and to effective co-operation of which it is impossible to overestimate.

Why Japan is Vigilant.
From the Japan Society Bulletin.

WHAT does Japan need with a war? What does she want? She is the most potent of efficiency? In the first place the "yellow peril," so called, which was originally started by William H. Chamberlain, who had his nightmare made a picture, is in America largely a fancy, but it is something more to Japan. It is a very real condition, not a dream. A nightmare comes from within, from an overloaded stomach, and a diseased brain. Nor, on the other hand, has the United States any grudge against Japan. More money has been paid to Americans in Japan, who began to begin by picking up dollars in the islands' empire 50 years before the United States came in any number of ships.

On a narrow strip of volcanic land fitted by nature to sustain 10,000,000, 16,000,000 people, and in total area as large as the State of Texas, 40,000 of Japanese must find a living, and nearly all mountains and hills are only one-third of the area can be cultivated. Japanese must work twice as hard as Americans to exist.

400,000,000 and untold potential wealth lying just across the narrow sea, Japan is not alone. No two peoples in all the world are more different, one from the other in body and mind, in age and in temperament and ideas, in method of historical evolution, than the Chinese and Japanese. What if China should be "made" have a common spoken language and then unite and arm?

The Japanese feel that they must not relax their vigilance for a day.

After showing the ambulance, we got in. The ambulance was lived up to its reputation. How the wounded evaded it was inexplicable. It was worse than riding a stage over a rocky road.

The driver of the ambulance was a corporal of the R. A. He had the "wind up" and was a revelation to be seen. While Atwell was sitting in the ambulance, with his legs back.

As we passed through a village through a mountain village, a soldier stopped us. He was very nervous and was shaking. He explained to him that we were not riding in a stage, but in a car. He wanted to know what we wanted.

From his conversation we learned that he had recently returned from England with a draft of men under fire, hence we were not to be afraid.

We convinced him that we were not much danger, and he was greatly relieved. When we at last got into the car, we were not each side there but in the middle, and we were not there were torn.

Stabbing Him in the Back—Rollin Kirby in the New York

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Stabbing Him in the Back—Rollin Kirby in the New York

Stabbing Him in the Back—Rollin Kirby in the New York

Stabbing Him in the Back—Rollin Kirby in the New York

WOMEN'S

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(The B)

B

Assigned How a

Marched Him at Before Error lance Wa

This is the seven Empey's book, "Over in the Daily Post-Dispatch every week day. The

CHAP

TWO days after the in answer to an tall a man whom for the Divisional Intell

Before leaving for the saying good-by to my me had clicked a cushy job to stay in the front line, obvious but still good-me they shouted after me:

"Good luck, Yank, your old mates."

I promised to do this. I reported at headquarters and passed the examination. Out of the four were selected.

I was highly elated because I thought, in for a cure at the base.

The next morning the division headquarters sent me to large towns in the lines with an easy job. When the officer told good men and had a creditable examination.

My tin hat began to bother me, and I noted the man Atwell by name, his chest out more than the officer continued to use your two men to stage in the front line. Orders and instructions, which gives you full authority. Report at the front.

The officer continued to use your two men to stage in the front line. Orders and instructions, which gives you full authority. Report at the front.

My heart dropped to my feet. I was a study, and left.

What a warning was the "sounded very ominous" if he had said "I wish swift and painless death have been more to the When we had read out the knew we were in for plans.

Naturally, It Was the "Grandma League" That Proposed a "Knitting Day"

HENDRICKS TRAILS SMITH TO SETTLE SALARY TROUBLES

Cardinal Manager Says Player Will Get \$300 Bonus if He Proves Claim.

WANTS HIM WITH CLUB

Believes He Can Reach Agreement With Outfielder in Personal Interview.

Jack Hendricks, manager of the Cardinals, took a hand in the Jack Smith imbroglio early today. Hendricks stated at noon that he had made an effort to keep Smith out of the club but that he has been unsuccessful. He will continue the search this afternoon, however, and Hendricks says he is willing to bet the tangle will be ironed out as soon as the two Jacks get together.

"If Jack Smith can show me where he is entitled to a bonus of \$300," said Hendricks, "he will get it. I'll assume responsibility for that statement, although I have not discussed the matter with Mr. Riskey. Smith has said Huggins promised him this money under certain conditions.

Prove Your Claim, Jack.

I don't know what these conditions were principally because Smith has never talked to me about it. But if the promise was made, and if he can prove it, he is entitled to it. I will give it to him gladly, too."

Hendricks deplores the attitude adopted by Smith. He prides himself on his ability to satisfy players in Smith's predicament and he feels sure Jack will not only come back to the Cardinals but will be a valuable asset to the team.

"I have a satisfactory salary. All Jack Hendricks wants is about 15 minutes of private conversation with me."

Smith claims he has received three distinct reductions in salary since the season closed. Several months ago, says Jack, he was offered a contract for \$3500. He declined to sign at that time. In a later conference with Riskey, he claims, Branch told him the best he could do was \$3000.

He Wants \$3500.

The player again refused to sign at this figure. Then, says Jack, he received his contract and it calls for approximately \$2500 for a season's work, which is precisely \$500 less than Smith thinks he is entitled to.

"I feel that this contract is an insult to my ability. I am simply asking a fair increase in salary over the salary of the players which I worked last year and I believe my record entitles me to this."

"The addition to Huggins and myself there are two other players on the club whom I know to be dissatisfied with the terms offered them for 1918. However, their battles are not mine. I will sign a contract tomorrow if I get what I have been advised I am entitled to."

"I am going to Los Angeles Saturday night. Whether I sign before I leave depends entirely upon Mr. Riskey."

The players referred to by Smith are believed to be Walton Cruise and Douglas Baird, although which of the two is correct is not known. Cruise is one of the players who is supposed to be demanding more money."

San Johnson Ill.

Sudden illness of San Johnson temporarily halted the work of drafting the major league schedules in Pittsburgh yesterday. However, the American League executive is not considered seriously ill and is expected to be able to resume the work today.

No Trouble Here.

Apparently the Giants aren't having much trouble over salary matters. Sixteen of the National League champions now have signed contracts for the coming season. Not one hold-out has been reported in McGraw's camp.

Kauf in Next Draft.

Benny Kauf has notified the New York club that he expects to be called in the next draft summons. He will not claim exemption, but says he will be glad to go when needed.

Benny McNeil Visitor

On Way to Little Rock

Benny McNeil, the Canadian boxer, was a visitor in St. Louis for a few hours yesterday. Benny is on his way to Little Rock, the winter Mecca of the pugilists, and is scheduled to meet Nate Jackson on next Wednesday night.

Jackson is the lad who was arrested with Kid Hagag, local bantam after the fourteenth round of their scheduled fight in Oklahoma City Wednesday night. According to a telegram from Eddie Randall, who accompanied Hagag on the Oklahoma trip, the boxers are out on bond. It is not known when they will be given a trial, nor what charges are lodged against them.

Last Night's Fights.

Chicago—"Bully" Friedman defeated Charles DeLoach in 15 rounds at Port St. Charles, Mo. Friedman, St. Paul, knocked out Young Benny, New Orleans, eighth of scheduled 15-round bout.

Rock Island, Ill.—Mike Dundee defeated Jimmy Ritchie, 15 rounds,

SPORT SALAD

To Bobby Quinn.

Q is for Quinn who's a bear at a trade.
U is for Up that old Pennantville grade.
I is for Ideas always on tap.
N is for Never say die in a scrap.
Now is the time to go to it, old chap.

Hughie Jennings has engaged "Wild" Fox Donovan to coach his pitching staff. Now all Hughie will have to get is a pitching staff to form an ideal combination.

Pretty Soft.

Said Donovan: "Excuse me while I laugh."

I've got a job particularly quaint. I'm going to coach the Tiger's pitching staff.

But how's a guy to coach a thing that ain't?

Dead Heat.

FORT WORTH, Tex., Jan. 25.—Otto Wallace of Milwaukee beat Bobby Waugh last night in 15 rounds.

(Signed) Otto Wallace.

FORT WORTH, Tex., Jan. 25.—Bobby Waugh beat Otto Wallace last night in 15 rounds.

(Signed) Bobby Waugh.

Another dead heat to the wire.

See where bald-headed men have escaped the draft. It was a hair-breadth escape.

Uncle Sam probably figured that a bald-headed man would easily catch cold in the draft.

However, any bald-headed man who would catch cold in the draft, would catch cold in the draft.

Cheer O!

Miller Huggins is greatly encouraged and thinks the chances of his team are so good that he is camping on the trail of the Yanks has been lost in the shuffle.

There hasn't been a broken leg or dislocated collarbone reported in the Yankee camp since October.

Johnny McGraw having shunted Buck Herzog to the Braves has nothing to worry about until the changes and chances of baseball bring Buck back into the Giant fold again.

It is reported that Dan Cupid has signed "Stuffy" McInnis to a long term contract containing no war or 10-day clause.

Looks like "Gumshoe Bill" is trying to gum the cards.

"Over the Top"

Continued From Preceding Page.

even near a dugout, this spy was blamed.

The rumor gained such strength that an order was issued for all troops to immediately place under arrest anyone answering to the description of the spy.

Atwell and I were on the qui vive. We constantly patrolled the trenches at night, and even in the day, but the spy always eluded us.

One day, while in a communication trench, we were horrified to see our Brigadier-General, Old Pepper, being brought down by a big private of the Royal Irish Rifles. The General was walking in front, and the private, with fixed bayonet, was following him in the rear.

We saluted as the General passed us. The Irishman had broad grin on his face, and we could scarcely believe our eyes—the General was under arrest. After passing a few feet beyond us, the General turned, and said in a wrathful voice to Atwell:

"Tell this d—n fool who I am. He's arrested me as a spy."

Atwell was speechless. The sentry butted in with:

"None of that gasin' out o' you. Back to headquarters you goes, Mr. Fritz. Open that face o' yours again an' I'll dent your napper with the butt o' me rifle."

The General's face was a sight to behold. He was boiling over with rage, but he shut up.

Poor Sentry Suffers.

Atwell tried to get in front of the sentry to explain to him that it really was the General he had under arrest, but the sentry threatened him with his bayonet through him, and would have done it, too. So Atwell stepped aside and remained silent. I was nearly bursting with suppressed laughter. One word, and I would have exploded. It is not exactly diplomatic to laugh at your General in such a predicament.

Like Mutt and Jeff.

Atwell was a good companion and very entertaining. He had an utter contempt for danger, but was not foolhardy. At a certain time he was a wonder. A cavalry regiment would have been proud of him. Though born in England, he had spent several years in New York. He was about six feet one, and as strong as an ox. I am five feet five in height, so we looked like "Bud" Fisher's "Mutt and Jeff" when together.

We took up our quarters in a large dugout of the Royal Engineers, and mapped out our future actions. This dugout was on the edge of a large cemetery, and several times at night in returning to it we got many a fall stumbling over the graves of English, French and Germans. Atwell on these occasions never indulged in swearing, thought at any other time, he would have been a full-time clown.

A certain section of our trenches was held by the Royal Irish Rifles. For several days a very strong rumor went the rounds that a German spy was in our midst. This spy was supposed to be dressed in the uniform of a British staff officer. Several stories had been told about an officer wearing a red band around his cap, who patrolled the front line and communication trenches asking suspicious questions as to location of batteries, machine-gun emplacements, and trench mortars. If a shell dropped in a battery, on a machine gun, or

MUNICIPAL LEAGUE TO DECIDE C. A. C. TANGLE ON FEB. 5

Basket Ball Committee Puts Case Up to Central Council Without Recommendation.

Keeping His Hand In.

Once a plasterer always a plasterer. Fred Fulton's brother George, alleges that Fred plastered him in the snout when he tried to collect an alleged debt of \$100.

Owing to the shortage of fuel there will be no more double-headers in the Hot Stove League.

Promoted.

See where George Siler is going to play first base for the All-American team. He will be promoted to second base.

Charley Weegman was re-elected president of the Cubs. He carried every ward in the city. Congratulations, George.

Hi Mason has been elected secretary of the Knot Hole gang. The Cardinals are gradually turning Brown.

An Accident.

President Riskey let his ax slip the other day and severed Herman Seckamp's connection with the Cardinals. Tough Luck!

A. A. U.'S OFFER TO HOLD EVENTS AT CANTONMENTS DECLINED BY RAYCROFT

NEW YORK, Jan. 25.—The offer of the Amateur Athletic Union to arrange divisional championships in cross-country running, boxing, and wrestling in the army cantonments throughout the country has been declined by the War Department, it was learned here today.

Dr. Joseph E. Raycroft, of the War Department Commission on Training Camp Activities, in a letter to Frederick E. Ruben, secretary-treasurer of the A. A. U., said it would be impracticable to accept the offer because it would tend to disrupt the system of athletic drill now being carried out at the camps.

ELLIS DEFEATS M'COURT.

Joseph Capron of Chicago trimmed John Layton of Detroit, 50 to 45, yesterday afternoon in the American Billiard Players' Ambulance fund 3-cushion tournament in Chicago and John Moore of Chicago defeated Clarence Jackson of Detroit 50 to 43 in the first evening game.

In the final game of the day, Charles Ellis of Milwaukee won from Charles M'Court of Cleveland, 50 to 36, in 45 innings.

Webster Five Is Winner.

The Webster High School team, county champions, added another victory last night when the Granite City High quintet was beaten, 37-16.

In the final game of the season, the Webster team, coached by Lincoln and E. Spencer, were the stars for the winners. The former scored five points, while the latter gave him a record of 60 points in the five contests his team has played. Spencer had six field goals and five foul throws to his credit. Miller scored 14 of the 16 points for Granite City, 10 of them coming on free throws.

Leaders Have Easy Games.

The Columbus A. C. and Alpen Braun, tied for the lead in Division A and the Missouri I. A. pacemakers in Division B, have easy games in tonight's round of the Municipal League. The Tangled C plays the Kenricks, while the Braun battle the Missouri Council five at the C. A. C.

The M. A. A. meets the Wagners at the Cent of its kind from a Weekes and Y. M. C. A. fighting it out in the other battle.

Lafayette Gains Victory.

Scoring three points in the last three minutes of play, gave Lafayette Park an 18-15 victory over Mount Auburn in the feature game of the Sunday School League at the Y. M. C. A. last night. Yenny starred for the winners. In the other contest, Trinity M. T. trounced Victor Mission, 36-23.

Trinity Wins Another.

The Trinity Reserves landed their eleventh straight victory last night winning from Christ Church Cathedral, 21-11, on the latter's floor. Lloyd Rosenberg of the winners were the stars.

Great Lakes and Funston Basket Game Called Off

Guarantee of \$300 for Each Team Not Justified by Receipts of Previous Contests Here.

An endeavor to match the Great Lakes Naval Training Station and the Camp Funston basketball ball games in a game here Feb. 2 has fallen through for want of a \$300 guarantee for each team.

The teams were both willing to appear on the date mentioned, but investigation of the amount of money taken in at local basketball games in the past revealed that in the memory of the oldest inhabitant no five here had ever drawn as much as \$250 at the gate.

Plans were abandoned when it was learned that the schedules of the eleven would not bring them to St. Louis simultaneously to fill other expected local engagements—one in which a heavy expense might have been avoided.

St. Louis boys are on both sides. The Great Lakes squad is especially strong, consisting of the following men: Jimmy Conselman, formerly of Washington University; Hallas and Felmley, Illinois University letter men; Peppard of Michigan Aggies, Bill Allen of Bradley Tech and U. of T. Leavenworth of Olivet College and Convey of Detroit Y. M. C. A.

Cardinal Idea to Cost Club \$5000 This Year.

According to Branch Riskey, 37,000 boys were admitted to championship games played on the home grounds by the Cardinals last season. It had been planned to still further increase the membership this season.

The boys occupied seats in the 50-cent covered stand and for each admission a certain number—equivalent to the average pass list at other parks—a charge of 15¢ cents for each boy was paid to visiting clubs.

On a basis of last year's attendance of 37,000 boys, the Cardinal Idea would cost the club over \$5000.

The Executive Committee of the Municipal Basketball League played a "hands off" policy in the wrangle between the Columbian Athletic Club and the Western District of the A. A. U. at its meeting held last night. The matter was referred to the Central Council of the Municipal Association without any recommendation.

Just what action will now be taken will not be known until Tuesday, Feb. 5, when the Central Council holds its regular meeting.

While nothing was done concerning the Tangled C snarl, tentative plans for the windup of the basketball circuit were made yesterday morning. The final contests will be staged on Feb. 7. Negotiations have been opened with Kansas City with the view of bringing the championship winner of that city here for two games while there also is a chance that the quintet will go to Camp Funston for a contest with the soldiers.

An invitation has been received from the Funston authorities throughout the country has been declined by the War Department, it was learned here today.

Efforts will be made to obtain the Grover Cleveland High gymnasium in which to play the final games of the city championship series. This is the only hall available that will accommodate any kind of a crowd. Last season the finals were staged at Central X. C. and many persons were unable to witness the battles.

Billkens Play Rolla Five.

The St. Louis University basketball team departed at noon today for Rolla, Mo., where the Rolla Miners will be played in a two-game series tonight and tomorrow. To date the Billkens have played only one contest that resulting in a victory over McKendree College last Saturday.

The men taken on the trip by Coach Fischer were the following: Elmer, Hanzel, Cohnmeyer, Herman, Eads, Stille, Cotter, Seymour, Donovan and Cantwell. Delthelm and Higgins, two regulars who miss the games, the former owing to an injury and the latter because of scholastic difficulties.

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The teams were both willing to appear on the date mentioned, but investigation of the amount of money taken in at local basketball games in the past revealed that in the memory of the oldest inhabitant no five here had ever drawn as much as \$250 at the gate.

Plans were abandoned when it was learned that the schedules of the eleven would not bring them to St. Louis simultaneously to fill other expected local engagements—one in which a heavy expense might have been avoided.

St. Louis boys are on both sides. The Great Lakes squad is especially strong, consisting of the following men: Jimmy Conselman, formerly of Washington University; Hallas and Felmley, Illinois University letter men; Peppard of Michigan Aggies, Bill Allen of Bradley Tech and U. of T. Leavenworth of Olivet College and Convey of Detroit Y. M. C. A.

BOWLING GAME IS MAKING BIG GAINS DESPITE THE WAR

City Tournament Entry List Shows an Increase of 32 Teams Over Last Season.

That the bowling game, at least as far as St. Louis is concerned, is becoming more popular each season is shown by the list of entries for the city scratch tournament, which opens on the Congress Alleys tomorrow night. Last season, when this event was staged, just 48 quintets were entered. This year, however, there are 90, an increase of 32 teams.

And this despite the fact that the war has taken many of the younger tennipners away from the city.

According to Dennis Sweeney, secretary of the local association, St. Louis is the only city in the country that can show an increase of this kind over previous campaigns.

But Sweeney has a reason for this, stating that the weaker teams in St. Louis hold back for the handicap tournament, in which they receive so many pins per game, figuring they have a better chance of noising out the stronger quintets.

And this is one of the reasons why local pinpointers have been unable to make a better showing in American Bowling Congress and other large tournaments. More scratch competition would be a lot better for the tennipners. But there are many who are unable to see it the same way.

Special Match Today.

The first half of the mixed doubles special match between Otto Stein Jr. and Mrs. J. Carroll, recent winner of the women's individual championship, against C. P. Ritter and Mrs. M. Kelly Jr. will be bowled this afternoon on the Washington alleys. The clash is for 10 games, total pins to count, with the second five to be rolled at Byrne's on a date to be decided upon after today's games.

ALEXANDER NOT TO PLAY UNLESS HE GETS SLICE OF THE PURCHASE MONEY.

OMAHA, Neb., Jan. 25.—Grover Alexander, star pitcher, recently purchased by the Cubs from the Phillies, admitted yesterday that he had informed President Weegman that he would play for the Cubs unless he received a part of the purchase money.

Alexander contends that he originally cost the Phillies only \$750, that he served faithfully, and that he thought he was entitled to a slice of the money the club received for his contract.

Weegman, according to Alexander, referred him to William Baker, president of the Phillies.

It is understood that Alexander wants \$10,000.

1073 MEMBERS OF JOPLIN CLUB NOW IN SERVICE

JOPLIN, MO., Jan. 25.—Jimmie Bronson, president of the Southwest Athletic Club, has ordered a service flag made for each one of which the club members are serving in the army.

Indicating the number of men, members of the club, who have been called to the colors. Many of the men are "over there," while hundreds are being trained in the cantonments in this country.

Several of those serving in high positions. Col. W. A. Raupp of Pierce City, former commander of the old Second Missouri regiment, is a member of the club.

Bronson's service flag, which is to be raised at the Empire theater, the home of the club, it is believed, will be the largest of its kind from an athletic organization in the nation.

A massive shield, bearing the names of the men in the service, is being constructed to go with the flag.

The total membership of the club is 5,076, according to Bronson, so that the shield is greater than one-fifth of the entire organization.

CADDOCK WILL WRESTLE WITH CAMP DODGE TEAM

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Jan. 25.—names of the men who will represent Camp Dodge in the boxing and wrestling events of the athletic and military carnival between Camp Dodge and Camp Funston here tomorrow night were announced yesterday by Lieut. Gus Graham. There will be four 3-minute boxing bouts and three wrestling matches, the latter to go 15 minutes. A decision in no falls are obtained before.

The Camp Dodge entries will be: Boxing—135 pounds, Private Lohr, 337th Machine Gun Battalion; 145 pounds—Sergeant Roach, 337th Machine Gun Battalion; 160 pounds—Private Kittle, 449th Infantry; 175 pounds—Sergeant Anderson, Military Police.

Wrestling—135 pounds, Private Sudler, 337th Machine Gun Battalion; 160 pounds—Private Carlson, 349th Ambulance Company; Heavyweight Private Earl Cadock, Headquarters Company, claimant heavy weight wrestling championship of the world.

ROOD DEFEATS RITTER IN INDIVIDUAL EVENT

Harry Rood, last season's winner in the Greater St. Louis individual bowling tournament, remained withing in the Lou Krwinghaus, the present leader, when he defeated C. P. Ritter in six of the seven games rolled at Peterson's last night. Rood has an average of 200 17, which is the second best of the event. Krwinghaus now has 75 points against Rood.

The double century average for Rood last night put him in the lead for the high average medal, he owning 184.27 against 122.11 for Krwinghaus. This pair will meet next week in the match that will decide the championship.

FARRAR BEATS ALLEN.

Elmer Farrar, Ararat entry in the City Three-Cushion League, retained his clean slate and went into a tie with Johnny Simon of the Rex for first place in night when he defeated C. A. Allen, at the Grand 50 to 44. Farrar shot great billiards, having 7 for a high run. Allen also played a star game but could not overtake the West End star. Hellmich of Peterson's plays Sperry at the Maryland tonight.

War Tax on 40,000 Boys May Break Up the "Knothole Gang"

National League's Refusal to Remit 12 1/2-Cent Charge for Each "Kiddie" Another Factor Which May Interfere With "Cardinal Idea" This Year.

By John E. Wray.

BRANCH RICKNEY and the stockholders of the Cardinals will have to pay dearly for their whistle, this year. That is to say, if the Cardinal Idea involving the free entertainment of the Knothole Gang at all National League ball games, is carried through as it was last year, the club will have to put up real money for war taxes.

Thus far no abatement of this charge has been obtained by the club authorities on the part of the Government officials. Occupying the 50-cent seats, therefore, the boys admitted free would involve a war tax of 5 cents per head. The club had expected to care for an average of about 500 boys per game, or a total of close to 40,000 annually. At 5 cents each this means a total expense of \$2000.

It is possible that the other clubs will again insist on levying the usual tax of 12 1/2 cents for each member of the Knotholes, which would greatly increase the cost of the Cardinal Idea. In fact, it would amount to \$5000 approximately.

Thus the Knothole Gang might become a real liability next season.

Branch Riskey took up this point last year in the hope of having it remedied. He wanted to be credited with a certain number of free admissions for these boys, in as much as his club was the only one in the National League which issued practically no passes.

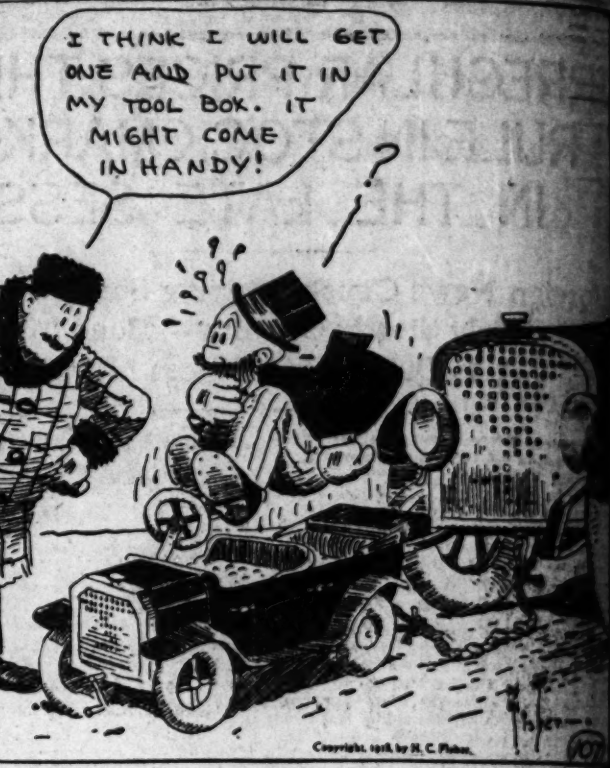
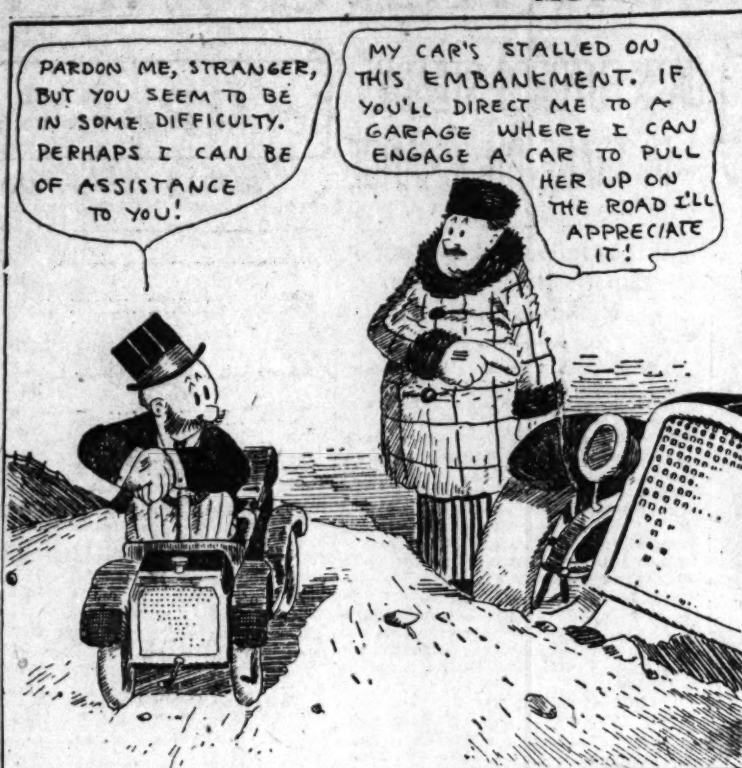
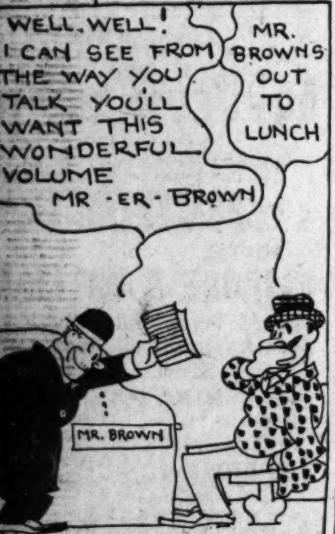
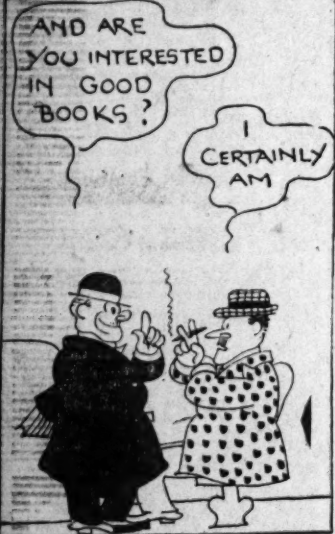
Riskey wanted the average daily pass list of the clubs deducted from his Knothole Gang attendance. Above that the club was willing to pay. He now wants the Knothole Gang charges remitted.

Under an administration so many passes went into the St. Louis National League boxes that the clubs entered an alarmed protest. In one instance it was discovered that a single individual was not a member, but on one day he wrote out and handed out 20 passes.

MUTT AND JEFF--WELL THE OTHER FELLOW HAD A GOOD CAR, TOO!--BY BUD FISHER

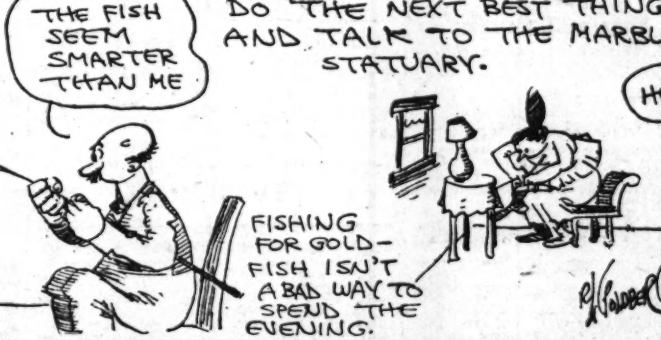
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O. U. BRAGGER
By LEMEN.



HOW CAN A MAN SPEND HIS EVENINGS WHEN HIS WIFE IS BUSY KNITTING?--BY GOLDBERG

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"SAY, POP!"--DESPERATE AMBROSE IS A NIFTY APOLOGIZER--BY PAYNE



VOLUNTEER VIC

By LEMEN

PENNY ANTE: The Fellow Who Phones Home

By Jean Knott



Circulation
The circulation of the
Daily Magazine was
over 100,000 copies
in the first week of
the year. The
circulation books open to
show the figures.

VOL. 70. NO. 156

BIG BARGE FI
AT NEWARK
SUBMARINE

German Spies Sus
Having Set \$1
Blaze That D
Boats, Warehou
Freight Cars--17
Are Detained.

Flames Discovered
diers Patrolling W
Sergeant of Gun
He Was Shot at
Who Escaped.

Destruction Follow
ing Received by M
reau Last Week
eral Sabotage Pl

NEWARK, N. J., Jan.
25.--More than a mill
ion worth of property was d
estroyed by a fire believed to
be the work of German spies, which
broke out in a pier, where
oil barges, a pier, war
freight cars on Newark
the plant of the Subma
Corporation and stores
Quartermaster's Depart
ment.

The blaze was discov
ered by a patrolman who
was running away from the
pier when the fire broke out.
He tried to stop him a sh
ot and a bullet went thro
ugh the Sergeant in com
mand. The man who
escaped.

Frozen Channel Dye
As ice conditions pre
vented barges being moved
from the pier, dynamite was
used to blow up the pier,
the spread of the flames
burning barges and set
ting off docks had been
the fire followed in
information obtained by
Intelligence Bureau last
weekend German
American piers and ship
of the flames to adjoi
among them buildings
the Submarine Boat
shipyard, is believed
prevented through prec
upon the receipt of the
Chairman. Harker, of
Board inspected the pi
and ordered additional
tection.

The barges were lash
ed on dock which was bel
quartermaster's depart
ment, and in order to
dynamited the dock to
spread of flames. The
boat corporation's fire
realizing that the fire
beyond its control, a
Newark fire departme
was used to blast a
ice in order that New
could reach the barges.

More than 40 guard
diers are engaged in
terminals and boat-bo
where thousands of war
played. While the fire
over the soldiers out
zone and kept shooting
the air to prevent any
proaching the blaze.

Three women and 10
barges when the fire
they have been round
military guard and pi
entation. No lives ap
been lost.

Draftsmen Is As
A man who said he
Evans was arrested
headquarters. Evans
been employed as a l
termaster's store near
the fire but had been
day. A blue print of
found in his possession
was a mechanical dra
Sergeant Mack Mc
of the soldier guard,
the fire started he w
from the barges at on
house where he app
roof. McCabe climb
as his head appeared
guter a shot was fire
can't's hat was sent
ground. The man
darkness.

Officials of the E
Corporation said the
confined to several
one end of the mile-l
portion of the docks
said, was to be used
out piers" for install
and machinery in new
but could be restor
ships now under con
Submarine Boat Cor
are ready to be fitted.

Federal Agents Invest
Near Baltimore
BALTIMORE, Md.
A. P.)--Department
agents today were in
cause of the fire in
entailed a heavy loss
Continued on Page